# DRUG&CHEMICAL MARKETS

Established 1914

A Weekly Business Paper and Prices Current on Chemicals, Drugs, Colors, and Aromatics

VOLUME XIV

NEW YORK, FEBRUARY 27, 1924

NUMBER 9

# Calco and Dimethylaniline

USED separately, each of these words is a name of decided importance in the fields of coal-tar chemistry; together, they designate a product with which every consumer of dimethylaniline should be familiar.

Together, as Calco Dimethylaniline, they describe an important intermediate that has been developed by long and careful research and is being produced on a large scale with strict adherence to the most exacting manufacturing operations. That the quality of Calco Dimethylaniline has been recognized by dyestuff consumers is evidenced by the successful development of the basic colors in which it is used. The merit of Calco Dimethylaniline can be proven to you by the results of a trial in your own factory. Isn't it worth your time to investigate this?

We are ready to co-operate fully and invite your inquiries on this product.

# THE CALCO CHEMICAL COMPANY

Bound Brook, N. J.

New York Boston



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# **Qumarin lonsanto** THAT delicacy—that characteristic odor—that true flavor so much desired in aromatics and flavors, is only obtained by long plant experience, where manufacturing details have been perfected. COUMARIN-MONSANTO Vanillin-Monsanto have these qualities. Their aroma and true flavor invariably command the preference of the discriminating consumer. May we receive your inquiries covering your immediate or future requirements of Coumarin ·Vanillin · Methyl Salicylate Monsanto Chemical Works NEW YORK CHICAGO

# Dow Acetyl Salicylic Acid

Granulation, 10% Starch

For Direct Feeding to Tablet Machines

#### DOW SALICYLATES

Acetyl Salicylic Acid, N. N. R.
Acetyl Salicylic Acid
Granulation, 10% Starch
Salicylic Acid, U. S. P.
Sodium Salicylate, U. S. P.
Salol, U. S. P.
Methyl Salicylate, U. S. P.
Strontium Salicylate, U. S. P.
Ammonium Salicylate, U. S. P.

This Dow Product needs no further preparation. It is already used and endorsed by several large pharmaceutical manufacturers. We offer this product to the trade in general and recommend it for the many advantages it has over plain Acetyl Salicylic Acid, some of which are: saving in time and overhead, better finished tablets, and permanency, that is, no deterioration on account of making a moist granulation.

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Granulation, 10% Starch

A representative sample will be mailed to you upon application and your orders for spot shipment or on contract are solicited for the new product as well as other Dow Salicylates.

This product illustrates the increasing good service rendered by DOW.

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Magnesium Salicylate

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40 Rector Street

New York, N. Y.



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VOLUME XIV

NUMBER 9

### The Week in Brief

News

Chesebrough Mfg. Co. will declare 100 per cent stock dividend when stockholders approve a new issue.

Government officials threaten to withdraw the privilege allowed importers of crude drugs to reclean consignments that do not meet the standard required.

Surveys of business conditions made by Government departments, banks and commercial agencies show improvement in basic industries.

Tariff Commission finds difficulty in obtaining production costs on chemical products, on which a change in the tariff rate is sought under the flexible tariff provisions.

A decree for \$1,700,000 has been entered in favor of the Government in the suit to recover the value of the Old Hickory Powder Plant property near Nashville, Tenn. The settlement does not affect the indictments for fraud against United States officials and others who engineered the sale.

#### Markets

Arsenic easier in view of the recent lack of demand and desire to move stocks. Metal derivatives stronger as tin, lead and copper prices advance. Bleaching powder and chlorine firm at the recent advance.

Higher prices for benzol and toluol are expected owing to active demand and continued strength in gasoline market. Imported phenol expected to relieve the present scarcity of phenol.

Further advances are expected in olive oil. Linseed oil demand has been gaining and prices are stronger. Stearic acid moving well. Tallow market stronger on small stocks.

Essential oils show strength especially for shipment. Oil peppermint is higher on spot. Oil Bourbon geranium has advanced 10 per cent for shipment.

The crude drug market has developed additional scarcities, and prices on these items have advanced.

Fine chemicals are generally quiet, although citric and tartaric acids appear to have been in heavy demand from consuming quarters.

# ATHESON Chemicals

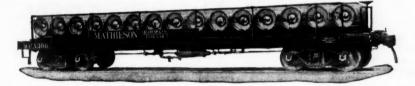
# Can You Read Between the Lines?

THE Mathieson Multi-Unit Chlorine Tank Car has been approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Our specially designed car carrying fifteen one-ton containers of Liquid Chlorine, instead of a single fifteen-ton tank, is now entitled to the same freight rates and privileges as other tank cars.

To the Pulp and Paper Industry, the Petroleum Refining Industry and other large consumers of Liquid Chlorine this decision means official approval of a tank car construction ideally adapted to the safe, economical and convenient use of this commodity. The Multi-Unit Car with its individually-weighed containers of exactly two thousand pounds net, provides an accurate unit measure for preparing uniform bleach liquor. In checking and stock-taking there is never any uncertainty as to the quantity of Liquid Chlorine received or on hand.

Over two years ago we voluntarily went to the expense of designing and placing in service the Multi-Unit Tank Car. Upon refusal of the railroad companies to allow us tank car rates, we appealed to the Interstate Commerce Commission for removal of this discrimination, and continued making shipments in our special car. We have assumed all excess freight charges on every movement of this car and during the past two years have paid out over two hundred thousand dollars in order that consumers and the general public might enjoy the many advantages realized in this type of equipment. The recent ruling of the Commission awards us full reparations with interest and completely vindicates our faith in the Multi-Unit "Safety First" principle.

To those who will read between the lines, the story of the Mathieson Multi-Unit Tank Car will exemplify the sound, constructive policy that has made us the leaders in the Chlorine Industry.



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HYDROCARBON OIL

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CHIPPED NAPHTHALENE Particularly high melting point for Dyestuffs Manufacture]

The Barrell Company

40 Rector Street



New York, N.Y.

# DRUG&CHEMICAL MARKETS

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VOLUME XIV

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#### SIGNS OF BETTER BUSINESS

Business showed signs of improvement during the first week in February, especially in car loadings of merchandise freight which increased by more than 10,000 cars over the preceding week. Generally considered a fair indication of business conditions in different sections of the country, the merchandise loadings indicate much larger shipments this year than in February, 1923, there being an increase of 19,500 cars during the first week of February over the corresponding period last year. Loadings of miscellaneous freight also increased, and the record for this year is unprecedented. In the Central Western district only was a decrease in total freight car loadings of all commodities reported. This was due to decreases in ore loadings and coke loadings which are usually large in this district. Traffic for 1923 as a whole broke all records for freight handled, but in December there was less business than in the corresponding month of 1922. Now shipments are again on the increase.

An upward turn in the iron and steel industry was evident during December and January, and unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corp. increased in December for the first time in nine Automobile plants are preparing for increased business in 1924. Rubber tire makers report enlarged production with a decrease in stocks to the lowest point since January, 1922. Definite improvement is seen in the hide, leather and shoe markets. The paper trade has gradually improved and exports of paper and paper products increased in value by approximately \$1,500,000 over 1922, although the quantities exported were less in 1923. The demand for plate glass from builders and automobile manufacturers during 1923 taxed the producers to capacity and imports were heavier than they have ever been.

In all these consuming industries there are signs of better business which is certain to be reflected in the chemical markets this Spring. Many consumers had stock on hand which they used while awaiting more positive evidence of better conditions; and others have been buying in small lots pending the taking of inventories. With favorable reports from the Federal Reserve Board, the Department of Commerce, and commercial agencies renewed confidence is felt in the outlook. The railroads reflect the increasing activity as well as the bank loans for commercial purposes.

These facts have so impressed members of President Coolidge's Cabinet that the matter has been drawn to his attention and a public announcement

says that the President let it be known that in his opinion the country is in a healthy condition, that there is no unemployment and that everything manufactured is finding a ready market.

#### THE OXALIC ACID MARKET

Prices for oxalic acid have reached the point where there is nothing in the business for American manufacturers, of whom there are two, and for foreign producers who desire to sell their goods in this market. One American maker retired from the field about six months ago, unable to continue in business on the present price scale. At eleven cents, the biggest American producer admits that he is losing money, but also states that he is in the business to stay and will continue to produce at capacity. His expressed desire is that the low price of oxalic,-not compared to pre-war, but compared to present cost of labor and materialswould induce a marked increase in its consumption. By winning back some consumers who took to substitutes during the war-days of high oxalic prices, a big tonnage with a narrow profit margin may be worked out.

At eleven cents, foreign goods do not seem able to compete in the United States. With perhaps a 6½c price in the interior of Germany, a cent in freight, insurance, and storage, and a four cent duty, the laid down price in America is about 11½c. This, of course, may represent the figures or may not, for, with an appeal before the Tariff Commission for a two cent duty in behalf of foreign producers, the truth would not likely come out if actual costs in Europe were under 6c per pound. As against foreign costs, something in excess of 12c is the estimated cost in this country.

The position of the oxalic buyer to-day is apparently quite safe and certain. The American makers have dipped prices under those of holders of imported stocks and except for occasional concessions to special customers by always-ready cutters, the price appears likely of better stabilization. Of course, odd lots are likely to come on the market occasionally and make the situation uncertain—that is, make it appear weak when in reality this might not be the case. The fact that the American producers now apparently control the situation seems to point to stability. At the same time, the consumer who believes that he can buy any chemical or other raw material under production cost over a long period of time, must eventually be dis-

illusioned. A fair price with a fair profit to the manufacturer must come in time, be it in oxalic acid or a pair of shoes, and in reality, this is the condition which always best serves the consumers' interests in the long run.

#### TRUE VALUE OF RESEARCH

The chemical laboratory of a large merchandising company in Chicago has been abolished, practically, and the company is dependent again upon the salesmen of the manufacturers of merchandise and no longer will attempt to check up by chemical analyses the statements made by representatives or in printed matter. Commenting on the change, the "Chemical Bulletin," published by the Chicago Section of the American Chemical Society says:

"Such a step seems particularly deplorable in view of the rapidly increasing appreciation by many concerns of the value of a chemical laboratory in actual dollars and cents. An illustration of what a corporation, either alone or in cooperation with its competitors, can do with a chemical staff, is to be found in the plan carried out by the American Institute of Baking; not only does the Institute maintain a general laboratory whose findings are eagerly made use of by the supporting baking concerns, but many of these concerns have placed their technical control in the hands of chemists of their own. In times of industrial depression we may perhaps understand why a group of men who have invested their money in a business may be sorely tempted to take the risk of curtailing research and control work, dangerous as such a policy may be; but to dispense with a valuable adjunct of the business when the dividend envelopes are fat and satisfying, appears not only dangerous, but foolhardy."

Perhaps the laboratory in question found the statements of salesmen so truthful that the chemical tests proved unnecessary. It is seldom that established institutions that have built up reputations by producing reliable goods misrepresent them in the printed matter sent out, nowadays. False statements in advertising are not numerous now that publishers have set their faces against printing misleading announcements. Even brokers who handle questionable goods have learned that it is not safe to make false claims, especially in states where a jail sentence is the penalty. The "Chemical Bulletin" is right when it speaks of the value of research and there is no doubt that manufacturers of products in which chemicals are used are tending more and more toward the ideal method of placing chemists in control of production to see that the conditions of manufacture are right and the materials pure.

Increased imports of certain colors in January has only one significance—greater consumption of these dyes by the textile industry, over and above the domestic production. The situation indicates that the dye industry in this country has room to expand in many directions where markets are ready to absorb further output. The U. S. Tariff Commission reports that only two dyes in a selected

list were made in the United States in 1914, whereas today more than thirty of these colors are now manufactured here.

"Off again, on again, Flannigan" applies now to the German-British dye agreement. After various statements to the effect that the announcement was premature, that the British Board of Trade had not agreed to it and that the Germans considered it all arranged to the satisfaction of the German Dye Cartel, comes another story that it is all off, never to be taken up again. Is this a ruse to quiet the opposition in England? Only time and Dr. Duisberg can tell.

#### Many Men: Many Minds

Approximately \$75,000,000 has been saved to the American people by the campaign started in this country to offset the plans of the British rubber interests to advance the price of crude rubber through curtailment of production, says Harvey S. Firestone, Akron tire manufacturer. As a result of his efforts field parties were sent to the Philippines, the Amazon Valley, Central America and the Far East. "The results of the various activities are very gratifying," said Firestone today. "We now realize the fact more than ever that our efforts were well worth while. Figuring the tonnage of rubber imported in 1923 at the price paid, compared with the price ruling before our campaign caused the drop, we find that the people of America saved fully \$75,000,000 in one year."

Commenting editorially on the German-British dye agreement, the New York "Journal of Commerce" says: "Traders and independent manufacturers (in England) are greatly alarmed over the prospect and are registering formal protests. They fear that the arrangement may result in a monopoly not only of the importing business but also of the domestic manufacture and distribution of dyes. Such fears are a tribute to German technical skill which will be placed at the disposal of the British Dyestuffs Corp., for it is admitted that the British concerns cannot make dyes as cheaply as the Germans can and that some colors cannot be obtained at all."

"The responsibilities of a manufacturer go further than the mere sale of his products to wholesalers and retailers. The welfare of a manufacturer requires the elimination of trade friction. If some retailers, by means of special discounts, are able to force the small dealers to sell at less than a fair profit, the harmony of the distribution system is disrupted and the manufacturer ultimately suffers. If the present tendency of unfair competition continues to grow, the present system of distribution of trade-marked articles will totter and fall," says, G. B. Moxley, president of National Wholesale Druggists' Association.

Melvin A. Taylor, president, First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, expresses fear of over-expansion of business. He says the building industry and railroad development are evidences of it. There is no justification, he says, for continuing the building program at the rate it has been going for eighteen months. Rents remain high but there are vacant apartments in Chicago. The railroads have been buying equipment, and the tonnage of a million cars a week has been incentive to the purchases, but borrowing money on the assumption that the tonnage will be further increased may lead to trouble and perhaps to disaster.

# Who Always Pays the Import Freight?

An Interview With Percy C. Magnus Brings Forth Some Plain-Spoken Advice to All Buyers of Essential Oils and Crude Drugs from the Head of Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc.



L VERY buyer wants, naturally enough, to buy at the lowest possible cost. Every seller wants to sell at a good profit. And Socrates certainly spoke a fundamental truth when he said that "nobody else can feel much pain over my toothache." Nevertheless it is not less true that no business transaction can be successful which is not profitable to both buyer and seller. I do not expect the consumers of essential oils, crude drugs, and like products to lose sleep over the troubles of the importers of these products. But I do know that the conditions under which the importers have to do business have direct bearing upon the cost of these raw materials. A little better understanding on both sides would be mighty profitable to all concerned.

#### What the Buyer Expects

Consumers look to the importers for three things. First, there must be adequate stocks on hand in this country to take care of manufacturing requirements. It is the importer's business to maintain these stocks. Second, the buyers look to importers to maintain certain standards of quality which trade custom or the law holds to be standard. The success of the importer in his business depends very vitally upon the upholding of these standards. Third, the purchaser looks to the importer for advice and information on market conditions. Obviously, the importer is in a position to render this delicate and complicated service, and it is good business for him to do so.

Performing this threefold function gives the importer of these products, which come from every quarter of the globe, a unique place in American business. His work is necessary; but—and this is often misunderstood—he must do his work under peculiar conditions which make his whole business policy different from that of the manufacturer, or the jobber, or the broker.

#### Maintaining Stocks

The importer is expected to maintain stocks. This means that he must buy ahead of actual consuming demand. He must, moreover, buy in far distant markets. He must pay for these goods when he takes them in—sometimes sixty days before they arrive in this country—and after stocking them he must sell them, often extending considerable time credits.

The market for almost all these natural products fluctuates sharply. The price in New York today is subjected to many, many influences, most of which are entirely beyond the control of the importer. Weather conditions in India affect a crop. The exchange value of the pound, the franc, the lire, even the vanishing mark must always be reckoned with. A revolution in Cen-

tral America or a bandit raid in North China changes the price. The reliability of a shipper in Java; the funds in the banks at Marseilles; credit conditions in Spain; a plague in the Straits Settlements; all of these and many other outside factors affect market conditions. These may seem fanciful examples, but they are all things which to our knowledge have been directly reflected in the prices of various products which we handle. The importer must buy stocks today for future delivery and still more future sale and yet he must discount all of these factors. The very foundation upon which his business is built is a highly speculative one.

#### Upholding Quality Goods

It is an axiom throughout these trades that if an importer is not willing to put his whole business in jeopardy he must maintain trade standards of quality. However severe the price competition, he dare not let the goods that go out under his name fall below those standards. If the buyer is not going to put the quality of his own wares in jeopardy he, on his side, dare not go into the byeways of the trade to pick up too-tempting bargains, else he will surely get goods below standard.

Some goods are famous for sophistication—or rather, infamous for it. The reputations of certain shipping ports are not very savory. Let us mention no names, for the buyers have learned to beware. In all cases the best protection of the buyer is the reputation of the seller.

#### Advising the Purchaser

Authentic and current information from primary markets is difficult to obtain. Nevertheless, it has naturally devolved upon importers to advise buyers of market conditions. Quite as naturally buyers take such advice with sometimes more than a grain of salt. Fuller and franker understanding and better confidence would be beneficial. The importer is certainly not infallible; but he is usually sincere in his suggestions, for he appreciates well that if his customers do not profit out of their purchases from him, they will get their supplies elsewhere. Last spring, and again last fall, consumers were advised that vanilla was going higher. Few heeded this advice. There were numerous warnings of the debacle in citronella oil last fall. The olive oil situation has been forecast. I know men who buy and sell stocks and bonds on the advice of reputable brokers, and who have found by bitter experience that it is wisest not to be guided by every Wall Street rumor and every wildcat selling circular that comes to their desk; but who completely reverse this system when buying essential

It is a chancy and costly business to bring these pro-

ducts to the market; to maintain stocks here; to keep up quality standards in a price competitive market; to serve buyers with expert market information. It requires trained experience, connections all over the world, considerable capital investment. Many other costs over and above the price quoted in primary markets must be covered before the importer begins even to make a fair profit. These costs are increased by the buyer who shops sharply among the byeways of the trade. These costs can best be cut down by direct dealing with established importers who have a reputation at stal which is an asset in their business that they value too highly to put in jeopardy.

#### TO USE ASSOCIATION STATISTICS

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The Department of Commerce has issued a statement in regard to the publication of statistics received from trade associations,

which says:

"The Department of Commerce will continue to publish its monthly Survey of Current Business, in connection with which it has been receiving information and statistics from various associations. For the purposes of this and other publications and the performance of other duties imposed upon it by law, the department will, from time to time, request associations to furnish it with such statistics as may be necessary or convenient for its purposes. The information which associations furnish will be used, within the limits of department appropriations and facilities, in the publications to the extent that it proves suitable.

"The department is not at present in a position to distribute the information received otherwise than

through its publications.

"The department does not express any views as to the legal status of any association from which it receives the information, or any approval of its activities."

#### "MACS" TO RUN SALESMEN'S PARTY MAR. 17

C. F. McKenna, Federal Phosphorus Co.; Frank L. McCartney, Monsanto Chemical Works; J. C. McKenna, W. F. George Chemicals, Inc.; Frank J. McDonough, Norvell Chemical Co., not all of whom, however, can be classified as "Irish," will compose the committee to run a St. Patrick's party, March 17, for the Salesmen's Association of the American Chemical Industry, New York. In spite of the fact that a little Scotch has inadvertently become mixed up with the committee, a typical "Paddy party" is being planned. A speaker, who will talk on "Business in 1924," has not yet been announced.

At the meeting at the Builders Exchange, New York, on Feb. 19, a strong address on the place of bodily and mental health as a sales asset, was given by Alvin Hunnsicker, president, Standard Textile Products Co., one of the biggest consumers of chemicals in America. Short addresses by John Boyer, Mathieson Alkali Works, and F. L. McCartney, Monsanto Chemical Works, followed. About 75 members and guests were present.

Exports of merchandise from the United States to Germany during 1923 amounted to \$316,837,544 which is an increase of \$723,667 over 1922, according to reports of the Department of Commerce. In 1923, Germany stood third in imports of copper from this country, having received 135,930,884 pounds, or 19 per cent of the total export.

Celluloid Co. will build an addition to the Newark, N. J. plant.

#### Trade Notes and Personals

Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., is to build a chemical laboratory, costing \$150,000.

- A. V. H. Mory has been appointed director of publicity of the Bakelite Corp., New York.
- A. E. Shea, broker in chemicals and intermediates, formerly at 256 Broadway, has removed to 120 West 42nd st., telephone, Bryant 5360.
- J. H. McNulty, president of Pratt & Lambert, Buffalo, varnish makers, sailed recently for a tour of France and Italy.

Leonard A. Yerkes, president of du Pont Fibre Silk Co., has been elected director of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. in place of J. A. Haskell, deceased.

S. P. Howell, of the United States Bureau of Mines, addressed the Engineers' Club at San Francisco recently on "Liquid Oxygen Explosives."

Associated Color & Chemical Co., with D. F. Driscoll and H. P. Ford in charge, has opened offices at 590 Howard st., San Francisco.

Mallinckrodt Chemical Works, St. Louis, Mo., has recently issued a small booklet on "Potato Diseases Prevented by use of Corrosive Sublimate."

Baird & McGuire have purchased a tract of land at Switzer ave. and Wabash tracks, St. Louis, on which will be erected a plant for the manufacture of cresol and coal tar products.

Frank P. Sanders, of the New York office of H. J. Baker & Bro., was in Baltimore for several days last week, conferring with the branch office and making the rounds of the trade.

Claude Douthit, formerly with Procter & Gamble, has been proposed for director of the American Hide and Leather Co., to be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders on March 5.

N. Townsend Thayer, formerly with E. M. Sergeant Co., New York, is now connected with the heavy chemical division of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. at Newark, N. J., as salesman.

Adam Pfromm, formerly vice-president of the N. W. D. A. and head of Adam Pfromm & Co., Philadelphia, recently died at his home. He was in his seventy-sixth year and was born in Hesse, Germany.

H. J. Rolls, Buffalo, N. Y., chemical house, has changed the name of the organization to Rolls Chemical Co., effective March 1. The offices will remain at 481 Ellicott Square Building, Buffalo.

New Jersey Zinc Co., has founded a fellowship at Lehigh University for research in science and technology. The donation amounted to \$15,000, the income from which will go to the holder of the fellowship who must be a graduate of the University.

"Fighting Rust with Sublimed Blue Lead," is the title of a seventy-three page book published by The Eagle-Picher Lead Co., Chicago. The 36,000,000 tons of finished steel used annually in the United States has to be covered in order to be protected from the ravages of corrosion.

# Old Hickory Suit Settled for \$1,700,000

Criminal Conspiracy Charges Agaist Everly M. Davis, A. W. Phillips, and E. C. Morse to Be Prosecuted. No Evidence of Fraud on the Part of the Nashville Industrial Corp.

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—A settlement of \$1,700,000 in favor of the Government has been obtained by decree of the U. S. District Court at Nashville in the suit against the Nashville Industrial Corp., involving the Old Hickory Powder Plant, the Department of Justice announces. Indictments charging criminal conspiracy in the Old Hickory case are pending in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia against Everly S. Davis, A. W. Phillips and E. C. Morse. Morse was director of sales in the War Department at the time. Acting with others Morse bid successfully for the property. Their rights afterwards were assigned to the Nashville Industrial Corp.

The Government's investigation into the sale of the powder plant disclosed no evidence of fraud on the part of those now interested in the property, the Department of Justice announced, and no indictments were

returned against any of them.

Of the \$1,700,000, \$1,000,000 is to be paid in cash, and the balance in three deferred payments extending over a period of two years. The deed for the property is retained in escrow until the entire balance is paid but the custody of the property is turned over to the corporation. Settlement of the case brings the total amount recovered by prosecution of alleged war frauds to \$6,000,000.

The Old Hickory Powder Plant, which was constructed by the DuPont Engineering Co. in 1917-1918 and cost the government \$85,000,000 to build, is located eight miles from Nashville, Tenn., and is the largest powder factory in the world. About ninety million pounds of smokeless powder are stored there at the present time and the rights of the government in regard to the storage of this powder and other property on the premises are retained by the government by the terms of the decree.

Because of the questionable circumstances surrounding the original bid, as well as the making of the contract of sale, and the disputes between the government and the purchaser as to the amount actually due on the sale and the meaning of the terms of the contract, the Attorney General instituted suit in July, 1923, to set aside the sale. The contentions he set forth in his action were, that the original bid had been accepted through fraudulent collusion on the part of the Director of Sales; that the price was inadequate; that the contract of sale did not conform to the terms of the bid; and that the contract of sale itself was in such ambiguous terms as to require the interpretation of a court of equiry. Upon the institution of Mr. Daugherty's suit, receivers were appointed upon his motion to have custody of the property pending the outcome of the litigation.

At the time of the institution of the suit the purchaser had paid approximately \$2,000,000 of the purchase price, and was claiming allowances of credits of approximately \$700,000 more, which it alleged it was entitled to under the contract of sale. The government, however, had claims of approximately \$210,000 above the base purchase price. The major portion of purchaser's claims were for property alleged to have been removed from the premises by the government after the sale was effected, and for the storage of government property.

Following the institution of the government's suit

negotiations were opened by the Nashville corporation looking to a settlement without trial, and after prolonged conferences the Attorney General, and the entire executive personnel of the War Transactions Section of the Department of Justice, agreed upon the terms which are embodied in the decree just entered in favor of the government.

The settlement has received the approval of the War Department. Under the terms of the decree the receivers of the court in charge of the property are to be discharged and the custody of the property turned over to the corporation. All costs of the litigation are

decreed against the defendants.

#### NEW YORK LEADING CHEMICAL PORT

#### Production in Sixty Mile Area Is 20 Per Cent of Entire Chemical Output of United States

The influence of New York harbor as an assembling and distributing point for the chemical industry is discussed in a report by the Committee on Regional Plan of New York and its Environs, written by Dr. Mabel Newcomer, associate professor of economics at Vassar

College. The report says in part:

"For the most part, both raw materials and the finished product are of low value for their weight and bulk. Cheap water transportation is consequently of great importance. The raw materials are obtained from scattered sources, many of them from foreign countries, and the harbor constitutes in many cases a cheap and

convenient assembling point.

"The future of New York as a center for heavy chemicals rests on a double basis: First, the advantages of this harbor compared with other available harbors, and second, the capacity of the marketing area to absorb heavy chemical products. If the facilities of this harbor are such as to give it an advantage over other available harbors, the industries using heavy chemical products will be furnished their supplies at a favorable price and will themselves be stimulated. If, on the other hand, there are other and higher uses to which the facilities of the New York harbor and region may be put, the competition for sites will raise the costs and tend to force the heavy chemical industry to other harbors."

The report says that although the region contains less than 10 per cent of the total population of the country it is now producing close to 20 per cent of the chemical

output of the United States.

The preliminary work in the drafting of a plan for the Region of New York is being carried on under a committee headed by Frederic A. Delano and including Robert W. DeForest, John M. Glenn, Dwight W. Morrow, Frank L. Polk, Frederic B. Pratt, and Lawson Purdy. The Economic and Industrial Survey is being directed by Robert Murray Haig and Roswell C. McCrea, professors of business economics at Columbia University. Copies of the report are available at Russell Sage Foundation Building, 130 East 22nd st., New York.

Movement of fertilizers in the South in 1924 will exceed 1923 according to the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. The traffic in January and February, however, failed to meet expectations. This delayed movement will put an unusually heavy burden on the carriers in March and April, and, if this traffic is delayed until those months, it will probably cause a severe car shortage.

# TARIFF COMMISSION HAS DIFFICULTY IN OBTAINING PRODUCTION COSTS

Foreign Manufacturers Refuse to Allow Agents to See Their Books—Progress Made in Investigations Under Flexible Tariff Provisions—Several Reports Already Submitted to the President

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27—The Tariff Commission's investigations of prices of imported products and costs of production abroad, particularly of chemicals on which tariff increases or reductions have been requested, are nearly completed. On several products reports have been made to the President and await his decision under the flexible tariff provisions which give him the right to increase or lower the rate. The investigations include the following products:

Phenol.—The domestic costs of production are being obtained. In England, the chief competing foreign country, costs were obtained from the concern which practically controls the production of refined phenol through contracts with producers of crude carbolic acid,

the raw material.

Potassium Chlorate.—This chemical is used in the production of matches and explosives. In the field work, now completed, costs of production were obtained from two domestic manufacturers, but were withheld by manufacturers in Scandinavia, Germany, and France, and opportunity to verify Swedish cost data by reference to books of record was not given. Some general information on raw material costs and power consumed was obtained in France and Germany. A public hearing was held in the office of the commission in Washington on November 14, and November 24 was set as the date for the filing of a brief by the applicant for a reduction in the duty and December 1 for the filing of a brief in reply by the applicants for an increase in the duty.

Sodium Nitrate.—This chemical is used almost entirely in the manufacture of the so-called "Azo" dyes. Costs of production were obtained from the three domestic producers, each of whom uses a different process, as

ollows:

1. Are process: Fixation of atmospheric nitrogen by passing air through an electric arc, yielding oxides of nitrogen, which are absorbed in soda ash to produce sodium nitrite.

2. Ammonia oxidation process: Ammonia is converted to oxides of nitrogen by passing it through heated platinum gauze. The oxides of nitrogen are converted into sodium nitrite, as above.

3. Sodium nitrate or lead process: Sodium nitrate (Chile saltpeter) is reduced by means of lead to sodium nitrite, with the simultaneous formation of litharge.

The largest foreign producers of sodium nitrite are Norway and Germany. Manufacturers in these countries declined to give the commission's investigators access to their cost records. In Norway information was obtained from other sources as to power costs, prices of soda ash, wage rates, and other factors of production costs.

Production in Norway is by the arc process. The immense hydro-electric developments in that country afford cheap electric power, this being one of the important elements in the cost of producing sodium nitrite. In Norway the principal product of the atmospheric fixation of nitrogen is calcium nitrate, a fertilizer material, while sodium nitrite is more or less a by or end product. In the United States, on the other hand, sodium nitrite is the only product made by the arc process and by the ammonia-oxidation process.

A public hearing on sodium nitrite was held at the

office of the commission in Washington on Sept. 10. A summary of information on sodium nitrite was subsequently submitted to interested parties, and on October 6 a final hearing was held at which opportunity was given for argument and the presentation of briefs.

Synthetic Phenolic Resins—The domestic investigation, covering only resins from which cigarette holders, pipe stems, and other smokers' articles are made, will be completed at an early date. The only producing con-

cern in Germany withheld production costs.

Diethyl Barbituric Acid (Barbital or Veronal).—This product is a narcotic, the investigation of which has been completed. Costs have been obtained from the two domestic manufacturers and from the largest manufacturer in Switzerland. The latter, however, refused permission to verify costs to the books. The two manufacturers in Germany, while refusing to give costs, submitted a statement of prices at which they sold their product. A public hearing held at the office of the commission in Washington on November 7, was closed without argument or the filing of briefs.

### DIFFICULT TO GAS ENTIRE CITIES (Special to Drug & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Baltimore, Feb. 27.—Lieut. Col. Claude E. Brigham, executive officer of the Chemical Warfare Service of the United States Army, speaking before a joint meeting of American Legion posts in Baltimore, last week, declared that experiments covering not less than 1,000 cases concerning the possibility of using chlorine gas for the cure of colds had been made, and that there was no foundation for the rumor of injurious after-effects.

Colonel Brigham predicted the use of smoke curtains hung by planes on an extensive scale in future warfare, but he added that he did not believe there would be as much gas used in attacks on cities as had been predicted. For worth-while results in the gassing of cities, he asserted from ten to twenty tons of gas per square mile would be necessary, and hundreds of airplanes would be required to spread it.

United States Gypsum Co. shows net income of \$5,030,922 for year ended Dec. 31, after depreciation, depletion, federal taxes and contingencies. This is equivalent after preferred dividends to \$15.59 a share (par \$20) earned on \$5,911,680 common stock, compared with net income of \$3,119,033, or \$12.18 a share (par \$20) earned on \$4,431,040 outstanding common in 1922.

Du Pont 7½ per cent bonds are sound and desirable from the standpoint of security value, the only objectionable feature being the redemption clause in the loan, according to the "New York Tribune," in answering a recent query. The bonds are redeemable in whole or in part on any interest date.

Continental Can Co. reports net earnings of \$4,837,480 for 1923, against \$4,438,508 in the previous year. After providing for taxes, interest and other charges, there was net income of \$3,767,730, against \$3,161,603 in 1922.

Sherwin-Williams Co. has applied to the New York Stock Exchange for permission to list \$15,000,000 issue of seven per cent, cumulative first preferred stock, Series A \$100 par value.

National Lead Co. has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on common stock, payable March 31 to holders of record March 14.

Directors of Atlas Powder Co. have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common, payable March 10, to stockholders of record Feb. 29.

Rhodia Chemical Co. has obtained a judgment against Nathan Haber amounting to \$179.17.

# Business Surveys Show Expanding Trade

President Coolidge Declares Conditions Fairly Good— Banks Report Increased Activity in Basic Industries—Progress Made in Federal and State Income Tax Reduction

President Coolidge let it be known last week that in his opinion the country is in a healthy condition. The President's views were made public by a White House spokesman, who reported that a general discussion took place at a Cabinet meeting in relation to the prevailing business conditions over, the country, which were declared to be fairly good. There does not seem to be any unemployment anywhere, the spokesman continued, and while the orders that are on hand in manufacturing establishments are not large, that seems to be the result of a policy not to put in large orders for deliveries far into the future, but everything that can be manufactured in the country seems to be finding a ready market.

Revenue freight loadings for the second week in February continued to run ahead of all records for corresponding weeks in previous years, with a total of 906,489 cars, according to the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. Due to the severe weather conditions in certain parts of the country, this was a decrease of 23,447 cars from the previous week, but it was an increase of 57,137 cars over the corresponding week last year, and 128,698 cars over the same week in 1922. All districts reported increases over the corresponding week last year except the Northwestern, while all showed increases over two years ago.

Continued irregularity prevails in the business world but merchandise continues to move in a conservative manner, according to the weekly trade reviews. Definite progress is reported in many quarters, however, according to Dun's. The Bradstreet report says: "In volume of buying and production, the iron and steel and kindred trades easily lead, with operations by largest interests close up to full capacity. Automobile manufacturing is unprecedently active for this season of the year. Glass manufacturing, hardware sales, and production, and distribution of the non-ferrous metals are classed as active."

Increased activity in basic industries has characterized the last thirty days, says the National Bank of Commerce in New York. Demand for iron and steel is good. Ingot production is running high and during January was at the rate of 41,465,000 tons per year. The United States Steel Corporation is operating at about 90 per cent of ingot capacity. Its unfilled orders have increased and other producers are expanding their output. The volume of building is in excess of the corresponding season for any preceding year.

The Garner (Democrat) income tax substitute for the Mellon plan adopted by the House provides for normal taxes of 2 per cent on incomes below \$5,000; 4 per cent on incomes between \$5,000 and \$8,000; 6 per cent on incomes exceeding \$8,000. A graduated surtax scale beginning at 1 per cent on incomes between \$12,000 and \$14,000 up to a maximum of 44 per cent on incomes exceeding \$92,000. Exemptions of \$2,000 for single persons and \$3,000 for heads of families.

The time is rapidly approaching when the stock market should reflect an improvement in general business conditions, says "Financial America." February always has been a month of a lull in activities, but beginning with about the middle of March the trade situation should show the influence of what may be expected in the next five or six months. For that reason, and because of the popular view that business conditions this year are expected to be good, there has been moderate buying on the downward scale of leading stocks in the past few days by some of the important banking interests.

#### CHEMICAL PRICE INDEX HIGHER

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27—Wholesale prices of chemicals and drugs stiffened very slightly in January, and were somewhat higher than in January, 1923, the Department of Labor reports. On 1913 basis of 100 the Department's wholesale price index number for these commodities stood at 132 in January compared to 130 in December and 131 in January, 1923.

#### CYANAMID EARNINGS LARGE

American Cyanamid common stock has advanced seventeen points since Jan. 1 and with four months of the fiscal year to go, the company seems assured of earnings between \$25 and \$30 a share for the 65,943 shares, says the "Wall Street Journal." In the year ended June 30, last, earnings available for the common were equivalent to \$25.38 a share and business so far this year has been in excess of 1923. Business in cyanamid was as large as in the preceding year. Fertilizer companies have completed purchases for the present season. The new season will start April 1.

A recent development by the company is a new type electric furnace, which melts phosphate rock, making phosphoric acid by a direct process. The importance of this method is indicated by the fact that it produces a double superphosphate containing over 50% of pure phosphoric acid, while the old sulfuric acid process makes a product containing only from 16% to 18% phosphoric acid. The furnace is not yet producing in commercial quantities.

Brown Corp. has issued \$2,000,000 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock through Hornblower and Weeks, at 98½ to yield about 7.10 per cent. The Corporation, organized in 1905 under laws of the province of Quebec, owns and operates a sulfate pulp mill with a daily capacity of 220 tons and a lumber mill at La Tigne, Quebec, representing a cash investment of more than \$6,000,000. The stock is callable at 105 and accrued dividends.

National Enameling & Stamping Co.'s annual report for 1923 shows a decrease in earnings from \$1,982,595 in 1922 to \$1,271,295 for 1923. After preferred stock dividends, this amount equals \$3.66 a share on the 155,918 shares of common stock, against \$8.23 a share in 1922. In 1923, there was a deficit of \$286,254 after payment of dividends which is compared with a surplus of \$1,048,718 in 1922.

The report of Air Reduction Co., Inc., for the year ended Dec. 31, shows net profits of \$2,138,023 after interest, federal taxes and depreciation reserve, equivalent to \$12.31 a share earned on outstanding 173,586 shares of capital stock of no par value. This compares with net profits of \$879,507, or \$5.23 a share on the 168,121 shares outstanding in the previous year.

#### CHICLE STOCKHOLDERS SEEK DIVIDENDS

American Chicle Co. is earning increasing profits. Sales for December, 1923, were approximately three times those of December, 1921. January and February, 1924, continue to show a healthy increase, according to Thomas H. Blodgett, president, in a letter to stockholders requesting proxies in support of the present management and replying to a recent pamphlet attacking policies of the company. This attack, Mr. Blodgett says, was apparently inspired by former employees and

Indebtedness of American Chicle Co. has been reduced from more than \$7,400,000 to below \$5,300,000. Further payments are being made as rapidly as funds accumulate. Mr. Blodgett points out that when the remaining indebtedness has been decreased to reasonable proportions, which should require less than two years, and when financing costs can be reduced below the present expense, stockholders can properly issue long-time securities and directors rresume dividends without endangering the company's solvency.

Members of the banking group that sponsored the sale of American Chicle Co. stock in 1920 at \$40 a share have been advising their clients to take no action in regard to sending their proxies to the protective committee, until they receive the statement by Thomas H. Blodgett, president.

The management of the American Chicle Co. is being subjected to severe criticism by a protective committee, recently organized by prominent stockholders, who attribute the decrease in business of the company from \$14,000,000 annually to \$4,000,000, during the last few years, to the Bank Creditors Committee, which has been in control since January, 1922. The Protective Committee, headed by George L. Ingraham, of the law firm of Ingraham, Page and Moran, is seeking proxies representing the 150,000 shares of stock outstanding and will attempt to remove the present management when up for re-election at the annual meeting of the stockholders on March 4. Stephen I. Britton, vice president of the company, has issued a statement denying charges and defending the present management.

Household Products, Inc., statement for 1923 shows net profits of \$2,630,355. After deducting \$311,635 for Federal tax reserves, a balance of \$2,318,720 remained. which was equal to \$4.63 a share on the 500,000 shares of no par value capital stock outstanding. Cash on hand amounted to \$1,249,925; accounts receivable, \$594,826; accounts payable, \$16,985; and profit and loss surplus \$959,027.

The recovery of \$100,000 worth of stock of the Independent Salt Co., which was stolen from the apartment of Mrs. Olive Waite in the Great Northern Hotel, New York, Feb. 9, was effected by detectives when Omar Mackley, former Canadian Army officer, was arrested when trying to negotiate for the return of the stock.

Union Carbide and Carbon Co. has increased the dividend on the common stock to \$5 a share annually by declaring a quarterly payment of \$1.25 a share, against previous payments of \$1. The dividend is payable April 1 to stockholders of record March 5.

Underwriters of the 109,350 shares of Silica Gel Corp., subsidiary of Davison Chemical Co., have notified the company that they will exercise their option to purchase an additional block of 30,600 shares at \$25 each.

International Salt Co. has declared a dividend of 11/2 per cent, payable April 1 on stock of record March 15.

#### New Incorporations

Chemical Companies

Creo Eucalypt Co., Rochester, N. Y., \$40,000. Make chemicals. A. H. and N. S. Bull, J. A. Albiston. Atterneys, Zimmerman, Felersky & Schoenberg.

Branshaw Chemical Co., New York, \$10,000. Chemicals. M. T. Bransoombe, W. I and T. Schwartz. Attorneyfi P. Lippner, 250 West 57th st.

American Salt and Chemical Co., Galveston, Texas, \$500,000. Develop potash fields.

Alkyl Products Co., Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. Manufacture chemical compounds.

Laboratories, Inc., Dover, Del., \$100,000. Chemists and

Western Chemical Co., San Francisco, Cal., \$500,000. Chemicals. Fred Leve, L. S. Fisher, Q. N. McAdoo, R. S. Goldman and J. C. Aitman.

Willcox-Miller Corp. als. V. J. Wilcox. Corp., Larchmont, \$50,000. Manufacture chemi-

Niagara Vegetable Oil Ckrp., Niagara Falls, 800 shares common stock, no par value. H. S. Steels, H. E. Moxham, S. J. Lanier. Attorneys, Cohn, Chorman and Franctot.

General Phosphorus Co., Cincinnati, O., \$25,000. Phosphorus and affiliated products. James R. Clark, Burton E. Robinson and William J. McCauley.

Dye, Drug and Chemical Corp., Woodbridge, N. J., \$50,000. Chemicals and dyes. Edmund Lorimer, Joseph White, Henry Sherman.

Sherman.

Moncaurch Chemical Coip., New York, \$200,000. Manufacture chemicals. C. H. Van Mons, N. M. Church, C. Van.

Miraco Products Chemical Co., Dover, Del., \$35,000. Manufacture chemical products. G. V. Brooks, C. V. Arbegast, J. R. Berry, Fittsburgh.

M. Demattia, New York, \$20,000. Chemicals. M. Demattia, A. Burdick. Attorncy, B. M. Freedman.

Consuming Industries

Atlantic Candy Corp., Wilmirgton, Del., \$1,010,000. Colonial Charter Company. American Lanolin Corporation, Lawrence, Mass., \$100,000. Wool roducts, chemicals. Richard C. Evarts, Murray F. Hall, Stewart Woodworth, Boston.

C. Woodworth, Boston.

Rubber Latex Research Corp., Boston, Mass., \$100,000. Scientific experiments and rubber latex. Albert M. Davis, John W. Decrow, Charles E. Valentine, William Burton Westott.

American Plate Glass and Window Corp., Breckline, Mass., \$75,000. Make plate and window glass. Edward J. Feeley, Paul F. Burke, Frank J. Minton.

Ithaca Textile Co., Ithaca, N. Y., 1,000 shares common stock no par value. C. I. Goldstone, N. M. Eller, R. B. Hamilton. Attorney, W. H. Milholland, 149 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Sunset Paper Mills, Los Angeles, Cal., \$500,000. Manufacture pulp and paper products. Charles Gordon, Harvey M. Murray, Peter C. Bruce. L. R. Wharton, 320 Bartlett Bldg., Los Angeles, Cosmos United Textile Works. New York, \$100,000. Cosmos United Textile Works, New York, \$100,000. H. A. McEnty, J. J. McGinty, T. J. Miller. Attorney, L. Oppenheimer, 277 Broadway.

Victor Ford Pictures, Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. Films. Colonial Charter Co. Insect Killer Corp., Wilmington, Del., \$1,000,900. Corporation Service Co.

Wilmington, Del., \$500,000. Manu-Independent Match Corp., Wil facture matches. F. L. Mettler.

Directors of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on the common stock, payable on March 15 to stockholders of record March 5, and a regular quarterly dividend of 11/2 per cent on the debenture stock, payable on April 25 to stockholders of record on April 10.

American Druggists' Syndicate reports for 1923 net profit of \$180,472 after depreciation, equivalent to 27 cents a share earned on the 678,323 shares of \$10 par value capital stock. This compares with \$430,921, or 65 cents a share, in 1922.

Sales of securities at the Auction Rooms in Vesey St., New York, included 175 shares Joseph Dixon Crucible Co., \$1341/2 to \$136 per share, and 300 shares Atlantic Tar & Chemical Works, Ltd., \$10 for the lot.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. has declared regular quarterly dividends of 11/2 per cent on common stock and 11/4 per cent on preferred stock, payable on May 1 to stockholders of record April 19.

#### QUOTATIONS ON CHEMICAL STOCKS Closing Prices for Week Ending Feb. 23.

Rid	Asked	Bid	Asked
*Air Reduction 771/2	78	Hercules Powder104	108
		Hercules Powd., pf.103	104
*Allied Chem. & D. 681/2	69	Heyden Chem 134	2
*Allied Ch. & D., pf.112	11214	Hooker Electro 55	65
*Am. Ag. Ch 121/4	123/2	Hooker Electro, pf 60	70
*Am. Ag. Ch., pf 36	371/2	*Household Products 321/2	3234
*Am. Chicle 175%	1834		
*Am. Chicle, pf 56 *Am. Cot. Oil ctfs 111/2	65	*Int. Agricult 11/2 *Int. Agricult. New. 31/2	5
*Am. Cot. Oil ctfs 111/2	12	*Int. Agricult. New. 31/2 *Int. Agricult., pf 51/2	6
*Am. Cot. Oil Ctfs.,		*Int. Nickel 131/6	1334
pf 341/2	363/4	*Int. Nickel, pf 79	83
Am. Cyan 95	97	*Int. Salt 73	89
*Am. Druggist S 51/2	6		
Am. Glue 37	40	*Mathieson Alk 341/2	351/2
Am. Glue, pf 99	103	Merck & Co., pf 59	61
*Am. Linseed 1854	1934	Merrimac 94	96
*Am. Linseed, pf 37	40	Mulford Co 35	40
*Am. Zinc 95%	97/8	Mutual Co150	151
*Am. Zine, pf 3334	34	*National Lead138	139
Archer-Dan-Mid 23	2354	*National Lead, pf.11234	115
Archer-Dan-Mid., pf. 84	87	N. J. Zinc148	152
*Atlas Powder 52	53	Niag. A., pf 96	100
*Atlas Powd., pf 85	87	Parke, Davis & Co	793/2
By. Prod. Co 45	50	Penn Salt 86	861/2
Carborundum135	1353/2	"People's Gas, Chi., 9534	96
Carborundum, pf1151/2	116	Procter & Gamble12514	1251/2
Casein Co 70	80	Procter & Gam., pf1071/4	109
Celluloid Co 77	80	Royal Bak. Po130	135
Celluloid Co., pf108	110	Royal Bak. Po., pf 99	100
Ches. Mfg412	415	Sherwin-Williams 30	31
Ches. Mfg., pf112	115	Sherwin-W., pf100	103
"Com'l Solv. A 51	53	Stand. Ch 90	100
*Do B 45 *Corn Products175	50	Swan & Finch 65	68
*Corn Products, New	1753/4	*Tenn. C. & Chem. 876	0
w.i 35	351/2	*Tex. Gulf, Sul 63 Union Carbide 62	633/4
*Corn Products, pf118	120	Union Cambide 62	623/2
*Davison Chem 5134	513/2	Union Sulphur	80%
Dow Chem. non par. 45	30	*Un. Drug 80 *Un. Drug, 1st pf., 471/2	48
Dow Ch., pf	96	*Un. Drug, 1st pf 471/2 *Un. Dyewood 40	45
*Du Pont de Nem. 1281/2	129	*Un. Dyewood, pf	9156
*Du P't de Nem. Db. 86	861/2	Un. Gas Imp 571/2	581/4
*Eastman Kodak111	1113/2	Un. Gas Imp., pf 55	551/4
*Eastman Kodak, pf	108	U. S. Gypsum 851/2	87
Freeport Tex 10	10%	*U. S. Indus. Al 75	76
Freept. Tex. Sul., pf. 91	93	*U. S. Indus. Al., pf.101	105
Gold Dust 351/2	36	*VaCar. Ch 61/2	63/4
Grasselli120	125	*VaCar. Ch., pf 1834	19
Grasselli, pf100	108	*V. Vivaudou 1234	123/4

\*Listed on New York Stock Exchange

The 1 per cent quarterly dividend due to be declared on the common stock of National Enameling and Stamping Co., was passed by the Directors. The regular 7 per cent dividend on the preferred was declared for the year 1924, payable in quarterly instalments. Officers said the directors passed the common dividend to conserve the finances of the company in view of the large amount of money recently put into construction work. It was added that no new financing is needed.

In reply to an inquiry regarding American Linseed stock, the "New York Tribune" says: "There was a deficit after dividends in 1921 of more than \$5,000,000, and no dividends have been paid on either preferred or common stocks since 1921. There was a surplus of nearly \$800,000 in 1922 and the outlook has since improved, but no attempt can be made here to suggest whether it would be wiser to sell your shares or continue to hold them in hope of further improvement."

Texas Gulf Sulphur Co. has declared an extra dividend of 25 cents a share on the capital stock, in addition to the regular quarterly payment of \$1.50 a share. Both dividends are payable March 15 to stockholders of record March 3. Clarence M. Woolley has been elected to the board to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John A. Black.

B. W. Jones, chairman of Distillers Securities Corp. bendhelders' committee, states there have been no dissents to the plan of reorganization of U. S. Food Products Corp., and over 80% of the bonds have been deposited.

#### STOCK DIVIDEND BY CHESEBROUGH CO.

The directors of Chesebrough Manufacturing Co. (Consolidated), adopted a resolution at a meeting on Thursday, Feb. 21, for the declaration of a 100 per cent stock dividend. The common stock of Chesebrough Manufacturing Co. has advanced about \$200 a share within the last month. It sold at \$430 a share on the New York Curb Market on Thursday, this price comparing with \$234 a share quoted early in January.

The directors called a special meeting of stockholders to be held March 20, to authorize an increase in the common stock from \$1,500,000 to \$4,000,000. They will be asked also to authorize a splitting up of the present capital stock of \$100 a share par value into units of \$25 a share par value each. If the stockholders approve the capital increase the directors will then authorize the distribution of a 100 per cent stock dividend. The splitting up of the stock and the stock dividend will give the shareholders eight shares of common stock of \$25 a share par value each for one share of \$100 par value now held. The stock dividend will increase the common stock outstanding to \$3,000,000. The remaining \$1,000,000 of capital to be authorized, it is explained, will be carried in the treasury of the company for future expansion or other corporate needs.

The directors also declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$3.50 a share on the common stock, payable Mar. 31, to stockholders of record March 5, and the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on the preferred stock, payable March 31, 1924, to stockholders of record March 10.

It was announced that there would be no change in the present preferred stock. The stock transfer books of the common stock will be closed from March 6 to March 20, both inclusive, in connection with the special meeting of the stockholders.

American Metal Co. reports for 1923 operating income of \$4,948,467, against \$3,215,569 in 1922. After allowing for all depreciation, depletion and other charges the company reports net income of \$2,703,260, against \$2,-020,905 the previous year. The net income for 1923, after allowing for preferred dividends, was equal to \$3.98 a share on the 590,790 shares on no par value common stock outstanding at the close of last year. In 1922 the net income, after preferred dividends, was equal to \$2.46 a share on the 536,000 shares of common stock then outstanding. After all dividend payments in 1923 there was reported a surplus of \$710,739. The profit and loss surplus on Dec. 31 aggregated \$8,152,175.

International Nickel Co.'s annual report shows a total income for 1923 amounting to \$2,145,688, against \$778,620 in 1922. The net income, after deducting charges, amounted to \$788,191 which increased from \$17,937 in 1922. The balance sheet on Dec. 31, 1923, showed inventory valued at \$7,333,110; Government securities, \$602,350; accounts and bills receivable, \$1,372,099; advances, \$186,099; Ioans, \$1,000,000; cash, \$645,309. The main current item among liabilities was accounts payable amounting to \$603,023.

United States Food Products Corp.'s \$3,200,000 issue of six-year 7 per cent guaranteed convertible gold notes has been admitted to trading on the New York Curb Market on a "when Issued" basis. Voting trust certificates for 110,000 shares of sinking fund preferred stock and voting trust certificates for 200,000 shares of common stock were also listed.

One hundred shares of International Nickel Co. common stock were sold at auction recently for \$13% per share.

### The Heavy Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Heavy Chemicals, page 654-656

#### DOMESTIC COPPER SULFATE ADVANCED

Recent Strength of Metal Reason for Increase—Caustic Potash and Potassium Carbonate Higher—Arsenic Quiet and Lower—Barium Chloride Down—Tin Oxide Higher—Imported Epsom Salt Stronger—Barium Nitrate Higher

# PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Rarium Nitrate, 1/2c fb.
Copper Sulfate, dom, 10c 100 fbs.
Epeom Salt, tech, Imp., 10c
100 fbs.
Nickel Sulfate, 1/2c fb.
Sodium Acetate, 1/2c fb.
Tin Oxide, 2c fb.

Advanced
Sodium Hyposulfite. Imp., 10c
Sodium Chlorate, 1/2c fb.
Caustic Petash, 1/2c fb.
96.48%, 1/4c fb.

Arsenic, White, 1/2c lb. Potassium Permanganate, 1/2c lb. Barium Calcride, Imp., \$2.00 ton Potassium Chlorate, Imp., 1/2c lb.

| Trend of the Market | Last | Last | Last | Var | Pre-Last | Last | Last | Last | Last | Var | Pre-Last | Last | Last | Last | Var | Pre-Last | Last | Var | Pre-Last | Last | Var | Pre-Last | Var | Var

Consumption of industrial chemicals continues in the same moderate volume which has characterized the market since the first of the month. The holidays during the week interrupted buying to some extent but will probably have little effect upon the total volume for the month. Prices have a firm tone with some imported materials quoted at higher prices for shipment. Spot supplies are not in large volume but with present demand dealers are having no difficulty in making deliveries.

Copper sulfate producers have advanced prices during the week following the recent rapid rise in copper. Imported material is scarce on spot but shipment prices are unchanged. Arsenic has declined as weak holders begin to liquidate their stocks. Calcium arsenate has been in slightly better demand this week. Shipment prices for caustic potash and potassium carbonate have advanced and spot prices are also firmer. Potassium permanganate has been selling at lower levels. Barium chloride is easier, while barium nitrate is higher. Imported Epsom salt and sodium hyposulfite are stronger. Sodium acetate is in limited supply and prices are firmer. Tin oxide is higher with the recent rise in metal. Sodium chlorate is stronger. Alkalis are steady while acids are more or less routine.

Acid, Acetic—The situation remains about the same with demand from some sections active and others quiet. The raw material market is not as stable as it has been but present prices are being maintained. Makers quote acids at \$3.38@\$3.63 for 28 per cent; 56 per cent, \$6.75 @\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acid, Oxalic—Demand has been fairly active while prices are subject to shading owing to keen competition in the market. Domestic is quoted at 11clb. though lower prices at 10½clb. have been heard. Small lots

are quoted up to 12clb. Imported named at 11c@ 11½clb.

Acid, Sulfuric—Contract buyers have been taking their full requirements during, the month while current business for small quantities has been showing an increase. Prices remain at former levels with 66 degree in tank cars at \$14.50@\$15.50 ton at works; drums named at \$1.10@\$1.25 and carboys at \$1.25@\$1.75; 60 degree in tanks at \$9.00@\$10.00 ton. Oleum in tanks quoted at \$17.00@\$18.00 ton and \$1.25@\$1.75 in drums.

Acetone—Regular demand being met with prices now holding at \$1.05@\$1.10 gal. for methyl acetone and 19c @19½clb. for the C.P. Acetone oils named at \$1.25 @\$1.30 gal.

Ammonium Sulfate—Agricultural demand has been gaining and shipments are going out regularly. Prices are holding at recent levels with bulk at works named at \$2.90@\$3.00; single bags, \$3.15; and f.a.s., at \$2.85@\$2.95.

Ammonium Chloride—Domestic makers are meeting present demand while imported material is in limited supply at 6½c@6¾clb. for the white. Domestic named at 7½c@8clb. Grey imported at 7½c@8clb. and domestic 8c@8½clb.

Arsenic—Prices have declined during the week. Sellers who have been holding for high prices have been gradually weakening as lack of demand continues. Sales have been made at 11½clb. while up to 12½clb. is being quoted. Japanese material for shipment is heard at 10½clb. Calcium arsenate has picked up somewhat but is still far below expected demand for this season. Prices are named around 11½c@12clb. as to position.

Barium Products—Nitrate is stronger and higher at 834c@9clb. Imported chloride is easier at \$80.00@\$82.00 ton on spot. Domestic is steady at \$80.00 at works. Carbonate named at \$63.00@\$64.00 ton for imported and \$68.00@\$69.00 for domestic at works. Hydrate at 5c @5½clb.

Bleaching Powder—Holding at the recent advance with demand from mills showing a steady improvement. Prices are now quoted at \$1.75 per hundred spot or contract in standard drums in carlots at works and \$2.00 in small drums. Less than carlot quantities are 15c per 100 lbs. above these prices. Spot prices in Metropolitan district for small lots named at \$2.25@\$2.50.

Copperas—Named at \$16.00 for crystals in bulk, \$18.00 in bags and \$20.00 ton in barrels at works.

Carbon Tetrachloride—Prices continue unsettled owing to competition in the field. Generally quoted at 8c @9clb.

Copper Sulfate—Domestic makers have advanced their prices 10c owing to the recent rise in copper. Carlots are named at \$5.75 per 100lbs. and smaller quantities up to \$5.00. Imported materials are quoted at 4½c for shipment and 4½clb. on spot.

Potash, Caustic—Shipment prices have strengthened and have advanced to 6%clb. A few offerings were heard at 63%c@6½clb. spot but these are not expected to remain very long as some are now quoting 7clb.

Potassium Carbonate—Conditions abroad have changed and higher prices are being quoted. Hydrated, 80-85 per cent, higher at 61/4c@61/4clb.; calcined, 51/4c@51/2clb.;

96-98 per cent, 5%c for shipment and 6c@64/clb. spot; 99 per cent, 74/c@74/clb.; C.P., 11c@12clb.

Potassium Chlorate—Offerings at 7c@71/4clb. for imported powder. Domestic at 81/2c@9clb.

Potassium Permanganate—Weak with sales at 13clb. for both domestic and imported. Quoted from 13½c@ 17clb. as to seller and quantity.

Soda Ash—Little new in the situation. Current demand is seasonable while deliveries on contract have been steady. Prices are holding at \$1.25 per hundred for 58 per cent light in bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, carlots on contract at works. Spot business in less than carlots at \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels, delivered.

Soda, Caustic—Current business is normal and deliveries are proceeding regularly on contracts. Makers' prices are steady with solid, 76 per cent, at \$3.10 at works on contract; ground and flake, \$3.50. Spot business in less than carlot quantities named at \$3.76@ \$3.91 for solid in drums, and \$4.16@\$4.31 for ground and flake in drums, delivered.

Sodium Acetate—In smaller supply with prices firm at 5c@5½clb.

Sodium Chlorate-Firmer at 61/2c@63/4clb.

Sodium Hyposulfite—Imported pea crystals higher at \$3.00. Domestic regular crystals at \$2.75@\$3.00 and pea crystals at \$3.00@\$3.25.

A bill designating the name, sale, use and labeling of "methanol," formerly known as wood naphtha, wood alcohol or methyl alcohol, has been introduced in the New York Legislature by Assemblyman Lattin. The bill provides: that on and after Sept. 1, 1924, the term methanol shall be used exclusively: that any person who offers for sale or has in possession with intent to sell any food, drink, medicinal or toilet preparation containing methanol is guilty of a felony; and that no person shall sell or give away any methanol either crude or refined unless the container has pasted upon it a label informing of its poisonous contents.

George P. Gray, chief of the division of chemistry, California State Department of Agriculture, has returned to San Francisco from a trip through the southern part of the state, where he visited the trade manufacturing and selling commercial fertilizers and economic poisons. In his report to director G. H. Hecke he says that he found three firms operating without licenses and that others were investigated. Under the State law all dealers in fertilizers and economic poisons are required to register with the State Department of Agriculture.

Barter Trading Corp., London, importers and exporters of heavy chemicals, state in their annual market report and price list that in many directions prices for industrial chemicals and raw materials appear to have touched bottom, and with improvement in home and export trade advances may be looked for and in some items have already taken place.

Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Co. say in their report of Feb. 15: "Predictions of continued keen competition are being amply fulfilled, although we find that in some markets a firmer tendency has developed." The company has added to its list of products: strychnine, alkaloid and sulfate, and lactic acid, 44 per cent light.

Eastman Kodak Co. will present its final arguments before the Federal Trade Commission on March 5, defending its interests against the charge of alleged conspiracy by the company to monopolize the manufacture and sale of films in the United States.

#### MAY LOWER TAX ON NICKEL MINES

A bill has been introduced in the Ontario legislature removing discrimination in taxation of nickel-copper mines in the province. During the war, owing partly to large profits made by these mines and partly to the fact that refining was not done in Canada, the scale of taxation was raised above the level imposed on other mines. No tax has been collected for some time from these mines owing to curtailment of nickel production. If the bill is passed the tax will be 3 per cent on annual profits in excess of \$10,000 and up to \$1,000,000; 5 per cent on profits over \$1,000,000 and up to \$5,000,000.

Seventy-five per cent of the drinking water of North American is sterilized by liquid chlorine treatment, according to a novel folder just issued by Wallace & Tiernan Co., Inc., Newark, N. J. The circular which contains much interesting data on the efficacy of chlorine in water sterilization, states further that four billion gallons of chlorine-treated water, which would fill a twelve-inch pipe five times around the world, are used each day.

Exports of alkalis from the United States during November, 1923, were as follows: Cyanide, 89,811 pounds, value \$16,785; borax, 1,485,096 pounds, value \$77,930; soda ash, 2,983,399 pounds, value \$76,459; silicate, 3,473,076 pounds, value \$33,041; sal soda, 1,191,067 pounds, value \$17,205; caustic soda, 9,559,114 pounds, value \$229,067; bicarbonate, 1,657,761 pounds, value \$36,749; other sodium compounds, 8,696,669 pounds, value \$161,991.

The price of liquid chlorine in cylinders, for sales of one ton and less, should have been given as \$6.50 per 100lbs. instead of \$6.00 per 100lbs as was announced in the schedule of chlorine prices in last week's issue by Mathieson Alkali Works. Bleaching powder in less than carlots, spot or contract, is quoted 15c per 100lbs above the carlot prices for bleach.

Swedish match interests expect to increase their market in France, following the repeal of the Government match monopoly in France. Sweden now produces a third of all the matches used in the world. In India, during 1923, the sale of matches doubled that of 1922.

Importations of hydrofluoric acid, sodium bisulfite, refined borax, blanc fixe, magnesium sulfate, barium sulfate, aluminum sulfate and chloride, zinc sulfate, concentrated acetic acid, and alum (except chrome alum) into Czechoslovakia are now free of import license.

Ammonium sulfate is now being produced by the Ford Motor Co., according to the "Ford News," official publication of the company. The amount produced is twenty million pounds, or more than enough to supply fertilizer for 100,000 acres.

Exports of heavy chemicals from the United States during November, 1923, were as follows: Sulfuric acid, 531,401 pounds, value \$9,923; copper sulfate, 191,708 pounds, value \$9,706; bleaching powder, 1,415,637 pounds, value \$33,432.

Sweden recently established export credits for Lithuania to the extent of \$250,000 and is soon to duplicate for Esthonia. Shipments included large quantities of fertilizers.

Magadi Soda Co., Ltd., London, with properties in Africa, will be reorganized with a capital of about two million pounds. Old shareholders will receive new stock.

# The Intermediate and Dye Market

Current Spot Quotations for Intermediates, see Chemicals, page 652

#### BENZOL MARKET MOVING UPWARD

Tendency Toward Higher Prices With Increased Demand and Limited Supplies—Toluol Continues Strong—Phenol Sensitive to Any Increased Demand—Para-amidophenol Stronger—Intermediates Generally Quiet—Dyestuffs Improve Slightly

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced

No Advances

Declined

No Declines

Tre	end of			-		-
	Today		Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Benzene, puregal.		\$.24	\$.22	\$.30	\$1.10	\$.25
Naphthalene flake lb.	.061/2	063	4 .061/4	.06	.16	.03
Phenol, Spot		.37	.35	.35	1.50	.08
Toluenegal		.26	.24	.30		
Aniline Oilb.		.16	.16	.16	1.40	.105
Alpha-naphthylamine fb.		.35	.35	.28	1.28	**
Benzaldehyde		.35 .75 .26 .37	.75	.60	**	**
Betanaphthol		26	.26	.24	1.50	.08
Dimethylanilinetb		.37	.38	.42	1.30	
Paranitroanilinefb		.70	.70	.73	1.58	.18
Average	. 0.353	0.353	0.347	0.344		

Business in intermediates and dyestuffs has shown little change from the preceding weeks of this month. The holiday coming at the close of the week helped to reduce the volume of business for the month, but it was generally felt that not much further buying would take place. While a few dye plants are reported slightly more active, business has been confined to small quantities for immediate delivery. Textile mills have been buying in better quantities, but it is thought that this is due to depletion of stocks rather than any increase in textile activity. Other consuming industries have been taking coal-tar crudes in better quantities and with stocks somewhat limited, prices are firm at present levels.

Benzol and toluol have been in excellent demand and the market in these products is tending higher. Supplies have not been as plentiful as might be expected and in many cases producers have not been able to make deliveries promptly. Consumers have not been contracting to any extent and have been coming into the market for supplies in increasing numbers. Higher prices may be expected if the present situation continues. Phenol has shown little improvement though a temporary weakness took place during the week. It is doubtful if any good sized quantity could be accumulated and if any demand developed prices would quickly react upward. Cresylic acid has been routine with prices unchanged. Pyridine is in better supply. Intermediates are in routine demand with little in the way of price changes.

#### Coal-Tar Crudes

Benzene—With demand still active and supplies barely keeping pace with buying, the prices have been firm with an upward tendency. Higher prices may be expected in the near future if the present situation continues. Prices have been holding firm at 24c@25c per gallon for pure in tanks and 29c@30c in drums; ninety per cent is named at 23c in tanks and 28c in drums.

Cresylic Acid—Slightly improved demand in some quarters but on the whole demand has not been of any consequence. Prices are holding at recent levels with 97-99 per cent quoted at 70c@75c per gallon according to seller and quantity; 95 per cent named at 65c@70c per gallon.

Naphthalene—Little new in the situation. Manufacturers are busy on contract business for future delivery while the resale market has not yet developed. Demand from dye makers is quiet. Prices are holding steady at 6c@6½clb. for flake and 7c@7½clb. for balls. Chipped at 5½clb.

Naphtha, Solvent—With demand active and supplies somewhat limited prices are holding firm at 24c@25c per gallon in tanks and 29c@30c in drums.

Phenol—Sales have been reported at 35½clb. which indicates a slight weakness, though quotations are generally named at 36c@37clb. Supplies are very small in the open market and it is doubtful if over two carlots could be accumulated. Demand has been mainly for lots of two to five tons but if any important demand developed prices would quickly advance above present levels. Manufacturers of synthetic and natural phenol are sold up and are not offering at present. Imported material has arrived in the market and further importations are likely since material can now be imported and sold at the present market.

Pyridine—Offerings have been heard at \$3.25@\$3.50 on spot while shipment prices are quoted at \$3.00 per gallon. Demand has fallen off considerably.

Toluene—Continues strong owing to limited supplies and an active demand. The market has been holding at 25c@26c per gallon in tanks and 30c@31c in drums.

Xylenes—Demand is reported good while prices are firm at recent levels. Nitration grade is quoted at 45c @50c per gallon in drums; 5 degree at 35c in tanks and 40c in drums; 10 degree, 32c@33c in drums; commercial, 27c@28c in tanks and 32c@33c in drums.

#### Intermediates

Acid, Anthranilic—Has been in better demand recently. Refined is steady at \$1.00lb. and technical at 94clb.

Acid, Cleve's—In routine demand with prices steady at \$1.00@\$1.101b.

Acid, Gamma—Quiet and unchanged at \$1.50@\$1.60lb.

Acid, H—Fair volume of business with makers quoting 72c@75clb. as to quantity.

Alpha-naphthylamine—Steady at 35c@37clb. on quiet buying.

Aniline Oil—Little more than routine with prices unchanged at 16c@17clb. according to quantity. Aniline sale holding at 23c@24clb.

Benzidine—Base is quoted at 80c@84clb. according to seller and quantity.

Beta-naphthol—Makers firm at 26clb. for the usual small quantities while carlots are named at 24c@25clb. Little resale material is available and prices are close to makers' quotations.

Dimethylaniline—Has been easier with quotations at 36c@38clb. as to quantity.

Diethylaniline-Limited supplies at 55c@60clb.

Meta-toluylenediamine—Quoted at 82c@88clb. as to seller and quantity.

Para-amidophenol—Holding at \$1.25@\$1.30lb. but advances expected owing to increased cost of production. Demand from fur dyers showing improvement.

Para-nitraniline—Quoted at 68c@73clb. as to seller and quantity with demand showing slight improvement.

Para-toluidine—Steady at 85c@90clb. with demand quiet.

#### METZ NOT OPPOSED TO GERMAN DYE PACT

Herman A. Metz is hopeful that an agreement similar to the Anglo-German pact will be arranged between American dye manufacturers and the German Dye Cartel. Mr. Metz said he believed many American firms were secretly hopeful of a German chemical alliance on the basis of manufacture here with the aid of German technical experts.

"There would be no difference between such a course," he said, "and the direct hiring of German technical

talent, as was done by the du Ponts."

Mr. Metz said that American manufacturers made more explosives and poison gas, before they had a dye industry, than all the world combined, and now that the plants are built they seek unnatural protection on patriotic grounds in order to keep them busy.

The Dye Division of the American Chemical Society has called for papers pertaining to the manufacture of dyes and intermediates, for the meeting at Washington, D. C., April 21. Notices have been sent to members by R. Norris Shreve, secretary, who requests that titles and abstracts of papers be sent to him by April 1. At the coming meeting, the co-operation work of the Dye Division with the Color Laboratory of the Bureau of Chemistry and with the Bureau of Standards will be explained.

A. V. Howland, general manager of the convention of the National Association of Purchasing Agents, which will be held in Boston on May 19 to 24, stated that chemical and dyestuff people are very slow in engaging space at the exposition that will be held in connection with the convention.

British exports of dyestuffs in 1923 amounted to 195,-489 cwt. which is an increase of 95,132 cwt. over 1922 figures, according to reports of the British Board of Trade. The total exports for December amounted to 19,486 cwt. as against 7,366 for the same month in 1922.

Unofficial and semi-official reports have reached this country indicating that those who are in closest touch with the British-German dye agreement do not really believe that the agreement will ever be consummated. Investigation of the agreement is still in prorgress.

Dyes worth 3,000,000 yen were destroyed by the Japan earthquake, mostly burned, but there are sufficient stocks on hand to supply the demand. Market values remain fairly steady due to shipments which are constantly arriving from Germany.

The Etablissements Kuhlmann and the Compagnie Nationale de Matieres Colorantes, a newly organized chemical combination in France, report production of dyestuffs amounting to 581 metric tons in September, 648 tons in October, and 830 tons in November.

Exports of British dyestuffs in December amounted to 19,486 cwt. against 7,366 cwt. for the same month in 1922. The total exports for 1923 totaled 195,489 cwt. against 100,357 cwt. in 1922.

#### SLUMP IN HANKOW DYE MARKET

Sales of artificial indigo in China for the year 1922 amounted to 160,000 piculs, of 133½ pounds each, according to a report to the Department of Commerce from Consul General P. S. Heintzelman, Hankow. Of this amount, the Hankow district absorbed over 68,000 piculs, of which Germany supplied the greatest quantity, 41,000 piculs. America furnished 10,000 piculs and the balance came from Switzerland, France and other countries. Prices for the year declined from 70 Hankow taels (\$53.29) to 50 Hankow taels (\$38.07) due to sharp competition, but toward the end of 1922, prices rallied to 60 Hankow taels (\$45.68) per picul.

British indigo, when prices began declining, could not compete and the result was that much of the product was shipped back to England. The French, in the latter part of the year, sold most of their stocks and retired from the market, thus leaving the German, Swiss and American interests in the field. Due to the comparatively low prices of artificial indigo, the production of the natural product is practically at a stand-

still.

Sulfur black is the next important dyestuff in China, the sales of which depend greatly on the price of native cotton yarn. Prices for the year were subjected to a steady decline from 34 Hankow taels (\$25.88) to 27 Hankow taels (\$20.55).

#### CANADA'S DECEMBER DYE IMPORTS

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Toronto, Canada, Feb. 27—Imports into Canada of dyeing and tanning materials during December were valued as follows; From Britain, \$15,481; United States, \$169,337; other countries \$80,100; total \$264,918; compared with imports for December 1922: From Britain, \$18,850; United States, \$239,766; other countries, \$66,301; total \$324,917.

Imports of aniline and coal-tar dyes included in the above were: From Britain, 31,904lbs. value \$15,247; United States 111,255lbs., value \$71,390; Germany 109,237 lbs., value \$58,024; Netherlands 22,097lbs., value \$14,204; Sweden 500lbs. value \$420; Switzerland 9,189lbs., value \$6,500, total 284,182lbs., value \$165,785; compared with imports for December, 1922; From Britain 28,786lbs., value \$15,388; United States 201,687lbs., value \$113,936; Germany, 31,046lbs., value \$19,138; Netherlands 16,572 lbs., value \$17,645; Sweden, 7,802lbs., value \$7,031, Switzerland 13,105lbs., value \$9,984; other countries 10lbs. value \$5; total 299,008lbs., value \$183,128.

Imports of dyes and dyestuffs into the United States during November 1923 were as follows: Alizarin and alizarin dyes 45,468 pounds, valued at \$55,666; colors and dyes obtained from anthracene or carbazole 57 pounds, valued at \$172; color lakes 2,000 pounds, valued at \$763; natural indigo 3,332 pounds, valued at \$1,999; indigoids 1,815 pounds, valued at \$1,973; all other colors, dyes or stains, whether soluble or not in water, color acids and color bases, 318,064 pounds, valued at \$463,810 and 1,069,008 pounds of extracts and decoctions for dyeing, valued at \$52,048.

The total yield of Indian indigo for 1923-24 now being marketed was estimated at 36,100 cwt. against 53,800 cwt., the final revised estimate of last year's crop, a decrease of 33 per cent. The area is estimated at 185,400 acres which is 37 per cent below last year's finally revised area.

Pacific Wax & Dye Co. has opened for business at 2886 Sixteenth st., San Francisco.

# The Oil Market

Current Spot Quotatons of

#### CHINAWOOD OIL LOWER FOR SHIPMENT

Spot and Coast Prices Easier on Quiet Demand—Olive Oil Foots Higher Abroad—Soya Bean Oil Higher Due to Scarcity—Cottonseed Oil Firmer—Linseed Oil Stronger on Higher Seed—Tallow Easier—Fish Oils Steady—Turpentine Higher

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Cottonseed Oil, P.S.Y., 1/2c th. Soya Bean Oil, Spot, 1/2c th. Lard Oil, 1/2c (2/2c th. Coast, 1/2c th. Tallow Oil, bliss, 1/2c th. Olive Oil, Foots, shpmt., 1/2c th. Turpentine, 2c gal.

Chinawood Oil, Spot, 1/4c lb.
Shipmt., 1/4c lb.
Coast, 1/4c lb.
Tallow, 1/4c lb.
Tallow, 1/4c lb.

Tre	nd of			T	13/	Dans
	Today		Last		War Peak	Pre- War
Cod Oil, N. Fgal.	\$.68	\$.68	\$.68	\$.68	\$1.26	\$.367
Degras, American bbilb.			.0434	.043/4	.23	.037
Lard, No. 1gal.	.87	.84	.85	.971/2	2.90	.92
Menhaden, crd., bblsgal.		-50	.50	.58	1.20	.33
Neatsfoot, 20 deg. c.tgal.	1.27	1.27	1.35	1.39	3.45	.95
Red Oil, distilledgal.		.0954		.115%	.17	.07
Stearie Acid, T.P			.133/4	.153/4	.33	.12
Coconut, Ceylon, bbls 1b.		.10		.095/2	.90	.14
Cottonseed, crude, tkslb.		.0854	.09	.10	.25 -	
Linseed, carlotsgal.		.94		.98	1.88	-57
Olive, denaturedgal.		1.25	1.15	1.15	4.50	1.05
Peanut, refined tb.		.16	.16	.161/2	.30	08
Soya Bean, bblslb.				.123/4	.191/2	.07
Average	0.480	0.478	0.474	0.496	1.30	0.362

Consumption of vegetable, animal and fish oils continues along the same conservative lines which have characterized the past month. While the volume of business has not been up to expectations and occasional declines have taken place, supplies are not available in any large quantities, and the general feeling holds that the bottom has been reached and firmer and higher prices are in store for the future. Except in the case of Chinawood oil, prices of other oils of foreign origin are tending higher, while supplies appear somewhat limited.

Demand for Chinawood oil has been negligible and prices are easier for all positions. Olive oil and olive oil foots continue firm on spot while shipment prices are slightly higher. Soya bean oil has been scarce and recent demand has strengthened prices. Corn oil is a trifle easier. Cottonseed oil continues irregular but with a firmer feeling for forward months. Linseed oil is steady with a higher tendency due to advancing prices in seed. London linseed oil has advanced. Neatsfoot oil is higher. Lard oil and tallow oil have advanced. Tallow has eased off slightly. Oleo oil is lower. Cod and menhaden oils are steady. Turpentine has advanced.

#### Vegetable Oils

Castor Oil—Holding steady at the recent advance. No. 1 named at 15½c@16clb. and No. 3 at 15c@15½clb.

Chinawood Oil—Consumers have been holding off and holders have weakened in their prices. Spot material is offered at 18½c@19clb. while shipments in tanks at the Coast named at 17½c@17½clb. Mar.-Apr. forward from China at 18½c@18½clb.

Coconut Oil—Buying has been limited during the week and with spot prices holding steady. Ceylon quoted at 83/4clb. in tanks, New York, and 81/4c@83/4clb. for Manila at the Coast.

Oils, Tallows, Greases, page 671

Corn Oil—Crude is slightly easier at 9½c@9%clb. in buyers' tanks at mill. Refined steady at 13c@13½clb.

Cottonseed Oil—While changes have been within narrow limits prices appear to be somewhat firmer. Reports on consumption are bearish but forward months are firmer than recently. Crude oil at mills at 8½c @8¾clb, P.S.Y. from 10clb. on spot and Feb. to 11clb. for Sept. Refined oils holding at 13½c@13½clb.

Linseed Oil—With seed prices advancing in Argentina oil has a stronger tone though demand has not been active. Crushers are quoting 93c@94c per gallon in carlots on spot. Forward shipments also at 94c up to Aug. in some quarters. London linseed oil higher at 55s per quintal. Antwerp, 512f per 100 kilos. Flax-seed prices in the Northwest are slightly higher with Winnipeg, May opening the week at \$2.34¼; July, \$2.33½. Duluth, Feb., \$2.59; Mar., \$2.58¾; May, \$2.59; July, \$2.56. Buenos Aires, \$1.70.

Olive Oil—Supplies are not plentiful on spot and prices are firm at the recent advance. Commercial olive oil named at \$1.23@\$1.25 per gallon. Olive oil foots quoted at 10½clb. on spot and higher at 10½c@10½clb. for shipment.

Palm Oil—In limited supply and firm at 71/2c@71/4c 1b. for Niger and 8c@81/4clb. for Lagos.

Peanut Oil—Continues firm with crude nominal and refined at 16clb. Imports at New York last week included 872 barrels peanut oil.

Rapeseed Oil-Firm at recent advances at 90c@92c gallon for refined.

Soya Bean Oil—Continues scarce and with improved demand prices have advanced to 12c@12½clb. in barrels, spot and 10¼c@10½clb. at the Coast in tanks.

#### Animal Oils

Lard Oil—With stocks reduced prices have firmed up and are quoted higher with edible at 14%clb.; extra No. 1, 11½clb.; No. 1, 11½clb.

Neatsfoot Oil—Buying has been improving and producers are higher with pure at 143/4clb.; extra, 111/2clb.; 20 degree, 17clb.

Red Oil—Fairly steady demand and unchanged though raw material market is slightly easier. Quoted at 834c @9½clb. as to seller and quantity in barrels.

Stearic Acid—Unchanged on routine demand. Single pressed at 12clb.; double pressed, 12¼clb.; triple pressed, 13¼clb.

Tallow—Sales early in the week were made at 8clb. which was slightly lower than levels of last week.

Tallow Oil—Firmer with barrels at 114clb, and tanks, 934clb.

#### Fish Oils

Cod Oil—Demand has been showing improvement with prices holding steady at 66c@72c per gallon according to seller and quantity. Imports at New York last week included 525 barrels cod oil.

Menhaden Oil—Weaker holders who have been inclined to shade prices are now firmer and general quotations are uniform at 65c@67c per gallon for light strained; yellow bleached at 68c@69c gal.; extra bleached, 70c@73c gallon.

Sperm Oil-Continues steady on routine demand; 38

degree held at 89c gallon, spot, and 45 degree, 84c gallon.

Whale Oil—In routine demand with prices steady at 77c gallon for natural winter; 79c winter bleached; 81c extra bleached. Imports for a prominent soap maker last week were 22,000 barrels.

#### Naval Stores

Turpentine—The market is slightly stronger and prices have advanced to \$1.02 for spirits ex-yard, New York. Savannah prices have been firm at 95c with a higher tendency owing to the small receipts and better demand.

Rosins—The holidays affected the volume of business but this week opened with the lower grades higher and firmer and with the outlook regarded as promising. Quotations: B to I, \$5.85; K, \$6.00; M, \$6.10; N, \$6.50; WG, \$7.65; WW, \$7.75.

Oil Trades Association, Inc., has announced the official ticket to be voted on at the annual election on March 11 as follows: President and director, John McD. Murray, H. Hentz & Co.; vice-president and director, George Baum, Adam Cook & Sons; treasurer and director, Philip C. Meon, Borne-Scrymser Co.; secretary and director, Jos. C. Smith, Smith-Wiehman Oil Co. Directors nominated are: Dennis E. Bergen, Cook & Swan Co.; Albert J. Squier, Warren Lubricant Co.; J. H. Redding, Niger Co.; Joseph N. Pigot, Pigot-Sayre Co.; T. J. Skidmore, Tidewater Oil Co.; C. E. Smith, Davies, Young Soap Co.; H. Mart, W. R. Grace & Co.

The Chemical Division, Department of Commerce, has received inquiries from paint and solvent manufacturers relative to sources of butyl alcohol, amyl alcohol, and fusel oil outside of the United States. The logical field sources were requested to submit the names of producers and some remarks as to the situation existing in the respective territories relative to these commodities. A list of the firms in each country reported upon has been prepared by the Commercial Intelligence Division and copies may be obtained upon request.

James S. Kirk & Co., Chicago soap manufacturers, have been cited by the Federal Trade Commission because they used the term "cocoa castile," "floating castile," "hard water castile," and other modifications of "castile" on soaps which contained no olive oils in their basic materials.

The Paint & Varnish Division of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Everett, Mass., held a sales convention at the City Club in Boston, Feb. 18 and 19. A. H. Avery, district manager for New England, and B. H. Ring, trade sales manager, were in charge of arrangements.

Brown-Roberts Hardware and Supply Co., Alexandria, La., will distribute du Pont paints and varnishes in Alexandria and vicinity.

M. C. Kline has transferred the business known as Kline Co., 473 Jackson st., San Francisco, to Columbia Soap & Chemical Works.

The Texas Cottonseed Crushers' Association will hold its 30th annual convention at the Hotel Galvez, Galveston, Tex., June 9 to 11.

National Paint, Oil & Varnish Association has chosen the Ambassador Hotel at Atlantic City for its convention next Fall.

#### TURPENTINE LOWER, ROSIN FIRM

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 23.—Turpentine declined today, but closed firm at 95c. Today's demand would indicate that 95c will continue to be offered. Shipments of turpentine are reducing stocks while receipts are insufficient to fill orders and if any demand develops for prompt shipment prices will advance materially. Owing to the conservative buying of consumers this season, it is thought that considerable business will open up in April.

Receipts of new crop do not increase in a material way until about May 1. Turpentine receipts for the week, 315 bbls.; sales reported, 257 bbls.; shipments, 2,383 bbls.; Savannah stock, 9,284 bbls.

Rosin closed firm with improvement in demand. Receipts for the week, 2,455 bbls.; sales reported, 1,965 bbls.; shipments, 15,071 bbls.; stock, 78,676 bbls. Jacksonville: Stocks Feb. 21, turpentine, 22,532 bbls.; rosin, 133,152 bbls. No trading owing to meeting of Naval Stores trade in Savannah.

#### FRENCH OLIVE OIL MARKET QUIET

Marseilles, France, Feb. 16.—The market for olive oil is steady, but business is quiet. Quotations on 100 kilos are:

	Francs
Pouches du Rhone	685@700
Var	665@690
Tunis finest	695@725
Algerian	625@650
Andalusian	620@640
Lampautes, Algerian	490
Lampautes, Corsica	470
Oil from pulp and husks	350

Stroock & Wittenberg Corp. has been formed to handle varnish, gums, Chinawood oil and other products used for the paint and varnish industries. A. J. Wittenberg, president, was formerly associated with A. Klipstein & Co., Samuel Stroock, secretary, was with S. Stroock & Co. and D. W. Moriarity, vice president was with Innes & Co. The company's offices are in the Whitehall Building, 17 Battery Place, New York.

World production of flaxseed is estimated at 126,000,000 bushels for last year by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, which says the crop is the largest since the war and is greater than the pre-war average. Argentina, which supplies between 65 and 80 per cent of the flaxseed entering into world trade, accounted for the large increase in production. Latest estimates of Argentina's crop place it at 63,225,000 bushels.

A decrease in the consumption of rosin in the soap trade is shown in the report of the U. S. Bureau of Census, of the raw materials entering into the production of soaps of all kinds. In 1909, 207,296,447 pounds of rosin were used. In 1914, the amounts used decreased to 185,311,000 pounds and in 1919, the total amount was 119,529,661 pounds. High prices are given as one of the reasons for the curtailment.

The Tariff Commission has not yet decided on its course in the vegetable oils investigation, which is scheduled for preliminary hearing March 7. A hearing on linseed is scheduled for March 5 and it is probable that a further hearing will be ordered on casein.

National Paint, Oil & Varnish Association will hold the thirty-seventh annual convention at the Ambassador Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 20-22. Granville M. Breinig is chairman of the entertainment and arrangement committee.

### The Fine Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Fine Chemicals, page 652

#### COD LIVER OIL AGAIN HIGHER ON SPOT

Owing to Active Demand and Firmer Shipment Prices -Citric Acid Stocks Reported Low-Salicylic Acid Active-Alcohol Firm-Japanese Camphor Inside at 79clb.-Formaldehyde Firm-Glycerin Quiet

# PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands) Advanced Cod Liver Oil, Norwegian, 50c bbl.

Acid, Acetylsalicylic, Resale, 1c tb. Menthol, Natural, 25c tb.

Tre	nd of	the Ma	irket			
	Today		Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acetanilid		\$.32	\$.32	\$.35	\$2.00	\$.20
Acid Citric, Import	.48	.48	.471/2	.481/2	1.25	.45
Caffeine Alkaloid	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.75	18.00	3.65
Calomel, American	1.10	1.10	1.25	1.25	3.43	.90
Camphor, Jap., ref	.79	.79	.80	.91	3.55	.41
Iodine, Resublimed	4.40	4.40	4.55	4.55	5.00	3.75
Menthol		12.50	13.00	8.25	13.50	3.00
Potassium Bromide, Cryst.		.30	.30	.26	4.30	.80 .25 .27
Quinine Sulfate, Imp		.50	.50	.26	.90	.25
Sodium Salicylate		.40	.40	.52	4.25	.27
Strychnine Sulfate		.68	.68	.84	2.05	.50
Average	2.32	2.32	2.39	1.98	5.92	1.56

A great deal of shopping around by consumers has been noted in the fine and medicinal market during the past week. However, the total sales are on the increase, while the individual transactions are reported smaller than a year ago. Shipment prices are holding firm from abroad and in some cases sharp advances have been reported. Spot stocks appear to be firmly held with tendency for holders to "stand as quoted," which condition, no doubt, indicates firm position from first hands. Changes have been few probably due to narrowness of trading and the short week. Manufacturers appear to have things their own way with few exceptions. What material second hands have, is quoted so close to makers' prices that consumers are going direct to the manufacturers in many instances.

Citric acid is active and stocks of imported are reported scarce. Salicylic acid, U.S.P., is in demand especially for export. Makers of alcohol state that prices are unchanged and that the market is firm with demand good. Japanese camphor is firm at 79clb. spot owing to higher exchange. Formaldehyde is firm at 11clb. for car lots. Glycerin holders are steady at 16½c lb. for C.P. Cod liver oil is again higher and recent importation of 481 barrels is reported sold, so that no relief from this direction can be obtained.

Acetphenetidin-Makers quote firm values at \$1.85@ \$1.901b. spot.

Acid, Acetylsalicylic-Second hands have reduced prices and now quote 70c@72clb. spot, while makers remain unchanged at 75c@85clb. as to seller and quantity.

Acid, Benzoic-Makers quote 75c@85clb. spot for U. S. P. material, second hands at 72c@77clb.

Acid. Carbolic-One distributor of subdivisions has advanced his prices and now quotes the following outside figures; 112lb. tins, 31c@34clb.; 25lb. tins, 33c@36clb.; 5lb. tins, 36c@39clb.; and 1lb. bottles, 40c@43clb. Other distributors have not as yet fallen in line with the higher quotations.

Acid, Citric-Imported held firm at 48c@49clb. spot with March delivery quoted at 47c@473/2clb. Shipment has firmed up and best price heard, is 30clb. c.i.f. New York. Domestic named at 48c@49clb.

Acid, Diethylbarbituric-Generally quoted at \$4.00@ \$4.25lb. spot, but lower prices, no doubt, could be done on firm business.

Acid, Salicylic-Quoted in active demand at 35clb. spot by makers, and 35clb. from resale quarters for U.S.P. material.

Acid, Tartaric-Imported named steady at 271/2c@ 281/2clb. spot. During past week 290 kegs were imported at New York, which were probably "sold to arrive." Shipment reported at 21clb. c.i.f. New York. Domestic makers still name 30clb.

Alcohol-Makers report an active market, although some directions state that supplies are somewhat easier than for a little time past. No. 1 specially denatured at 48c@50c gal. spot in drums, No. 5 completely denatured at 47c@49c gal., and No. 6 completely denatured at 46c@48c gal.

Aloin-Steady at 88c@93c gal. spot.

Amidopyrine-First hands report a steady consumption at \$4.50@\$4.65lb. spot. Imports still remain high and little is coming in at the moment.

Antipyrine-No change during the past two weeks at \$2.15@\$2.25lb. spot. Demand routine.

Bay Rum-Porto Rican medicated with salicylic acid quoted at \$2.00@\$2.20 gal. spot. Market is more or less upset owing to some supplies coming in without paying the required tax, according to reports in the trade. St. Thomas quoted at \$1.20@\$1.30 gal. Domestic dealers report active market at 90c@\$1.00 gal.

Camphor-Japanese quoted firm at 79c@80clb. spot for 21/21b. slabs due to higher shipment figures and active demand on spot. Some forward delivery business reported. Domestic makers firm at 93clb. in barrels.

Cocoa Butter-Steady at 34c@35clb. for fingers.

Cod Liver Oil-Norwegian has advanced again and now quoted at \$25.00@\$25.50 bbl. spot. Shipment has been steadily advancing owing to active demand from consuming quarters as well as firmer exchange rates.

Cream Tartar-Imported easy at 22c@231/2clb. spot, and domestic at 23clb. Available business subject to keen competition between importers and domestic

Formaldehyde-Makers report a firm market at 11clb. works for c/l and 12c@1234clb. for carboys. Export demand active.

Glycerin-C.P. quoted steady at 161/2c@17clb. spot in drums with possibilities of shading these figures on firm orders. Dynamite named at 151/2c@16clb. with few buyers in the market at these prices.

Hydroquinone-Named at \$1.40@\$1.50lb. spot in 100lb.

Magnesium Carbonate-U.S.P. material quoted quiet at 10c@11clb. spot in barrels.

Menthol-Natural has declined and now quoted at \$12.25@\$12.75lb. spot as to quantity with some factors still naming \$12.50lb. inside. Feb.-Mar. shipment named at \$10.00lb. c.i.f. with no buyers. Late cables from London state a firmer market there. Considerable interest has been shown in the synthetic material, which is still quoted at \$9.00lb. "to arrive."

Mercury-Market firm at \$60.00@\$61.00 flask spot with London naming £9 12s 6d per flask.

Podophyllin—First hands quote \$6.00@\$6.25lb. spot and firm thereat. Second hands name \$5.95@\$6.00lb.

Potassium Permanganate—Imported material quoted at 14c@17clb. spot as to seller, quantity and quality. The largest holder of imported material reports that 17clb. is his price and that he will not shade this figure. Domestic named at 1334c@14½clb. works as to quantity.

Saccharin—Quoted firm at \$1.90@\$2.10lb. spot as to quantity.

Sugar Milk—Quiet at the moment at 21c@22clb. for U.S.P. in barrels.

Thymol—Demand has eased off of late, although price remains unchanged at \$3.25@\$3.50lb. spot.

A statement concerning the use and application of iodine has been issued by the Conference Board of Physicians in Industry, recently organized to improve conditions of employment and safeguarding employees in industrial organizations of the country. "Tincture of iodine should be used only in and around the wound and should be applied within eight hours after the injury occurs—the sconer the better" says the report. "Apply folds of gauze (bandage, not cotton) directly to the wound. Never soak the gauze in iodine and never apply it on unbroken skin surfaces as this practice irritates and frequently causes blisters."

A bill, proposing that no druggist, physician or any other person shall sell or give away cocaine, opium, morphine or their derivatives or compounds in any quantity whatever, except to regularly licensed physicians or dentists, or upon prescription of such physicians, to be used once and not to be refilled, has been introduced in the Mississippi Legislature. This bill does not apply to physicians or dentists using these narcotics in their regular practice.

Imports into Canada of drugs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations during December were valued as follows: From Britain \$88,063; United States \$105,398; other countries \$30,247; total \$223,708; compared with imports for December, 1922; From Britain \$74,249; United States, \$80,281; other countries \$25,993; total \$180,523.

A bill introduced in Kentucky, known as the "Restrictive Sales Bill," provides that no extract or patent medicine containing more than 4 per cent alcohol shall be sold by any person other than a registered pharmacist. If passed, the bill would prevent the sale of perfumes, and toilet articles in the state except in drug stores.

Mallinckrodt Chemical Works, St. Louis, Mo., has recently issued the January price list for reagent and C.P. chemicals, as well as other products specially prepared and analyzed for laboratory use. Directions for making standard volumetric solutions are also given. The booklet will be published at irregular periods.

Chemical patents were the subject of an address by William H. Davis, well-known New York patent lawyer, at the February meeting of the Fine and Medicinal Chemical Section, Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturers Association, at the Hotel Commodore, New York, on Feb. 26.

University of West Virginia, Morgantown, W. Va., is to build a chemical laboratory, costing \$650,000.

#### ISSUE BEARISH MENTHOL STATEMENT

A strongly bearish statement on menthol, recently sent out to consumers all over the United States by Gravely & Co., New York importers, and which has just come to light, predicts a weaker market.

The statement says: "Menthol market in Japan is, apparently, a trifle weaker. A cable was received here to-day, quoting Feb. to March at \$10.50 lb. c. i. f. New York, which would be \$11.15 duty paid. This same position was 75c a pound higher ten days ago. As you know, the spot market is generally held and quoted at \$12.00 pound duty paid. Among the dealers here, a "gentlemen's agreement" exists to hold the spot market at this figure. However, at least one of these spot holders is willing to break the gentlemen's agreement, as we purchased five cases this aiternoon (Feb. 3) at \$11.50 a pound, duty paid, f. o. b. New York. To shade a price 50c a pound is rather extraordinary. We think the Feb.-Mar. position from Japan will weaken still more, as there seems to be very little interest shown on the part of the consumers in the country."

The statement was signed by Francis X. Cassera, who was the leader of a bear group in one of the liveliest menthol fights on record which was staged back in 1920. He was then in charge of the menthol department of Rockhill & Vietor, New York, and led a spectacular bear raid on the market which was not immediately successful. A smash, which came shortly after the raid, however, cost the bull interests many thousands of dollars and put a couple of New York firms into bankruptcy.

#### DRUG MANUFACTURERS MEET APRIL 7

The annual meeting of American Drug Manufacturers' Association will be held at the Hotel Biltmore, New York, during the week of April 7, with leading representatives of the industry from all parts of the country taking part in the discussions, which will cover the Federal enforcement of the narcotic law, operation of the Pure Food and Drugs Act, price maintenance and ethics.

The opening day will be devoted to section meetings which include the drug, pharmaceutical and biological divisions. Problems confronting the pharmaceutical industry will be discussed and various committees will report on code of ethics, catalogue simplification and standardization of glass containers. Drs. W. W. Skinner and George W. Hoover will tell of the aims of the U. S. Bureau of Chemistry in the administration of the Pure Food and Drugs Act, and Col. L. G. Nutt, Secretary of the Federal Narcotics Control Board, will speak on the enforcement of the narcotic laws.

#### INDORSE A.Ph.A. BUILDING PLAN

The new building of the American Pharmaceutical Association will be the best kind of insurance toward the preservation and perpetuation of the profession, says R. P. Fischelis, Dean of the New Jersey College of Pharmacy, and Secretary of the Board of Directors of the A.Ph.A. in a statement indorsing the campaign for funds. Wilber J. Teeters, Dean of Pharmacy, Iowa State University, Iowa City; P. Henry Utech, President, Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association; Dr. A. G. Du Mez, Washington, D. C., and others have also contributed statements supporting the campaign.

Announcement has been made by H. A. B. Dunning, Chairman of the campaign committee, of receipt of subscriptions from Johnson & Johnson for \$10,000, Lehn & Fink \$3,000, and Muth Brothers, Baltimore, \$1,000.

# The Crude Drug Market

Current Spot Quotations of Crude Drugs, page 673

#### ROMAN CHAMOMILE FLOWERS EASIER

Demand Slow and Stocks Plentiful—Arnica Flowers Lower—Copaiba Balsam Sharply Up—Buchu Leaves Easier—Celery Seed Active—All Gingers Firm—Mexican Sarsaparilla Root Softer

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Balsam, Copaiba, S. A., 6c lb.
Celery Seed, 3c lb.
Ergot, 1c lb.
Snake Root, Canadian, 5c lb.

Agar Agar, No. 1, 2c tb.
Aloes, Curacao, 1/c tb.
Arabic Gum, White No. 1, 3c tb.
Chamomile, Roman, 5c tb.
Arnica Flowers, 1/c tb.
Balsam, Oregon Fir, 5c tb.

Declined

Buchu Leaves, 3c tb.
Chamomile, Roman, 5c tb.
Sarsaparilla Root, Mex., 1c tb.
Senega Root, 1c tb.

Trend of the Market
Last Last Last
Today Week Month Year War Peak \$40 .95 1.75 .03½ .55 .75 2.00 .07 6.75 \$.50 .88 \$.50 1-10 .03½ .35 .65 2.20 1.10 .03½ .34 .66 2.10 .05 .05 34 1.30 .14 9.00 .31 1.30 .14 Average ..... 1.37 1.37 1.31 1.29 5.28

A falling off in contract business has been noted during the past six months and in its place hand-to-mouth buying appears to predominate. Buyers are not willing to anticipate future needs probably due to the general high prices, which they think might react downward most any time. Europe is reported to have been buying heavily from the Orient, outbidding America in a number of instances. Shipment values from the Coast rule firm with the exception of balsams, which have eased off due to slow movement of goods into consuming channels. The same condition will probably confront the gathering of drugs in the South this year as last year, namely, scarcity of labor. Much higher prices for imported botanicals are possible, if the proposed ruling in regard to the discontinuance of the custom of cleaning the drugs, when they do not meet the U.S.P. tests goes into effect.

Arnica flowers have turned easier after an active buying period. Copaiba balsam is higher owing to reduced stocks both on spot and for shipment. Importers are bidding for supplies in primary market, but without results. Buchu leaves have again eased off to slow demand. Celery seed has been active and available supplies are closely held at 33clb. African ginger is firmer with tendency for all gingers to show strength. Mexican sarsaparilla root has eased off owing to light demand, although stocks carried here are none too plentiful. Roman chamomile flowers are lower.

Aconite Root-Market remains steady at 48c@50clb.

Agar Agar—Has declined and now quoted at \$1.48@ \$1.50lb. spot for No. 1, \$1.45lb. for No. 2, and \$1.40lb. for No. 3. Shipment quoted at \$1.05lb. c.i.f. New York for No. 1, \$1.02lb. for No. 2, and 92clb for No. 3. Business on spot has been quiet with tendency for

supplies to show scarcity in spite of the easier quotations.

Aletris Root—While spot is quoted at 58c@63clb., some directions are shading these figures on firm business.

Aloes—Curacao has declined and now quoted at 11½c @12clb. spot due to slowing up of demand. Cape quiet at 9c@10clb.

Anise Seed—Star reported off the market with goods "to arrive" at 14c@15clb. Spanish quiet at 15½c@16c lb. spot with some houses naming 15clb.

Arabic Gum—Amber sorts named firm at 12½c@ 13clb. spot with replacements named at 57s per cwt. c.i.f. New York, which figures out about 12clb. at current exchange rates. Last week saw 1,334 bags arabic gum imported at New York from Bombay. One house has raised their price and now name 13clb. inside for amber sorts.

Arnica Flowers—Has declined and now quoted lower at 11c@12clb. spot.

Balsams—Copaiba, S.A., has advanced sharply and now quoted at 33c@35clb. spot, and Para at 29c@31clb. Several firm offers have been received from the primary market, but importers here state that they are not able to place business even at the figures of the offers. Stocks are low and little material is said to be available in primary market. Oregon fir lower at 1.40 @\$1.45 gal. spot owing to keen competition among holders. Peru at \$2.00@\$2.25lb., although one factor states that \$1.85lb. would be acceptable.

Belladonna Leaves—Firm at 28c@30clb. spot with little U.S.P. goods being offered for shipment. Root named at 12½c@13clb.

Buchu Leaves—Has declined and now quoted at 78c @81clb. spot for bales, and 87c@89clb. for less. Demand slow and supplies ample.

Cascara Sagrada—New peel named lower at 27c@29c lb. spot, and old bark at 28c@30clb. Although business has been quiet on spot, holders on the Coast are firm and little concession is being made from this direction.

Celery Seed—Market has advanced sharply and now quoted at 33c@35clb. spot due to scarcity and active demand.

Chamomile Flowers—Roman has eased off further and now quoted at 85c@90clb. spot. Demand has been slow with tendency to accumulation of stocks. Hungarian at 8c@9clb.

Cloves—Zanzibar quoted at 32c@34clb. spot as to quantity and seller. Last week saw 1,465 bags entered at New York.

Cotton Root Bark—Quoted easy at 14c@16clb. spot with possibility of shading these figures on firm orders.

Cuttlefish Bone—Lower at 13½c@14clb. for Trieste

Dandelion Root—Named firm at 38c@40clb. spot with some houses holding to 40clb. inside. Little material available for shipment.

Digitalis Leaves—Steady at 7c@8clb. spot with shipment supplies of poor quality, according to reports.

Ergot-Higher at 35c@37clb. spot.

Gentian Root-Easy and quiet at 81/2c@9clb. spot.

Ginger—African has advanced and now quoted at 17c @18clb. spot, and Jamaica at 34c@38clb. as to quality.

Henbane Leaves-Easier at 36c@38clb. spot.

Insect Powder—Spot quoted at 66c@68clb. with March shipment of flowers at 48clb. c.i.f. New York. Statistical position of this item is too high, according to one factor in the trade.

Ipecac Root—Cartagena steady at \$1.95@\$2.00lb. spot for whole, and \$2.10@\$2.20lb. for powdered. During past week 19 bags were entered at New York.

Japan Wax—Supplies on spot closely held at 20c@ 21clb. with Apr.-May shipment named at 1534clb. c.i.f. New York.

Larkspur Seed—Named at \$1.30@\$1.351b, spot with possibility of doing \$1.251b.

Quince Seed—Market quiet at 95c@\$1.10lb. spot as to quality and seller. Good Capetown material held at \$1.05lb.

Saffron Flowers—Spanish quoted at \$30.50@\$32.00lb. spot as to seller with some houses inside at \$32.00lb. Lower values not warranted in view of high replacement costs. American at 78c@80clb.

Sarsaparilla Root—Mexican has declined and now quoted at 30c@32clb. spot owing to slow demand. Honduras at 61c@65clb.

Senega Root—Although spot supplies are none too plentiful, the market has eased off slightly and now 63c @66clb. is quoted in a limited way only.

Senna—Siftings lower at 10½c@12clb. spot, and pods at 12c@14clb.

Snake Root—Canadian higher at 45c@50clb. spot. Stripped reported off the market.

Wormseed—Levant held firm at \$4.00lb. spot, and American at  $8\frac{1}{2}$ c@9clb.

# CRUDE DRUGS STEADY IN MARSEILLES (Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Marseilles, France, Feb. 16.—The market for crude drugs is steady and prices are well maintained. Quotations per 100 kilos are:

	Francs
Agar Agar	50@54
Albumin, egg	4,700@4,800
Anise seed, Levant	500@550
Benzoin	410
Cardanioms	1,050@1,100
Camphor	3,650@3,700
Cloves. Zanzibar	1,250
Galanga	300@315
Pimento, Jamaica	200@225
Saffron Opium	120,000
	Nominal
Resin, Bayonne blanche	125
	900@925
Cumin, Morocco	975@1,000 1.225@1,350
Tartaric acid	975@1.000
Fennel	350@400
Foenugreek	140@160

Ralph B. Wattley and other stockholders of the National Drug Stores Corp., New York, have been denied an injunction by the New York Supreme Court, aimed to prevent the sale of the company's Times Square, New York, store to the Louis K. Liggett Co.

The steamship Hawaii Maru, which arrived at Seattle, recently, carried 17 cases of quinine bisulfate consigned to Vietor & Hosken and 75 bales of insect flowers for Bank of Montreal, Vancouver, B. C.

P. C. Cahill, of J. L. Hopkins & Co., New York crude drug millers, became the father of a baby girl born Feb. 20.

#### CRUDE DRUGS IN KEEN COMPETITION

Prices 50% Higher Than 1923—Piecemeal Buying in Evidence—Price Lists Issued Without Prices—High Foreign Botanicals Offset by Lower Domestic Drugs

Piecemeal buying in crude drugs has resulted in lessened volume of business and a proportional decrease in profits, with the result that in order to make a profit in botanicals, a study of primary market conditions and comparisons with spot prices becomes more necessary as competition sharpens. Some houses are sending out "price lists without prices," thereby endeavoring to get back to quality and good-will. Last Fall sellers viewed the situation differently and prices were advanced as fast as the trade would assimilate them. On a downward swing competition naturally sharpens, since the carrying charges on crude drugs run into large amounts, especially in the Metropolitan district.

Prices are about 50 per cent higher than a year ago and no sudden easing off is expected considering the market as a whole, according to the trade. Values may settle to lower levels, say dealers, but the change will not be sharp owing to the scarcities that develop almost daily. The high prices for shipment from abroad are partly offset by the easier primary markets on domestic botanicals, due to the open Winter, which has allowed gathering of drugs to continue longer than usual.

# CRUDE DRUG IMPORTS IN 1923 AND 1922 (Special to Drug & Chemical Markets)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—Imports of crude drugs and gums in 1923 compared with 1922 are shown in the following table prepared by the Chemical Division, Department of Commerce, in co-operation with the Chemical Division of the Tariff Commission:

	1	923	1923	
	Quantity Pounds	Value Dollars	Quantity Pounds	Value Dollars
Gums, resins and balsa Copal, damar and				
Shellac		4,087,621 14,915,636	20,401,473 38,446,775	3,500,355 22,955,251
Camphor Crude, natural Refined & synthetic Gum Arabic Gambier	2,460,291 2,690,830 8,191,736 9,003,374	1,553,572 1,880,797 798,010 433,307	3,486,082 4,002,243 9,857,703 6,321,653	2,214,008 2,890,883 1,239,788 442,816
Drugs, herbs, leaves, et Cinchona bark Pyrethrum flowers Nux vomica Licorice extract Licorice root	2,503,615 3,593,971 1,282,951 1,578,702 56,129,388	921,700 1,198,232 68,079 386,625 3,214,796	2,816,503 2,973,863 2,196,161 1,231,618 64,824,928	778,983 1,397,910 95,927 274,679 2,360,084

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin Co., Toledo wholesale drug house, gave a dinner and entertainment for its employees on Feb. 8, at the Toledo Chamber of Commerce quarters. R. H. Bradley, president of the company, addressed the hundred representatives of the firm who were present.

Quinine manufacture from cinchona bark in Ecuador is a commercial possibility, according to J. C. Treadwell, who is in charge of the United States Rubber Commission, which is making an investigation of the conditions for raising rubber, in South America.

Representative Porter of Pennsylvania has introduced a bill in the House prohibiting the importation of crude opium for the purpose of manufacturing heroin. The bill has been referred to the Ways and Means Committee of the House.

Spanish saffron in Constantinople originates usually from Salonica, according to American Vice Consul Herbert S. Bursley, and at the present time only about 10 kilos are available for shipment.

### The Essential Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Essential Oils, 677, Aromatic Chemicals, 678

#### OIL CITRONELLA EASIER ON SPOT

Possible to Shade 75clb. for Schimmel Tested Oil—Oil
Peppermint Sharply Higher—Oil Bourbon Geranium
10% Higher for Shipment—Oil Wormseed Lower—
Oil Sassafras Lower—Oils Anise and Cassia Firm

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Oil Linaloe, 25c tb. Advanced
Oil Peppermint, Nat'l., 15c lb.
Oil Vetivert, Bourbon, 30c lb.

Oil Citronella, Ceylon, Sch. Test
So tb.
Oil Sassafras, U.S.P., 10c tb.
Diethyl Phthalate, Drums, 5c tb.

Trend of the Market
Last Last Last
Today Week Month Year 
 Oil Bergamot
 \$3.00

 Oil Citronella, Ceylon
 .73

 Oil Cloves
 2.30

 Oil Lemon, Italian
 .80

 Oil Sendalwood, E. I. 675
 60

 Oil Sandalwood, E. I. 675
 61

 Oil Sandalwood, E. I. 675
 61

 Sassafras, Artif.
 .37

 Benzaldehyde, U.S.P. 1.50
 60

 Coumarin
 3.85
 ..... \$3.00 \$3.00 \$2.90 85.00 .80 2.30 .8D 3.33 6.75 .37 .92 3.70 1.70 9.00 72 2.00 .70 2.85 7.50 .42 1.40 4.00 2.25 5.25 26 1 50 3.10 Methyl Salicylate, Caps... .47 .47 Average ..... 2.16 2.14 2.15 2.04 6.83 2.05

While consuming demand has not been as brisk as a week ago, prices are well maintained and several oils have registered the highest levels for the year. All primary markets appear to be steadily advancing and orders are being filled at the higher quotations, although perhaps in smaller volume than usual. However, if consumers come in the market for sufficient quantities, higher prices on spot will, no doubt, be inevitable, according to several dealers. The break in the week owing to the holiday caused a slackening of buying. Further recoveries in prices of oils have been made during the past week, and if firmness continues, most all of the declines noted in January will have been regained.

Oil peppermint has advanced on spot in sympathy with prices in the country. Some business was reported to have been placed at \$3.50lb. for shipment. Country holders appear to be in strong position. Oil Bourbon geranium is quoted higher for shipment owing to active buying. Oil wormseed is lower on spot. Oil sassafras is easier due to recent arrivals, which has relieved the shortage in this market. Oil anise is firm at prices quoted, but no change is expected immediately in spite of foreign position. Oil cassia is firm for shipment, and some factors say that this condition is temporary only. Oil citronella is easier on spot for Schimmel tested oil. Pure oil is firm, however.

Oil Almond—Sweet firm at 35c@40clb. spot as to quantity with possibility of higher figures. Bitter U. S. P. named at \$3.25@\$3.75lb., and ffPA at \$3.50@\$3.75lb.

Oil Angelica Root—Quoted quiet at \$38@\$39lb. spot, and seed at \$36@\$38lb.

Oil Anise—Conditions on spot unchanged at 41c@45c lb. for U. S. P., and 40c@42clb. for technical. Hong-kong market is still bare of supplies, according to latest reports. Available stocks ample for all requirements, and no change is expected unless unforeseen demand sets in. The latest explanation for heavy supplies on

spot is said to be due to the absence of buying from German sources, which has allowed an accumulation of goods in other markets.

Oil Bay—Quiet and in small demand at \$2.50@\$2.60 lb. spot.

Oil Bergamot—Coppers firm at \$3.00@\$3.15lb. spot with replacements at \$2.95lb. c.i.f. New York. Little cheap material available here. Buying has been active, especially between dealers.

Oil Bois de Rose—Firm with tendency to scarcity at \$3.50@\$3.65lb. spot.

Oil Caraway—Little interest is being shown for this item at the moment at \$8.25@\$8.50lb. spot.

Oil Carvol-Quiet at \$17@\$18lb. spot.

Oil Cassia—No further developments have been heard in regard to the primary market. Holders there are firm in their ideas, and whether or not this situation is justified, will probably come to light in the near future. One factor is of the opinion that this firmness is for short duration only. Redistilled at \$2.25@\$2.35 lb. spot, and natural at \$1.65@\$1.75lb. in drums.

Oil Cedar Wood-Firm at 30c@32clb. spot.

Oil Citronella—Schimmel tested oil has declined and now quoted at 75c@80clb. spot in drums, and 77c@82clb. in tins. Pure still held at 95c@\$1.00lb. in drums. Little buying reported for future delivery. Java firm at \$1.05c@\$1.10lb. in drums.

Oil Cloves—Market is weak at \$2.30@\$2.40lb. spot for U. S. P. in cans, and \$2.40@\$2.50lb. in bottles.

Oil Coriander—Supplies sufficient for all requirements at \$14.75@\$15.00lb. spot.

Oil Eucalyptus—Demand from consuming channels with business fair between dealers showing the more activity at 75clb. spot in drums, and cases at 75c@85clb. as to test. Deliveries on contracts are reported on increase, and the recent pinch appears to have passed.

Oil Geranium—Bourbon steady on spot at \$6.50@\$6.75 lb. with shipment quoted 10 per cent higher, according to late cables. Recent buying in France has sent the price up, and still higher prices are predicted owing to limited stocks in primary market. Algerian at \$7.00@\$7.50lb., and Turkish at \$4.50@\$4.75lb.

Oil Lavender—U. S. P. named at \$4.50@\$6.00lb. spot as to quality and seller. Spike quoted at 90c@\$1.00lb. with some poor quality at lower levels.

Oil Lemon—Italian firm at 80c@95clb. spot as to seller with replacements slightly below these figures. Reports are heard that speculators are busy in Italy and are buying everything in sight. American at 75c@80clb.

Oil Linaloe—Has advanced and now quoted at \$3.50 (a.\$3.75lb. spot owing to scarcity both here and for shipment.

Oil Orange—Italian in active demand at \$3.10@\$3.35 lb. spot as to seller and brand. Primary market firm with tendency to higher figures. West Indian at \$2.45@ \$2.55lb. spot. American at \$2.85@\$2.90lb.

Oil Peppermint—Has advanced sharply and now quoted at \$3.60@\$3.85lb. spot for natural, and \$3.75@\$4.00lb. for redistilled as to holder. Reports are heard that business has been transacted as high as \$3.50lb. in the country.

Oil Petit Grain—South American steady at \$1.75@ \$1.85lb. spot with shipment about equal to values here. Italian at \$2.25@\$2.35lb.

Oil Sassafras—Has declined and now quoted at \$1.70 @\$1.80lb. spot for U. S. P. in cans.

Oil Vetivert—Firmer at \$9.00@\$9.50lb. spot owing to scarcity.

Oil Wormseed—Spot named lower at \$6.50@\$7.00lb. as to seller. Country holding firm, although little buying is reported for shipment.

Aromatic Chemicals

Acetophenone—Quoted lower at \$4.25@\$4.50lb. spot. Amyl Butyrate—In small demand at \$1.75@\$2.00lb. spot.

Coumarin—Makers report an active market at \$3.85 @\$4.00lb. spot. Resales at \$3.85lb.

Diethyl Phthalate—In active demand at 40c@45clb. spot in drums, and 50c@55clb, in cans.

Methyl Salicylate—Quoted at 45c@47clb. spot as to quantity.

Phenylacetaldehyde—In active demand at \$9.50@ \$10.50lb. spot for 50 per cent domestic material, and imported at \$10.00@\$12.00lb. Some consumers show preference for higher testing material. Named at \$16@ \$18lb. for 80-85 per cent goods.

Tolu Balsam-Spot holders name \$2.00@\$2.25lb. as to quantity.

#### The Tin Market

Tin—Market has declined slightly over last week and now quoted at 54½clb. spot for Straits and shipment at 54clb. Standard named at 54clb. and 99 per cent at 53½clb. Consumers in this market appear to be well supplied for at least three to four months, and unless they are approached with lower prices, the trade thinks that buying will ease off. Arrivals thus far this month follow: 6,890 tons at Atlantic ports, 205 tons at Pacific ports, and 6,600 tons afloat.

"Uses of Alcohol in Scientific Research and Lawful Industry" is the title of the official pamphlet covering the statements and recommendations submitted on Oct. 20 last, to the Bureau of Internal Revenue by the Alcohol Trades Advisory Committee. Senator Bayard, who requested that it be made a Senate document, has familiarized himself thoroughly with the importance of alcohol, from the standpoint of science, industry and national welfare, and is in accord with the recommendation of the Alcohol Trades Committee that the administration of the legitimate uses of industrial alcohol be separated entirely from the prohibition enforcement.

A bill levying a tax of 15 per cent on miscellaneous articles, including toilet articles, has been introduced in the Mississippi legislature, according to information given out by Thomas J. Hickey, attorney for the Chicago Perfumery, Soap and Extract Association.

R. O. Wells, formerly of Wangler-Budd Co., New York, will represent Orbis Products Trading Co., New York, importers of essential oils and aromatic chemicals, as representative in the New York district, commencing Mar. 1.

Saccharin's sweetness, compared with that of sugar, increases upon dilution. It is 190 times as sweet at a concentration of 5 parts in 6,400 parts water: at a concentration of 5/204,800 it is 675 times as sweet as sugar.

Exports of spike lavender from Spain to United States during nine months ended Sept. 30 were 36,693 pounds, valued at \$22,402, compared with 99,171 pounds, valued at \$75,965, for twelve months in 1922.

#### JASMIN AND OTHER PERFUMES SCARCE

Jasmin perfume is one which cannot easily be obtained from synthetic products, and at the present time consumption is greater than production, according to the "American Perfumer": "If this condition continues demand will come from all parts of the world. Some products, such as the pomade, the flower absolute from pomade and others, are entirely used up and cannot be found at any price. Oil African geranium is used up and the market price of the little which remains for sale has risen considerably. No more oil will be available until next May. Distillation of oil Bourbon geranium has begun and the market price has dropped a good deal, but a demand may appear any day and the price rise suddenly. Stocks of lavender are used up except a few lots with low ester content, and during the past few weeks the market has advanced sharply. Oil spike lavender has been in demand owing to scarcity of the U.S.P. product."

#### MENTHOL PRICE DROPS TO \$11.75 SPOT

Spot menthol in cases has dropped to \$11.75 lb. in New York. Reports indicate that actual orders might bring out less than this. Predictions that prices will be higher in Japan than in New York during the next 60 days, are heard in the trade. A leading factor states \$11.00 c.i.f. for prompt shipment is the price in Japan. Kobayashi and Nagaoka are reported to have sold 200 cases at \$8.75 c.i.f. New York for Jan.-Mar. shipment. They will not be able to make shipment until April, according to the report, and Suzuki is squeezing them by bulling the Japanese market. Demand in New York is small and dealers are trying to force case business by holding less than case lots at \$12.50 lb. Competition between New York holders has become extremely keen, and the trade looks for lower prices on spot. The leading importers, who have controlled this market for some time past, are now facing a fight from outsiders.

Oil cassia has been in fair demand and is dear on spot as well as to arrive, according to "Chemist and Druggist," of London. "Java citronella has advanced in price. Ceylon oil is quiet and easier. Some sellers report a firmer spot market for star anise, but supplies are still obtainable around the previous figures. West Indian orange has a firmer tendency, but Sicilian oil is easier. Geranium oils are cheaper on the spot. Japanese mint oil is cheaper to arrive, and spot is a shade easier."

The Chicago Perfumery, Soap and Extract Association is opposed to the passage of the Ernst-Wood or Crampton bills as being against the interests of the trade. These bills, providing that the prohibition unit be taken out of the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, have recently been indorsed by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

"Little interest has developed since our last report, and although real activity is lacking, very fair business is being done and the market shows a decidedly healthy tone," says, Chas. L. Huisking, essential oil and crude drug brokers.

A perfumery exposition will be held at the 71st Regiment Armory during the week of March 3, at which there will be exhibited perfumery, toilet articles and other boudoir requisites of American and foreign manufacturers.

Lentheric, Inc., New York, a Delaware corporation, has increased its capitalization from \$200,000 to \$10,-000,000.

# The Foreign Markets

Imports of Drugs and Chemicals, page 681

#### CASCARA HIGHER IN LONDON

Advance in Menthol Announced—Carbolic and Tartaric Firmer—Potassium Carbonate Lower—Quotations Higher for Antimony, Shellac and Castor Oil—Volume of Trade Fair

(Special Cable to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

London, Feb. 27.—Trading in crude drugs and medicinal chemicals started the week with a fair volume of business. Advances were announced on cascara sagrada, antimony, menthol, shellac and castor oil.

The market is much firmer for carbolic acid and tar-

Carbonate of potash is lower.

The British Government has reduced the tax on German imports to 5 per cent.

London, Feb. 16.—(By Mail)—Annual reports of various industrial organizations are, without exception, of a favorable nature regarding last year's trade and the prospects for the coming year. These reports strike too optimistic a note with regard to the present position of the heavy chemical industry, which is still depressed. In drugs and fine chemicals there has been a further slackening off in business and only few changes of importance are recorded. The feature of the week has been the continued upward movement in Ipecac Matto Grosso. The Continental demand for honey is not yet satisfied and is commanding full rates.

Santonin-The official price has been raised from the

9th inst. to £69 per kilo in 5 kilo lots.

Cod Liver Oil—The new fishing has just begun in Norway and the results, so far, are exactly similar to last year. When Easter is late, as it is this year, the catch in the Northern districts is usually larger, owing to the longer period till Easter, when the fishermen regularly move South.

Fine chemicals are mostly easier owing to the disturbing uncertainty of the reparation tax of 26 per cent which the Germans still decline to pay.

#### BRITISH CHEMISTS' EXPOSITION JUNE 23

The Twenty-Seventh Chemists' Exhibition, organized by the "British and Colonial Pharmacist" will be held in Central Hall, facing Westminster Abbey, London, from June 23 to 27. All members of the drug and chemical trades who are in England during the week will receive a cordial welcome on presentation of professional or business cards.

A rich vein of mercury ore, varying in width from two to six feet and believed to be over seven miles in length, has been discovered in Japan, according to recent reports. The vein, which should make Japan independent of the rest of the world for its supplies of mercury, is located near Kita Unonome in the upper Goto Archipelago of Japan and is said to contain more than 18 per cent mercury.

Cherowag Chemikalien and Rohwachs A. G., Hamburg, has been recently organized to manufacture chemicals with capitalization of 500,000,000 marks, according to the Department of Commerce. Wilhelm A. Werth, Godesberg on Rhine, manufacturers of pharmaceuticals, has also been organized with a capital of 150,000,000 marks.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE	Par C	urrent
Great Britain (pound sterling)	\$4.866	\$4.316
France (franc)	193	.042
Italy (lira)	193	.043
Germany (mark) per hundred	23.80	
Czechoslovakia (crown) per hundred	20.30	2.90
Poland (marks) per hundred	23.80	.00001
Japan (yen)	499	.452
Holland (guilder)	402	.374
Spain (peseta)	193	.127
Belgium (franc)	193	.037
Switzerland (franc)	193	.173
Sweden (crown)	268	.261
Denmark (crown)	268	.159
Argentina (peso)	424	.342
Brazil (milreis)	324	.121
China (Silver dollar-Hongkong)	789	.507
(Tael-Shanghai, silver)	1.082	.707
(Tael-Peking, silver)	1.156	.737

#### TUNIS PHOSPHATE OUTPUT 2,150,000 TONS

One-fourth of the world's production of phosphates comes from Tunis, says Dr. James Raider Mood of the Department of Commerce in a handbook on the resources and trade of that French Protectorate in North Africa, just published by the Department. Tunis ranks second in the list of phosphate producing countries, with the United States first. Enormous deposits of phosphates were discovered in 1895, but it was not until ten years later that they began to be seriously exploited. Seven-important companies are operating in the phosphate-fields, all French but one, which is financed by Italian capital.

Practically all the phosphate is exported, most of it to France, and French colonies and to Italy. Exports in 1920 amounted to 1,359,000 tons, in 1921 to 1,467,000 tons. Estimated exports for 1922 were 2,150,000 tons. Other mineral resources of Tunis include lead, zinc, iron, manganese, copper, lignite, coal bromine, and salt.

Post-war imports in India are still below pre-war figures, but are steadily increasing, according to reports to the Department of Commerce from Vice Consultarold Schultz, at Calcutta. American sales of dyesto India before the war were negligible, but in 1920 total sales amounted to 2,832,554 pounds. Since then, Germany has regained its pre-war standing and American sales dropped to 690,224 pounds.

British imports of naphtha during 1923 amounted to 2,670,622 imperial gallons against 2,200 imperial gallons in 1922. Re-exports for 1923 amounted to 20,889 imperial gallons, decreasing from 208,585 imperial gallons in 1922. (British imperial gallon equals one and one-fifth United States gallons.)

The former German nitrate works at Chorzow, Poland, intend to increase their production considerably. Besides synthetic Chile-saltpetre, they will make nitric acid, liquid ammonia, and oxygen. The production of carbide also is to be increased.

Salt supplied to Japanese alkali manufacturers by Spanish interests is a possibility owing to inability to-make satisfactory arrangements for this material with the Chinese authorities at Tsingtao.

Motor spirits has been advanced 4½d per gallonthroughout the United Kingdom and Irish Free State.

#### SWEDEN'S HYDROCHLORIC ACID OUTPUT

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Stockholm, Sweden, Feb. 16.—Sweden's imported and exported hydrochloric acid has a strength of about 20 degrees B. The production of hydrochloric acid began in Sweden about 1870 at the factories of Lovholmen and Ostra Torp, and the first sulfate factory was opened in 1911. The production, import, export and consumption of hydrochloric acid, in tons, is shown in the following table:

Year	9	Import	Export	Consumption	Production
1915		1.558	14	2,620	1.793
	********		1,273	8,002	9,264
1919	********	905	289	3,329	2,703
1920		1,249	801	6,177	5,729
1921		389	90	1,180	881

Sweden has no statistics on natrium sulfate previous to the year 1909. In 1914 the statistics for the first time differentiated between natrium sulfate and bi-sulfate. The production during the years 1909-1911 was principally bi-sulfate. During the later years a small quantity of Glauber salt is included in the production figures. The export previous to 1911 was mainly bi-sulfate and some Glauber salt. The import is exclusively neutral sulfate. The consumption figures before 1916 are uncertain. Production, import, export and consumption of natrium sulfate, in tons, was as follows:

	Pro	duction		Co	nsumption of neutral
Years 1916	Sulfate 4.171	Bi-sulfate 2.662	Import 54,954	Export 7.764	sulfate 51.361
1919	2,814	1,440 1,014	13,475 \$1,127	1,518 1,921	14,971 51,949
1921		312	14,079	49	15,259

#### Foreign Trade Opportunities

The Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., has received the following inquiries for drugs, chemicals and accessories. Reserved addresses may be obtained from the Bureau and its district and cooperative offices. Request for each opperunity should be on a separate sheet and state opportunity number. The Bureau does not furnish credit ratings or assume responsibility as to the standing of foreign inquirers; the usual precautions should be taken in all cases

should be taken in all ca	ises	2.1
Commodity Nu	mber	City and Country or Agency
Chemicals		
Chemicals, industrial	8973	Bordeaux, FranceAgenc
		Athens, GreeceAgenc
Fertilizers and fertilizer	8999	Charleston Care In Daylor
materials	00009	Charlottetown, Canada. Purchas
Glue, fish	8952	DanzigPurchas
Indigo blue	9000	Port au Prince, HaitiAgenc
Manganese peroxide from	0001	Rotterdam, Netherlands
Montana		Purchas
Paints and varnishes	8942	Lucca, ItalyAgenc
Soda and potash, prussiates		
and bichromates of	8974	Barcelona, SpainAgenc
Drugs	8974	Barcelona, SpainAgenc
Pharmaceutical prepara-		
tions	9000	Port au Prince, Haiti Agency
Acid for cleaning backs of		Panama, Republic of Panama
mother-of-pearl shells	9074	Purchas
Carbon black	9008	Shanghai, ChinaPurchas
Chemical products	9063	Rome, ItalyAgency
Glycerin, U. S. P	9013	Shanghai, China Purchas
Pharmaceuticals	9055	Colombo, CeylonPurchase
Caustic soda and soda ash	9117	Amritsar, IndiaPurchase
Caustic soda, 50 to 100 tons		The state of the s
monthly	9124	Frankfort, Germany Purchase
Fertilizers	9133	Barranquitas, Porto Rico
		Agency
Magnesium chloride, 10 to		, argene,
20 tons monthly	9105	Durban, South Africa. Purchase
Matches	9133	Barranquitas, Porto Rico
	2200	Agency
Paint, luminous	9091	Vienna, AustriaPurchase
Paints	9079	Latin AmericaAgency
Potash	9144	Mexico City, Mexico. Purchase
Drugs and patent medi-	2411	mexico City, mexico rurchase
cines	9106	Hongkong, ChinaAgency
Medicines, homeopathic	9118	Santos Brazil Danabas
Toilet preparations	9134	Tohannachura C Afa A
Chemicals	9181	Santos, BrazilPurchase Johannesburg, S. AfrAgency Copenhagen, DenmarkAgency
Chemicals	9202	Stouldholm Conden
Soda, cyanide of	9187	Stockholm, SwedenAgency
Tar and tar substitute	9168	Mexico City, Mexico Agency
Drugs and proprietary	3100	Johannesburg, S. Africa Agency
medicines	9145	Menine City Menine 4
Pharmanertical account	3143	Mcxico City, MexicoAgency
Pharmaceutical prepara-	9178	Yandan Parkad
Proprietary medicines		London, England Agency
riobitethia medicines	9177	London, England Agency

#### EGYPT'S DRUG EXPORTS TO UNITED STATES

Gum Arabic, Wild Senna and Henna Among the Raw Materials Shipped in Bulk

Gum Arabic is produced principally in the Kordofan Province of the Sudan. "Kordofan" gum is generally considered the finest gum produced. The annual production varies from 10,000 to 16,000 tons. Exports to the United States in 1922, were about 3,000 tons valued at approximately \$410,000, writes Consul Wadsworth, Cairo, Egypt. Latest (November, 1923) export quotations of gum arabic F.A.S. Port Sudan per unit of 100 pounds were:

		(Approximately pound
Hashab	£. E. 1.925	\$0.086
Talh	0.900	0.040
Bleached	3.000	0.134

Apart from French West African gum which amounts to some 3,000 to 4,000 tons annually, there are no other commercial sources of supply.

Wild senna is brought into the Sudan markets from the Nuba Mountains, Berber and Dongola Provinces and cultivated senna from the Berber and outlying districts of the Khartum Provinces. The estimated annual production is; Wild, 200-300 tons; cultivated, 250 tons. In 1922 the exports to the United States equaled about 150 tons valued at approximately \$45,000. The latest (November, 1923) export quotations F.A.S. Port Sudan, per kilo, were:

			(Approximately)
Whole leaves and broken	£. E.	0.052	\$0.106
Pods		0.052	0.106
Siftings		0.032	0.065
Mixed uncleaned		0.013	0.026

Henna is not grown in the Sudan but is a summer crop of Lower Egypt. In 1922 slightly over 1,500 acres were under cultivation. Exports to the United States in 1922 were about 110 tons valued at approximately \$33,000, while the total exports to all countries amounted to almost 1,000 tons valued at about \$230,000. November, 1923, export quotations for henna leaves were in the neighborhood of \$0.052 per pound C.I.F. New York, exportations being made on direct steamships from Alexandria.

Owing to the increased demand for arsenic for insect destruction the arsenic deposits in Hastings County, Ontario, are attracting attention as a source of supply. American interests are negotiating for the property of Joseph James, comprising 40 acres which in addition to high grade arsenic carries "ore having a gold content of \$3 to \$4 per ton."

Kochelwerk A. G., Berlin, has been organized under direction of Handelazentrale fur Industrie Erzeugnisse A. G. and the Rutgerswerke A. G., and will take over the dye factory in Kovhel, Upper Bavaria, for the manufacture of lime dyes by a new process, which will increase the uses of dyes, according to the Department of Commerce.

Failures of chemical and drug manufacturers in Canada during 1923 were 11 in number with aggregate liabilities of \$179,134; compared with 7 failures with liabilities of \$48,155 in 1922. Failures of dealers in chemicals and drugs numbered 52 with total liabilities of \$388,702, against 46 failures with \$315,130 liabilities in 1922.

The French Chamber of Deputies has approved the abolition of the Government monopoly in matches.

#### U. S. LEADS IN POTASH PROCESS

Commenting on processes for obtaining potash from cement dust, the "Chemical Age," London, says: "There are probably some twenty collecting plants now in operation in the United States in connection with cement works, and, in spite of the fairly heavy initial outlay which is demanded in the way of precipitators, it is firmly believed that the process has come to stay and that it will eventually prove one of the most important of American sources. Innumerable processes have been devised for rendering the potassium compounds more soluble, and it is possibly the lack of definite practical data as to how these methods have progressed which has discouraged the adoption of the system over here.

"It would appear, however, that in America the problem is not being allowed to rest, and we recently came across a promising development which has been introduced by F. W. Huber, of Los Angeles. This investigator has found that if the cement flue dust has added to it (either before or after leaching with water) a proportion of carbon, such as powdered coal, equal in weight to the K<sub>3</sub>O content of the dust, and also mixed with lime, a mass is produced which by heating in a rotary kiln to a temperature of some 800° C. yields a product in which practically the entire content of the potassium compounds is rendered soluble in water and can be removed by leaching. The washings are finally filtered and the filtrate is evaporated to recover the potassium compounds."

Professor Irving Fisher, of Yale University, says last week's prices averaged 152.4 per cent of pre-war level and that the purchasing power of the dollar was 65.6 pre-war cents.

#### Books of Trade Interest

A COURSE IN GENERAL CHEMISTRY. By William C. Bray, of University of California, and Wendell M. Latimer. 148 pages, 8vo. The MacMillan Co., New York. 1923.

The aim of this book is not simply to give out knowledge of chemistry, but through it to interest the reader in general science. The material has been selected and arranged with the idea of so interlocking the theoretical and experimental parts that each supports the other in the final structure.

1NDUSTRIAL HEALTH. Edited by George M. Kober, M.D., and Emery R. Hayhurst, M.D. 1184 pages, 8vo. P. Blakiston's Son & Co., Philadelphia, 1924.

The aim of the editors has been to present the basic data of industrial efficiency which results from personal efficiency and the intelligent and scientific control of the environment in the work-shop and in the home. The present volume is an extensive revision and amplification of the original material by practically all of the respective contributors, bringing it up to date and including the more recent literature in a broad way.

SYSTEMATIC SURVEY OF RUBBER CHEMISTRY. By Clayton W. Bedford and Herbert A. Winkelmann. 376 pages, 8vo. The Chemical Catalog Co., New York. 1923.

The rubber industry has been in recent years, through its chemists and engineers, more open in co-operative endeavor than during its entire history. This contribution to the literature of rubber may justly be said to be offered as an expression of that open-mindedness which has now become prevalent, and with the hope that research work may go on more freely.

1816 CHEMICALS

1924

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# Chemicals for Consuming Industries

Heavy Chemicals, pages 654-656; Fine Chemicals, 652-654; Fatty Oils, 671

#### FRACTIONAL ADVANCES IN CHEMICALS

Producers Advance Copper Sulfate—Imported Epsom Salt Again Higher—Imported Caustic Potash Up— Potash Permanganate Lower and Weak—Casein Easier—Litharge Higher

Although demand from consuming quarters has not moved out of routine channels this week, numerous fractional price changes in industrial chemicals have been noted. The bulk of price movements have been upward. A generally firmer tone in imported chemicals seems to be working into the market, as little by little, spot prices for foreign goods strengthen. On the stronger metal position, American copper sulfate producers have advanced prices ten cents. Litharge is higher. Air floated carbon black is in active demand. Imported Epsom salt, and caustic potash are again higher. Sodium hyposulfite, barium nitrate, sodium acetate, sodium chlorate, and tin oxide are also higher. Nickel sulfate is firmer. Potash permanganate is lower and weak in keen selling competition, as the American producer meets low prices for imported goods. Shipment casein from South America is slightly easier at 81/2c c.i.f. Sharper competition is reported in diphenylguanidine.

#### Leather Chemicals

Tre	nd of t	he Ma	rket			
	Today		Last	Last		Pre- War
Acid, Acetic, 28%	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$3.171/4		\$1.50
Acid. Lactic, 22% dark Potassium Bichromate	.0436	.0434	.0456		.07	.07
Epsom Salt, tech	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.85	3,75 1,25	1.00
Soda Ash, 58% wks	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.45	4.10	.043/4
Sodium Bichromate Sodium Hyposulfite Sodium Sulfide, 60% wks	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.00	3.75	1.50
Average		.981	.981	1.009	3.267	.528

Leather chemicals have been in more or less routine demand with prices remaining fairly steady at their former levels. Imported technical Epsom salts continue in small supply and prices are decidedly firmer in this item. Bichromates have been moving in better volume and producers are firm at their present levels. Sal ammoniac is firm, especially the imported material which is in small supply at present. Formic acid supplies are small and importers are firm at recent prices. Sodium sulfide is moving well. Neatsfoot oil has again advanced as supplies in producers' hands have grown smaller. Tallow is slightly easier. Linseed oil has been strong while castor oil is firm at the recent advance. Extracts are holding at recent prices with occasional shading here and there.

Acid, Acetic—The situation remains about the same with demand from some sections active and others quiet. The raw material market is not as stable as it has been but present prices are being maintained. Makers quote acids at \$3.38@\$3.63 for 28 per cent; 56 per cent, \$6.75 @\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acid, Formic-Importers are quoting the 90 per cent material at 13clb, while the 85 per cent grade is offered at 13clb. Supplies are limited and have been difficult to obtain from abroad while domestic costs are too high to permit its manufacture at present prices.

Acid, Lactic—Little change in the situation with supplies moving out regularly and prices holding steady. Dark, 22 per cent, quoted at 4½c@5clb. and light, 5½c @6clb.; 44 per cent dark at 9½c@10clb. and light, 11½c @12clb.; 66 per cent, dark. 14½c@15clb. and light, 25c@30clb.

Arsenic—Routine demand with red sulfide named at 15c@15½clb.

Sal Ammoniac—Imported white is in limited supply at present and prices are firm at 6½c@6¾clb. Domestic named at 7½c@8clb.

Epsom Salt—Domestic makers continue to quote the technical at \$1.80@\$2.00 while imported is stronger and higher at \$1.25@\$1.30. U.S.P. material quoted at \$2.10 @\$2.50 for domestic and \$1.75@\$2.25 for imported,

Extracts—No large volume of buying is reported but consumers are taking supplies in small quantities. Prices are generally quoted as follows: Archil, 14c@17clb.; chestnut, 13c@2clb.; cutch, Borneo, 43c@5½clb.; Rangoon, 13c@16clb.; fustic, 10c@12clb.; gambier, 8½c@9½clb.; cubes, 18c@19clb.; hematine, paste, 11c@12clb.; crystals, 14c@20clb.; logwood, 10½clb. and lower grades, 7c@9clb.; myrobalans, 4c@5clb.; oak, 4c@5clb.; osage orange, 7c@8clb.; quebracho, 3c@3½clb.; spruce, 1c@2clb.; sumac, 8c@9clb.; stinless, 10c@11clb.

Formaldehyde—Makers are holding prices at 11c@ 11½clb. as to quantity. Recent demand has reduced stocks and present prices appear firm.

Oils—The market as a whole is firm with an upward tendency. Linseed oil has been strong owing to advancing prices for seed. Carlots named at 94c and smaller quantities up to \$1.00; neatsfoot oil higher at 14½clb. for pure and extra 11½clb.; oleo oil is easier at 14½clb. for No. 1 and 10½clb. for No. 3; degras is steady at 4¾c@5clb. for American and 50c gallon for Moellon.

Potassium Bichromate—Makers report an increased demand and prices firm at 95%@10clb. according to quantity.

Soda Ash—Little new in the situation. Current demand is seasonable while deliveries on contract have been steady. Prices are holding at \$1.25 per hundred for 58 per cent light in bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, carlots on contract at works. Spot business in less than carlots at \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels, delivered.

Soda, Caustic—Current business is normal and deliveries are proceeding regularly on contracts. Makers' prices are steady with solid, 76 per cent, at \$3,10 at works on contract; ground and flake, \$3.50. Spot business in less than carlot quantities named at \$3.76@ \$3.91 for solid in drums, and \$4.16@\$4.31 for ground and flake in drums, delivered.

Sodium Bichromate—With buying improving makers have become firmer in their prices and are quoting 7½c @7%clb. according ot seller and quantity.

Sodium Hyposulfite-Imported pea crystals higher at

\$3.00. Domestic regular crystals at \$2.75@\$3.00 and pea crystals at \$3.00@\$3.25.

Sodium Sulfide-Domestic material has been moving in better volume while imported material is being consumed in smaller quantities. Prices vary according to seller with solid quoted from 31/2c@4clb. and broken, 4c@5clb. Crystals, 23/4c@23/4clb.

#### LEATHER TRADE GOOD IN MICHIGAN

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 27-Business of tanning and leather companies located near the automobile markets is increasing. Plants were temporarily handicapped by a shortage of tan bark, but many plants are using the chrome process. Michigan has 25 large tanneries, representing a total investment of \$18,000,000, which with numerous smaller ones have an annual output, in normal times, valued at \$24,000,000. A single concern in the southern part of the state handles from 750,000 to 1,000,-000 skins annually. The largest sole leather plant in the country is at Boyne City, Michigan. It is one of five plants operated by the Michigan Tanning & Extract Co.

With growth of the automobile industry, Grand Haven has become the site of a large automobile upholstery leather plant. It is one of the two plants of the Eagle-Ottawa Leather Co., whose capitalization has grown from \$600,000 in 1910 to \$4,000,000, and has an annual output valued at \$6,000,000 to \$8,000,000.

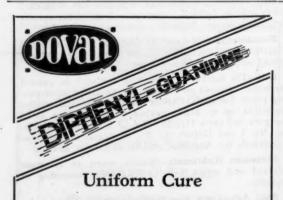
The total value of exports of leather from the United States during the calendar year 1923 amounted to \$42,833,952.

#### Paper Chemicals

Tre	nd of	the Ma	rket			
		Last	Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Aluminum Sulfate	\$2.40	\$2.40	\$2,40	\$2,40	\$5.50	\$1.50
Bleaching Powder	1.75	1.75	1.50	2.00	9.50	1.50
Casein	.11	.115/	.121/2	.25	.28	.20
China Clay, Dom	10.00	10.00	10.00	15.00	25.00	8.00
Chlorine Cyl		.05	.041/	.0534	.30	.08
Salt Cake		21 00	21.00	25.00	80.00	11.00
Sodium Silicate, 40°		.80	.80	.95	1.75	2.00
Soda Ash		1.38	1.38	1.45	4.10	.69
Sulfur		18.00	18.00	18.00	65.00	20.00
Rosin F grade		5.75	5.90	5.75	4.50	20.25
Average	6.015	6.126	6.115	7.195	13.30	5.50

Consumption of paper chemicals has been increasing but the volume is still somewhat below expectations in the trade. Importations of chemical pulp and paper has had its effect upon the domestic production of these products and consequently the consumption of paper chemicals. The recent advance in bleaching powder and chlorine is an indication of better conditions in the industry and denotes that stocks of bleach have been reduced and competition between producers is less aggressive. Expanding uses for chlorine have taken up much surplus production and the future will undoubtedly see increased consumption and higher prices. Casein has weakened again and is back to 11clb. for the imported material. Sulfate of alumina is steady. Salt cake is less firm and concessions are being made in some directions. Lower grades of rosin are strong at pre-

Aluminum Sulfate-Supplies are moving out regularly with little change in the price situation. Commercial



Another advantage of Dovan Diphenyl-Guanidine is its extreme fineness of sub-division. This results in easy and complete dispersion in the mix—thereby insuring a uniform cure throughout the

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is mentioned at \$1.30 in some quarters but general quotations are \$1.35@\$1.40. Iron-free is named at \$2.25 @\$2.40 according to seller and quantity.

Blanc Fixe—Little change in the situation with producers making deliveries regularly on contract and prices stable at \$75.00@\$80.00 ton for dry domestic and \$50.00@\$55.00 ton for pulp. Imported dry at \$70.00 @\$72.00 ton.

Bleaching Powder—Holding at the recent advance with demand from mills showing a steady improvement. Prices are now quoted at \$1.75 per hundred spot or contract in standard drums in carlots at works and \$2.00 in small drums. Less than carlot quantities are 15c per 100lbs. above these prices. Spot prices in Metropolitan district for small lots named at \$2.25@\$2.50.

Casein—Imports have been increasing and sellers have been cutting prices in order to keep the stocks from accumulating. Quotations are named at 8clb. c.i.f. or 11clb. duty paid. Domestic is at like quotations and up to 13clb. as to grade and quantity. Imports at New York last week included 3,335 bags casein.

Chlorine—Makers are firm at the recent advance in prices. Increased consumption in paper mills and other consuming quarters has helped to strengthen this item. Prices are named at 4clb. in tank cars on contract at works, 5clb. in carlots of cylinders, 5½clb. for more than ton lots and 6½clb. in ton lots or less. Through an error in last week's announcement, the price for ton lots or less was quoted at 6clb. instead of 6½clb.

China Clay—Little doing aside from the regular deliveries on previously placed contracts. Prices are steady at \$6.00@\$8.00 for the crude; \$7.50 for the washed and ground; \$13.00@\$16.00 ton for filler clay; and \$25.00 up for coating clay.

Salt Cake—Offerings seem more plentiful and prices are being shaded in some directions. General quotations for paper industry are \$19.00@\$20.00 ton.

Satin White—Holding at \$1.45@\$1.50 in makers' hands on routine demand.

Sodium Silicate—Contract deliveries have been holding up steadily while prices have shown no change. Forty degree named at 75c per hundred in tanks and 80c@85c in drums; sixty degree at \$1.75@\$2.00 in drums.

Rosins—Buying has been improving and prices are firmer especially in the lower grades which are in smaller volume at this time of the year. Further advances are expected if Southern markets continue to hold. Quotations B to I, \$5.85; K, \$6.00; M, \$6.10; N, \$6.50; WG, \$7.65; WW, \$7.75.

Sulfur—Steady with quotations at mines at \$14.00@ \$15.00 ton and at New York, \$18.00@\$19.00 ton.

Soda Ash-Little new in the situation. Current de-

mand is seasonable while deliveries on contract have been steady. Prices are holding at \$1.25 per hundred for 58 per cent light in bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, carlots on contract at works. Spot business in less than carlots at \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels, delivered.

Talc—Contract business is being quoted at \$13.50@ \$15.00 ton as to grade while current business in carlots is named at \$14.00@\$18.00 ton as to quality at the mines

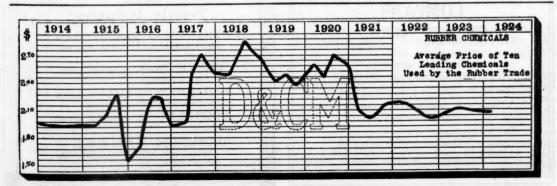
Exports of paper and paper products from the United States during 1923 were valued at \$25,677,685, which is more than one million and a half dollars in excess of those for 1922, according to preliminary figures compiled by the Department of Commerce. This increase was due to an increase in average prices and not in quantity of exports. Newsprint shipments decreased from 51,528,348 pounds in 1922 to 32,714,732 pounds in 1923, and values from \$2,337,591 to \$1,636,937. The value of book paper exports however, increased approximately \$200,000.

Pennsylvania's Department of Forests and Waters reports that seventy per cent of the pulpwood used in the twelve paper mills in the state in 1923 was imported from Canada. The report estimates that 500,000 acres of forest land would be necessary to supply the demand of the mills in the state.

#### Rubber Chemicals

Tre	end of	the Ma	rket			
	Today	Last Week	Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Antimony Sulfide Crim	\$.39	\$.39	\$.39	\$.35	\$.45	\$.35
Carbon Bisulfide	.06	.06	.06	.06	.30	.10
Carbon Black	11	.11	.11	.15	.30	.14
China Clay, Imp		16.00	16.00	16.00	20.00	14.00
Hexamethylene	.825/	.827/		.97	1.35	
Iron Oxide, Span	.031/2		.031/2	.04	.04%	.03
Lithopone	.0634	.06%	.0654	.06	.08	.03
Sulfur	3.05	3.05	3.05	2.50	6.50	2.75
Whiting, Dom	14.00	14.00	14.00	18,00	30.00	11.00
Zinc Oxide, Amer	.0734	.0734	.0734	.07	.001/2	.00
Amonone	9.463	2 402	2 462	9 990	E 021	

Rubber compounding materials are being absorbed in greater volume by the mechanical rubber industries than by the tire, shoe, and boot factories. For the past two months reports have been heard that the tire people are going to begin operations in a large way, but from the latest information, a number of them are still working on a small scale. The only change during the past week has been the advance in litharge, which is named at \$11.25 cwt. Hexamethylene is in active demand with production about equal to consumption. Whiting



and white barytes show increase in demand and some directions report these, the leaders for the week. Carbon black is active with most of the buying in less than car lots.

Acetone—Regular demand being met with prices now holding at \$1.05@\$1.10 gal. for methyl acetone and 19c @19½clb. for the C.P. Acetone oils named at \$1.25 @\$1.30 gal.

Acid, Acetic—The situation remains about the same with demand from some sections active and others quiet. The raw material market is not as stable as it has been but present prices are being maintained. Makers quote acids at \$3.38@\$3.63 for 28 per cent; 56 per cent, \$6.75 @\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Aniline Oil—Supplies ample for all requirements at 16c@17clb. works, and 17c@18clb. for spot goods.

Aluminum Flake—Demand quiet at \$23@\$27 ton works.

Antimony Sulfide—Little inquiry received at the moment. Prices unchanged at 19c@24clb. spot for golden, and 39c@50clb. for crimson.

Asbestine—Quiet at \$18@\$20 ton works as to quantity and quality.

Benzene—Although prices are unchanged, the market is firm and higher values are likely, according to advices in the trade. Ninety per cent quoted at 23c@25c gal. works in tanks, and 28c@30c gal. in drums. Pure at 24c@26c gal. in tanks, and 29c@33c gal. in drums.

Blanc Fixe—Quoted unchanged at 4c@4½clb, f.o.b. New York.

Carbon Bisulfide—Little business doing at 6c@61/2c lb. spot.

Carbon Black—Quoted at 11c@13clb. spot for ordinary in 1c/1 in cases, 13c@15clb. for air floated, and 11c@13clb. for compressed material. Low prices and higher exchange rates have been in favor of a better export inquiry.

China Clay—Imported named at \$18@\$20 ton spot, and domestic at \$13@\$20 ton works as to quantity and quality.

Diphenylguanidine—Makers name \$1.05@\$1.15lb. spot as to quantity. Demand fair with competition keen for available business.

Hexamethylene—In active demand at 82½c@85clb. spot. Raw material firm.

Iron Oxide—Quoted at  $3\frac{1}{2}$ c@ $7\frac{1}{2}$ clb. spot for Spanish, and 12c@16clb. for English.

Litharge—Has advanced and now quoted at \$11.25 cwt. spot owing to firmness of the raw material.

Lithopone—Quiet and routine at 6½c@7½clb. spot. During past week 200 casks were imported at New York.

Magnesium Carbonate—In active demand at 8¼c@ 8¾clb. spot. Heavy calcined magnesium named at 5½c@6clb. spot.

Mineral Rubber—Little business reported last week at \$35@\$50 ton for 300/315 quality.

Quinoidine—First hands unchanged at 55clb. in drums, Sulfur—Named at \$3.05@\$3.30 cwt.; superfine at \$2.50 @\$2.90 cwt.; and chloride at 6c@7clb.

Talc—Quoted at \$15@\$18 ton works at \$28@\$30 ton ex-warehouse New York for domestic; French at \$40 @\$45 ton; and Italian at \$47@\$58 ton.

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ALUMINUM CHLORIDE —
Crystals and liquid, for carbonizing woolen stock,

tion last week.

Thiocarbanilide—In little demand at 28c@30clb. spot. White Barytes—Quoted at \$24@\$26 ton f.o.b. St. Louis, and imported at \$16@\$18 ton. Demand active with some fair sized quantities passing into consump-

Whiting-Imported at \$16@\$18 ton, and domestic at \$13@\$15 ton.

Zinc Oxide—Quiet and unchanged at 73/4c@81/4clb.

Jon. M. Ball, of R. T. Vanderbilt Co., New York, compounding materials for chemical industries, has returned from a trip through the Middle West. He reports that while rubber manufacturers are taking on some fair sized quantities, business is not as brisk as last year, and that the small maker is feeling the keen competition with the larger manufacturers.

E. L. Bullock, Sr., of E. L. Bullock & Sons, New York, rubber chemicals, has returned to his desk after two weeks illness.

#### Textile Chemicals

Tre	end of	the Ma	rket			
		Last	Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acid, Acetic, 28%	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$3.38	\$3.171/2	\$17.00	\$1.50
Acid Oxalic		.11	.111/2	.12	.70	.071/4
Bleaching Powder		1.75	1.50	2.00	9.50	1.50
Copper Sulfate		4.65	4.65	6.00	20.00	4.50
Epsom Salt, U.S.P		2.10	2.10	2.25	4.25	1.50
Glauber's Salt		1.30	1.30	1.25	2.50	.80
Potash, Caustic, Imp		.063/	.061/2	.07	.87	.12
Soda Ash, 58% wks		1.38	1.38	1.45	4.10	.69
Soda Caustic, 76% wks		3.10	3.10	3.161/2	9.50	1.80
Sodium Bichromate				.07%	.45	043/4
Average	1.803	1.793	1.766	1.864	4.800	1.42

While activity in textile chemicals has not shown any startling change from previous weeks, prices appear to be holding firm and steady, due to the general practice of keeping stocks at minimum both in sellers' as well as consumers' hands. Sellers of chemicals have been interested this week speculating upon the future of chemicals by the activity of the textile buyers who are in New York for their textile purchases. Indications are that buyers are watching and buying closely for Fall lines. In the chemical list, copper sulfate has advanced following the recent strength in the metal. Tin salts are also strong since tin has been advancing steadily. Sodium acetate is in smaller supply and prices are firm. Sodium chlorate is stronger. Caustic potash is higher for shipment from abroad. Arsenic is weak in the face of small demand. Potassium permanganate is at low levels. Sodium hyposulfite is stronger. Acid and alkalis are steady. Bleach and chlorine are firm at the latest advance.

Acid, Acetic—The situation remains about the same with demand from some sections active and others quiet. The raw material market is not as stable as it has been but present prices are being maintained. Makers quote acids at \$3.38@\$3.63 for 28 per cent; 56 per cent, \$6.75 @\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.53.

Acid, Formic—Importers are quoting the 90 per cent material at 13clb. while the 85 per cent grade is offered at 13clb. Supplies are limited and have been difficult to obtain from abroad while domestic costs are too high to permit its manufacture at present prices.

Acid, Oxalic—Demand has been fairly active while prices are subject to shading owing to keen competition in the market. Domestic is quoted at 11clb. though

lower prices at 10½clb. have been heard. Small lots are quoted up to 12clb. Imported named at 11c@ 11½clb.

Bleaching Powder—Holding at the recent advance with demand from mills showing a steady improvement. Prices are now quoted at \$1.75 per hundred spot or contract in standard drums in carlots at works and \$2.00 in small drums. Less than carlot quantities are 15c per 100lbs. above these prices. Spot prices in Metropolitan district for small lots named at \$2.25@\$2.50.

Chlorine—Makers are firm at the recent advance in prices. Increased consumption in paper mills and other consuming quarters has helped to strengthen this item. Prices are named at 4clb. in tank cars on contract at works, 5clb. in carlots of cylinders, 5½clb. for more than ton lots and 6½clb. in ton lots or less. Through an error in last week's announcement, the price for ton lots or less was quoted at 6clb. instead of 6½clb.

Epsom Salt—Domestic makers continue to quote the technical at \$1.80@\$2.00 while imported is stronger and higher at \$1.25@\$1.30. U.S.P. material quoted at \$2.10 @\$2.50 for domestic and \$1.75@\$2.25 for imported.

Glauber's Salt—In better demand with prices firm at \$1.30 in carlots and up to \$1.75 as to quantity. Imported is offered at 90c@\$1.00 for technical,

Potash, Caustic—Shipment prices have strengthened and have advanced to 67%clb. A few offerings were heard at 63%c@6½clb. spot but these are not expected to remain very long as some are now quoting 7clb.

Soda Ash—Little new in the situation. Current demand is seasonable while deliveries on contract have been steady. Prices are holding at \$1.25 per hundred for 58 per cent light in bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, carlots on contract at works. Spot business in less than carlots at \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels, delivered.

Soda, Caustic—Current business is normal and deliveries are proceeding regularly on contracts. Makers' prices are steady with solid, 76 per cent, at \$3.10 at works on contract; ground and flake, \$3.50. Spot business in less than carlot quantities named at \$3.76@ \$3.91 for solid in drums, and \$4.16@\$4.31 for ground and flake in drums, delivered.

Sodium Acetate—Firmer at 5c@5½clb. on limited supplies.

Sodium Bichromate—With buying improving makers have become firmer in their prices and are quoting 7½c @7¾clb. according to seller and quantity.

Sodium Prussiate—Imported holding at 11½c@12clb. while domestic is named at 12clb. at works.

Sodium Sulfide—Domestic material has been moving in better volume while imported material is being consumed in smaller quantities. Prices vary according to seller with solid quoted from 3½c@4clb. and broken, 4c@5clb. Crystals, 2½c@234clb.

Tin Salts—Crystals are strong and an advance is expected next month following the advance in metal. Named at 35½c@36clb. Oxide is higher at 55c@57clb.

Starches and Dextrines

The month has shown an improvement in volume of business over January although the past week was-reported slow owing to the holiday interruptions. Prices have been holding steady since the last advance and present quotations are on the basis of \$3.94@\$4.19 for British gum. White corn dextrine at \$3.59@\$3.69; yellow, \$3.64@\$3.74; potato, 7½c@8clb. Powdered corn starch, \$3.17@\$3.27 in bags; pearl, \$3.07@\$3.17; potato, 5c@6clb.; tapioca, 4c@7clb. as to grade. Albumen continues scarce and high at \$1.25lb.

# Prices Current of Fine and Heavy Chemicals, Drugs, Essential Oils, Dyestuffs and Oils

CLASSIFICATION-Prices quoted herein are listed in the following groups: Chemicals, including heavy and technical chemicals, fine and medicinal chemicals, aromatic chemicals and isolates, crudes and intermediates from coal-tar, various fine alkaloids, and miscellaneous products; Crude Drugs, Essential Oils, including oleoresins; Fatty Oils, including Animal, Vegetable and Fish Oils, Greases, Fats, and Tallow; Tanning and Dye Extracts, including miscellaneous natural tanning woods, extracts, etc. All groups are arranged in straight alphabetical order.

Packages-Prices are for large quantities in original packages of the customary trading units of weight or measure. A container given in connection with a price does not necessarily mean that this is the quantity on which the price is based. Containers named are the original packages most commonly sold in this market.

QUOTATIONS-Chemical prices quoted herein are those of American manufacturers unless otherwise specified. Quotations on imported chemicals are so designated. Where resale or "second hand" stocks of any chemical product are sufficient to be considered a factor in determining the market, prices for goods in this class will be quoted in addition to makers' prices available, and indicated as such. Chemical prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York or Metropolitan

District, f. o. b. or ex-store, for immediate shipment, unless otherwise specified. Numerous domestic-made heavy or industrial chemical products are sold principally on a basis of f. o. b. works, and are thus quoted in the list herein, each instance of a "works" price, however, being specified as such.

Fatty Oils prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York unless otherwise noted; f. o. b. mills and Coast prices being designated as such. Crude Drugs and Essential Oils are quoted f. o. b. New York (Manhattan with limitations) for immediate shipment. Tanning and Dye Extracts are quoted spot New York unless otherwise noted.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES-All quotations are made on a basis of avoirdupois pounds and ounces, and American gallons. The following equivalents are given for the reference of exporters, importers, and foreign

- 1 Imperial Gallon (British) -1.20 American Gallons - .833 Imperial Gallon
- 1 American Gallon American Gallon -3.79 Liters
- Liter .264 American Gallon American Gallon (Water)—8.35 Pounds 1 Liter
- 1 Pound (Avoirdupois) - .454 Kilograms -2.20 Pounds 1 Kilogram
- Style and Arrangement Copyright by DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS, 1922

#### Chemicals

	_								
ABETARILID, tech. 150 b bble b	.37		Acid, Carbolis-(continued)			Acid, hydrofluorie—(continued)			
100 m kp	.28	: .30	Crude, 25% 50 gal. bbisgal	.35 :	.36	60% 100 m cby, wks m		:	.14
USF 200 D bbls	.33	: .33	10%, 50 gal. bblsgal	.30 :	.32	60% 800 lb dr., wks lb		:	.13
Second Hands	.30	: .31	Chloracetie,			White Acid, 100 D cby. wks. D			.26
Acetic Anhydride, 85% 480 D drs. D		: .38	mono 100 h bbla whsh	:		White Acid, 10 cbys. wks Ib			.35
85%, 107 lb ebys		: .38	D1, 150 h cbys wks h	:	1.00	Hydreftuosilicie, 35% 450 lb bbls.			
82-95% 100 D cbys	.43	: .45	Tri, 425 lb bbls. wkslb	:	2.45	wks			.13
Acetone, CP 700 lb drs. c/1 wks lb	***	: .19	Chlorosulfonie, 1500 b drs.			Hyperbaseborous, USP 30% 5	•••	•	***
700 lb drs. le/1 wkslb		: .193	4 Wits	.15 :	.16				
250 D drs. le/l wis D	***	: .20	Chromie, USP 200 b drums Ib	:	.40	gal. demis Ib USP, 10% 5 gal. demis Ib	• • •		.85
Second Hands, spot D		:	85% Pure, 200 h drums Ib	:					.30
Acetone Oils, light, drs. wksgal	1.35	: 1.40	Chromotropie, 300 h bbls h			LACTIC, 22% dark 500 m bbls. m	.04		.05
Heavy, drs., wisgal	1.25	: 1.80	Chrysophanic, see Chrysarobin	*** :	1.35	22% light, bbls	.053		.06
Acethenetidin, 150 m bbls D	1.85	: 1.90	Cinnamic, 5 lb cans lb	:	3.93	44% dark, bbls	.093		.10
Acetri Chloride, 100 D chys D	.49	: .41	Citizanio, ou care	:	0.00	44% light, bbls	.113		.13
			CITRIC, USP cryst 280 m bbls. m	:	.48	66% bbls, dark, bbls Ib	.143		.15
ACID, 1, 2, 4, 250 b bbb b		: 1.30	Powd., USP 200 h bbis. h	:	.49	66% light, bbls	.25		.80
Acetle, 28%, 400 h bbls, e/l		: 3.38	Imported, cryst. 112 lb kegs. lb	.48 :		USP IX 100 m chys m	.70		.75
win 100 m			Single kees	.48 :		USP VIII 100 lb cbyslb		:	.59
28%, le/l wis100 B		: 3.63 : 4.75	Cleves, 250 lb bbls	1.00 :		Laurent's, 250 lb bbls lb		:	.90
58%, e/l win100 h	***	T.00	Cresylic, 95% dark dr. NYgal	.65 :	.70	Metanilie, 250 lb bbls lb	.60		.65
56%, le/l wis100 h 76%, libls, e/l wis100 h		: 8.38	97-99% straw, drs. wksgal	:		Mixed, sulfurie-nitrie	.00		.00
70%, le/1 wis100 B		: 8.63	97-99% pale, drs. NYgal	.TO :	.75	Drums, wks N Unit	.079	. 34	.08
seed comi, this, o/l wis 100 h	***	9.58	Crude, spot, drumsgal	.60 :	.65	Drums, whs 5 Unit	.01		.014
30% comi. le/l wim 100 h		: 9.83	Disthylbarbituric, 10 h lots.			Tank cars, wks N Unit	.063		.07
80% pure bbb. c/l wim.100 h		: 11.41	120 bet	8.50 :	10.50	Tank cars, was S Units	.000		.01
80%, pure le/1 whs100 m		: 11.60	Formie 85% tech. 140 h chrs. h	.13 :	.1834				
Glacial, bbls, c/1 was100 h		: 12.78	90%, 80 D chys. incl D	.13%:	.14	Malybale, 85% pure 1 h bot. h	1.77		1.87
Glacial, le/l wis100 B		: 13.03	Gallie, USP, 150 m bbis m		.65	85% pure, 100 h kegsh	•••	:	1.85
Clasial USP cby. wis100 h		: 13.53	Gamma, 225 m bble, win m	:		Monosulfonic F, Delta. 50 B			
Americalismits, 330 D blis D		: .85	Bbls., ton lots whs	:		tins	***	:	3.25
Second Hands D		: .73	Glycerophomboric, 25% 1 h b. h	1.85 :		MURIATIC, 20° cbrs. le/1			
Anthronitie, tech, dr		: .94	H 325 D bbls	.75 :	.80		1.45		1.80
99-100%, 100h da b		: 1.00	Bhls. toer lots whs	.T2 :	.78	Chys. c/l whs100 lb			1.40
Berneis, took, 100 B tole B		: .75	Hydriadic, 10% URF 5B bot. B	1	.13	Tank cars, wiss100 h			1.10
Torth, ten lots bbis		: .10	Hydrokeemic, 48% cond. 155 h				4,00	•	1.10
THE. 100 D this		: .85	dyr. vis	.35 :	.40	18°, 120 h ebys.			
Second Hands	.72		48% coml. 10 chys. wks 20	:	.40	e/1 wks100 m	1.00		
Boric, crys. powd. 250 h bbls. h	.123		40% USP 188 h ebys. wim. h	.45 :	.46			:	
Kegs, 100 h B	.139			.11 :	.13	33°, 120 b dys.			
Brussner's 250 D tels D			Hydrochloric, see also Acid Muriati	• 1 b 17		e/1 whs100 B	1.75	:	2.00
Britrie, 60% pure 51b bet D	.50	: .00	CP, UHP, 116B days D	.00 :	.11	liron, free 20° days.			
C.P. 10 D bot		: 1.50	HYDROFLUGRIC, 30% 400 D bbb			e/1 wiss 100 lb			***
Campberie, USP, VIII 12 bet. D		: 6.00	Win	1 1 1 2	.07	Tank cars, wis net ten			
Carbelle, USP crys. see also Phonol		a hara	30% this. e/l wim		.06	Muriatic, CP & USP, see Acid Hyd			***
1120 tins	.81	: .34	30% 100 D day, win D	***	.07		CARLOT !		
25 h tins		: .86	48% sincle 100 b dr. vis. b		.11	Naphthionic, tech. 250 h bhis. h		:	.63
5 m tins or bot	.88	: .39	48% 10 ctys. whs	:	.10	Refined, single bbls	•••	2	.65
1 b bot		: .48	52% 100D chr. win D	:	.14	North & Winther's, 250 h		-	
Lignald USP, 11b bot1b				:	.11	Mis D	1 05		1 10
	-30						1.00	*	4.14

#### U. S. P.

For the Drug Trade Medicinally

#### C. P.

For the Chemist in analyzing

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By Manufacturers and in the Arts

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In Refrigeration

#### AMMONIA WATER U. S. P.

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in bottles and carbovs

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in bottles and carboys

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in 10 lb. and 100 lb. carboys

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We are also in a position to furnish an excellent light and fluffy grade of Zinc Stearate

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Bismuth Preparations Bromides Codeine and Salts Creosote Creosote Carbonate Diacetylmorphine Iodides Calomel and other Mercurials Acid Citric and Citrates Chloroform Morphine Sulphate and other Morphine Salts Hypophosphites Phenolsulphonates Opium **Quinine Sulphate and other Quinine Salts** Salicylates Silver Salts Strychnine

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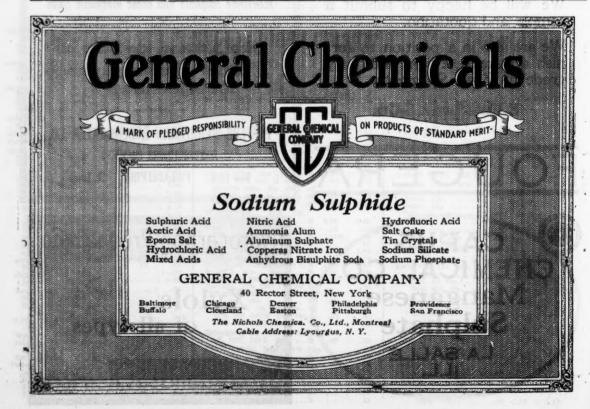
**Xylols** of all types

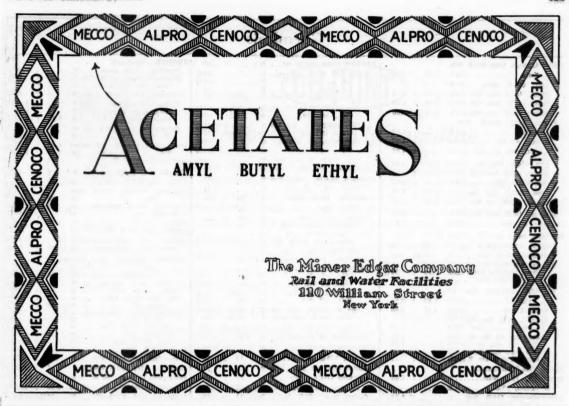
39 Cortlandt St, New York

1					
A	CID, NITRIC, 86° 1357		_		Ī
111	lc/1 cbys, wks100 lb	4.75		5.00	
	Cbys. c/l wks100 lb				
	38° le/l cbys. wks100 b	5.25			
	Cbys., c/l wis100 lb	5.00			
	40° le/l chrs. wks100 lb	5.75			
	Cbys., c/l wks100 m	5.50			
	42° lc/l cbrs. wis100 fb	6.25		6.75	
	Cbys., c/l wim100 lb	6.00	:	6.25	
	C. P. cbys. single was 100 h	.14	:	.16	
	Oxalie, 325 h bbls, wks h	.11	:	.11	u
	Bble., NY	.11		.12	4
	Imp., 560 th casks th	.11		.113	ų
	Kegs, 100 b NY b	.12	16:	.13	4
	Phosphoric, 50% tech. 100%	-			
	cbys	-07	14 :	.08	
	USP, Syrupy 85°, 70 b.		, and		
	demis	.12		.13	
	Imported b				
	Phthalic, see Phthalic Anhydride	***			
	Picramic, 300 h bblsh		:	.65	
	Picrie, 450 D bhls			.80	
	Bbis, car lots wis ib	.20	:	.25	
	Pyrogallie, crys. 5 h cans h	1.30	:	1.40	
	Resublimed, 5 D cams D	1.50	:		
	Tech. powd., 200 h bbls h		:	.85	
	Salicylie, tech. 125 b bbis b	.33	:	.34	
	USP, 100 m bbls		:	.35	
	Second Hands		:	.85	
	Bulfanilie, 250 D bbls D	.17	:	.20	
	SULFURIC, 66° 180 D ctrs.				
	le/1 wks	1.35	:	1.75	
	le/1 wim100 lb Chys., le/1 wks100 lb	1.25	:	1.40	
	1500 h Drums, le/1		•		
	wks		:	1.25	
	Drums, e/1 whs100 h			1.10	
	Tanks cars, wisnet ton	14.50	:	15.50	
	60° 1500 D Drums.				
	le/1 win 100 m	.TO	:	.90	
	Drums, e/l wis 100 lb			.80	
	Tank cars, wkspet ton			10.00	
	C. P. 175 b ebys 100 b	.08	1	.09	

Chemica			
Acid Bulfurie		1	
Oleum, 20 p.c. 1500 h drame,			
le/1 wks100 b	1.50	:	1.75
Drums, c/1 wks100 fb	1.25	:	1.50
Tank care, wis net ton			18.00
Contract cars, whston	***	-	
Oleum, 40% drs lc/l wks.net ton	***	:	40 00
Oleum, 60% dra., le/l wha. net			
ton		:	70.00
Sulfurous, USP 6% 100 D cbys. D	.05	:	.06
4% 100 m cbys	.04	:	.05
USP, 5 gal. demis	.06	:	.08
Tannic, tech. 300 m bhls m		:	.40
URP, powd. 200 b libisb	.80	:	.83
USP, fluffy, 50 lb bbls lb	.80	:	.88
Tartaric USP cryst 300 b bbis. b		:	.30
USP, powd. 300 m bbjs m		:	
Imp. USP, 240 D bbls D	.27	16:	.28
Powd, 240 lb bbls lb	.27	%:	.28
Tobias, 250 m bbls	.95		1.05
Tungstie, 100 b kegs b		:	1.00
Valerie, C.P., 10 lb botlb	4.00	:	4.25
Aconitine Alk. cryst. 1 ca. vis oz		:	30.00
Amorphous, 1 os. visos			20.00
Adeps Lanae, hydrous 350 lb bbls. lb	.21	:	.23
Anhydrous, 350 m bbls m	.23	:	.34
Albumen, Egg. edible		:	1.25
Technical, see Dyers Sundries		•	
ALCOHOL, USP 190 pf. 50 gal.			
bbisgal	4.88		4.91
Second Hands, bbls, URP 190		-	-
pf		:	
Export, USP, 190 pfgal	.45	:	.83
Cologne Spirit, 50 gal. bbls.gal	4.90	:	5.00
W66D, see Methanol			
Alcohols, also in 50 gal			
drums, extra and returnable.			
Amyl, see Oil Fusei			
Butyl, 50 gal. drame		:	.50
Isobutyl, crude 50 gal. drums.gal		:	
Refined, 10 m can	2.00		2.50

ALCOHOL-(continued)			
Isogropyl, crude 50 gal. drs. gal Refined, 50 gal. drs gal			4.50
Ref'd, 91% drsgal	•••	:	3.50
Methyl, see Alcohol, Wood			
Propyl, nml. erd. 50 gal. drms.gal Refined, 10 D cars D	***	:	4.40
Denstured			
No. 1 Complete Denat. 188 Proof			
50 gal. bbls. inclgal	.56	:	.58
50 gal. drums, extragal	.51	:	.83
No. 1 Special Denat. 190 Proof			
50 gal, bbl. inclgal	.54	:	.56
50 gal. drums, extragal	.48	:	.50
No. 5 Complete Denat. 188 Proof		-	
50 gal. bbls, inclgal	.53		.55
50 gal. drums, extragal	.47	:	.49
No. 6 Complete Benat. 188 Proof 50 gal. bhis, inclgal	.58	:	.55
50 gal. drums, extragal	.46	:	.48
In addition to the regular at ized formulae for completely tured alcohol, some 75 formula specially denatured alcohol ara- thorized for special uses. Own the limitations of their uses how prices are quoted by the al- producers cally to holders of mits allowing the use of spe- denatured formulae in products at ized by the Dept, of Internal Rev	dena- e for au- ng to wever, leohol per- cially sthor-		H
Aloin. USP 100 D cases D	.88	:	.93
Alpha-Naphthol, crude 300 lb bbls. lb		:	.65
Refined, 300 lb bbis		:	.75
Alpha-Naphthylamine, 350 lb bbls. lb	.35	:	.31
Ton lots, bblz, wks		:	.35







## DIETHYL SULPHATE

Acetaldehyde
Acetaldol
Acetylene Tetrachloride
Diethyl Sulphate
Ethylene Chlorhydrin
Ethylene Dichloride
Ethylene Glycol
Ethylene Oxide
Glycol Diacetate
Hexachlorethane
Isopropyl Chloride
Isopropanol
(Isopropyl Alcohol)
Paraldehyde

Propylene Chlorhydrir Propylene Dichloride Propylene Glycol Propylene Oxide Pentachlorethane Perchlorethylene Trichlorethylene

These chemicals were developed and are made by us. Consult our Research Department about them.

The Most Satisfactory General Ethylating Agent

No Autoclaves Necessary

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Non Inflammable

Non iniiammadie

Non Corrosive

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Telephone Vanderbiit 8700

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ALUM, Ammonia, lump 400 b tola.			AMMONIA anhyd. 100 D col D	:	.30	AMMONIUM-(Continued)			
wis 100 m	3.50 : \$		Water, 26° 800 D drs. wks D	:	.06%	Persulfate, 112 lb cases lb		:	.50
Imp., 500 lb casks100 lb			Drs. e/1 wks	:	.06%	Phosphate, dibasic 200 h bbls. h			.38
Ground, 400 fb bbls, wks. 100 fb	3.65 : 8		C.P., chys ID	:	.14	Tech., powd. 325 D bblsD			.18
Powd. 380 lb bbla. wks.100 lb	3.90 : 4		Imp., 800 lb drs.incl.spot. lb	.06%:	.07	Salicylate, USP 100 m kegsm	•••	:	.80
Chrome 500 lb cks. wks.100 lb Potash. lump 400 lb bbls.	5.50 : 6		26° 100 D chys. lc/l wks. D Chys., c/l wks D	.07%:	.08%	Sulfate, bulk c/l wks100 lb 200 lb single bgs.c/l wks.100 lb 200 lb double bgs, f.a.s.100 lb	2.85	: ::	3.00 3.15 3.90
wks	: 4		20°, 800 lb drs. le/l wks. lb Cbys., lc/l wks	.06%:	.0514	Sulfocyanide, tech. 100 lb kgs. lb CP, 25 lb jars	.75	:	.50
Ebls. e/l wks100 lb Cont. bbls. e/l wks100 lb	: 4	.25	18°, 800 lb drs. le/l wkslb Cbys., le/l wkslb	::: :	.05%	Amyl Acetate, tech. 50 gal. drs.gal 90%, 5 gal. cansgal	4.65	:	4.75
Imp. 650 h cases s.p 100 h	2.90 : 3	.00	16°, 800 lb drs. le/l wkslb Cbys., le/l wkslb	:	.04%	Alcohol, see Fusel Oil			
Ground, 400 h bbls, wim.100 h	4.35 : 4	.60		***	.051/4	ANILINE GIL, 900 D drs D	.16	2	.17
Imp. 650 m casks100 m	3.00 : 8	.25	Ammonium Acetate, 100 lb kegs. lb	:	.37	Aniline Salt 200 D bbls D	.23	:	.24
Powd., 380 lb bhls. wim. 100 lb	4.50 : 4	.75	Benzoate, USP, 1 h both	:	1.18	Anthracene, 80-85%, 600 lb casks			
Chrome, 700 lb cks wks. 100 lb	5.50 : 6		Biffuorida, 300 lb bblslb	.23 :	.23	wks		:	1.00
1/2323			100 lb kegs	.23 :	.24	80-85%, 600 lb casks wkslb	.75	:	1.00
Soda, grd. 400 m bbls. wks. 100 m	: 4		Bromide, 50 lb boxes	.36 :	.87	28-30%, Imp Ib	***	:	.05
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	: 8	.00	Imported, 112 b boxes b	.20 :	.21	Anthraquinone, subl. 125 lb bbls. lb 30% paste 350 lb bbls lb	1.15	:	1.25
Aluminum, metal, e/l NY100 h	27.50 : 28	.00	Carb., tech. 560 lb casks lb	:	.10		10.87	:	11.00
Chloride, anhyd. 275 lb drslb	.20 :	.22	Powd., tech. 385 D bbls. D	:	.09	Needle Powd., 100 lb cases lb		:	.09
30% sol. 120 lb ctys lb	.031/4:	.04	LSP, lump, 100 fb kegsfb Powd., 100 fb kegsfb	*** :	.131/2	The state of the s			
Hydrate 96% light 90 h bble. h		.1814	Chloride, Demastie	••• :	.1472	ANTIMONY CHLORIDE, anhyd 1000 I		:	.35
Heavy, 62-64%, 220 h bgs h		.06%	Bbls., e/1 wks ID	:	.0734	50 lb erocks		:	.48
400 b bbls, wks b	.06%:	.07	Bbls., c/l wks ID	:	.0714	Sol'n, 130 lb carboyslb		:	.11
SULFATE, Iren-free bags c/l			Gray 250 lb bbls. wks lb	.08%:	.08%	Oxide, 500 lb bbls	.089		.09
wis	2.25 : 2	.50	Bbls., e/1 wks	.08 :	.08%	Salt, dom. 500 lb bbls	.24		.25
Imported, spot100 h	2.20 : 2	.50	Imp. wh. 600 lb casks spot. lb	.06%:	.06%	Sulfuret, solden 500 lb bblslb	.19	:	.21
Comm'l., 1/2% fron, bgs. c/1			Gray, 600 lb casks spotlb	.01%:	.08	336 lb keps lb		:	.19
whsEast 100 lb	: 1	.40	Lump, 500 lb casks spot lb	.14 :	.15	Crimson, 500 lb bbls lb		:	.38
Cont. bgs. c/l wks. E.100 D		.40	Ichthyolate. as to brand Ib	4.25 :	5.00	336 lb kegs		:	.36
Bags, e/l whs. W100 lb		.35	Iodide, USP, 25 D fars D	:	5.20	Red, 500 lb bbls	***	:	.45
Bbls., c/l wks. East. 100 b Bulk. c/l cont. wks. E.100 b		.65	Lactate, 500 lb bbls	.15 :	.16	Tartrolactate, 500 lb bbls lb		:	.45
Amidol. (see Diaminophenol)			Nitrate, tech. crys. 225 m bbls m	:		Antipyrine, USP, 100 D casesD	2.15	-	2.25
Amidonyrine, 10 lb boxes	4.50 : 4	ex	Refined Crystals, bbls	.21 :	.23	Apomorphine Hydehlide, 1/6 oz. vis.oz	2,10	-	21.15
			CP gran. 100 h kegs h		.20	Arecoline Hybromide, 1 on, vialon	6.50		
1 m cartons, 10 m m		***						-	
Aminoanobenzene, 110 lb kegslb	: 1	.10	Oxalate, pure, 100 lb kegslb	.40 :	.42	Argols, red powd. 350 lb bblslb	.06%		.07



#### CHLORIDE OF LIME

**Epsom Salts** Glauber Salts Caustic Potash Sal Ammoniac

Peroxide of Sodium Carbonate of Potash Carbon Tetrachloride Peroxide of Hydrogen

Nitrite of Soda Sulfite of Soda Prussiate of Soda Bichromate of Soda

Hyposulfite of Soda

Bisulfite of Soda

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#### Di-ortho-Tolylguanidine

THIS valuable rubber vulcanization accelerator is recognized to be more efficient than any other commercially useful guanidine derivative. With the du Pont accelerators listed at the left, it provides a choice for practically every rubber manufacturing need.

Each substance is so carefully manufactured and thereafter so conscientiously standardized that an unusual degree of uniformity has become characteristic of these du Pont accelerators.

E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & COMPANY, Incorporated,

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# The Name Associated OCILE Associated Fine Chemicals and Alkaloids of Rare Quality

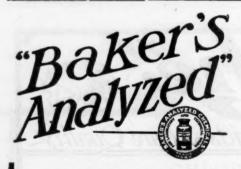
Aconitine and Salts
Amidopyrine
Antipyrine
Apomorphine Hydrochloride
Arecoline Hydrobromide
Atropine and Salts
Berberine and Salts
Brucine and Salts
Caffeine and Salts
Cocaine and Salts
Cocaine and Salts
Colchicine Alkaloid, U. S. P.
Colchicine Salicylate
Creosote, U. S. P.
Creosote Carbonate

Cumarın
Diacetylmorphine
Alkaloid and Hydrochloride
Digitalin Pure
Duboisine Sulphate
Emetine and Salts
Eserine and Salts
Guaiacol Liquid
Guaiacol Carbonate
Homatropine and Salts
Hydrastine and Salts
Hydrastine Hydrochloride
Hyoscine Hydrobromide
Hyoscyamine and Salts
Morphine and Salts
Phenolphthalein

Pilocarpine and Salts
Potassium Guaiacol
Sulphonate "Alta" Brand
Salicin
Saponin Purified
Scarlet Red Medicinal
Genuine "Biebrich"
Silver Proteinate
Sodium Cacodylate
Sparteine Sulphate
Strophanthin
Strychnine and Salts
Theobromine and Salts
Veratrine and Salts
Yohimbin Hydrochloride

THE HOFFMANN-LAROCHE CHEMICAL WORKS NEW

Arwenic, metal, 220 h hegs h			Benzidine Base, dry 250 h bbls. 1	b		: .84	BISMUTH-(Continued)			
Red. 224 lb kegs cases lb	.15		10 bbl. lots	80	:	.82	Sublodide, 51b lots		:	4.65
White, 550 m bbls., NY m		14: .12	Benzicine Sulfate, paste 350 B				Subnitrate, USP, 250 h bblsh		:	2.90
Asbestineton	16.00	; 18.00	bbls	.70	:	.72	Second Hands, bbls. or less. Ib			
Aspirin, see Acid Acetylsalicylic			Remiol, see Benzene				Cones, 1 lb botlb	***	:	1 - 2
Atropine, Alk, USP, 1 oz. vial oz		: 3.00	Benzonaphthol, 5 lb boxes lb	3,50		3.60	Subsalicylate, USP, 175 bbls Ib		:	3.10
Bulfate. 5 oz. cansos Bingle ounceos			Benzoyl Chloride, 500 m drs m	***		1.00	Tannate, 1 lb botlb		:	2.77
EARIUM BINOXIDE, see Barium dioxi					-		above on basis 25 lb lots.			
Carbonate, precip., 800 lb bbls.	supe		Benzyl Acetate, 100 m cbys m	1.40	:	1.50	Smaller lots at an advance.			June V
wkston	68.00	: 70.00	Alcohol, 5 lb bot	1.60	:	1.70	Blanc Fixe, dry 400 m bbls. wks.ton			
Frecip., 200 h bgs., wkston	68.00	: 70.00	Benzoate, 5 lb bot	1.50	:	1.60	Imported, binston			72.00
Imports, bbls., spotton		: 65.00 : 82.00	Medicinal FFC b	1.75	:	1.85	Paste, 650 lb bblston	50.00	:	55.00
Chloride, 800 lb bbls, wkston		: 80.00	Chloride, 95% tech. 925 D drs. D			.25	BLEACHING POWDER, 700 B drs.			
Import, bbls., spotton		: 82.50	100 m ebys	.25	:	.30	Drums lc/l ex-warehouse100 fb		:	1.75
Diexide, 88% 690 h dr h	.17	: .18	Redistil. 100 lb ebys lb	.40	2	.45	Contract, c/l wks100 lb	2.25		2.40 1.75
Import, 83-85% 400 D drs. D	.13	%: .15	Formate, 1 lb bot	4.00		4.25	Drums, lc/l wks100 lb	1.90	:	
Hydrate, 500 m bbls m	.05	: .05%	Berberine Hydenlide, 1 lb bot lb			22.50	Imported, spot100 ID		:	
Iodide, 51b box			Sulfate, acid or neut. 1 h bot. h		:	22.00	Blue Ointment, see Mercury			
Nitrate, 700 lb casks lb		: .10	BETA-NAPHTHOL, SEO D bbls, wks. fb			.26	Mass, see Mercury			
Import casks	.089		Cariota, wks	.24	:	.25	Bone Ash, 100 to kegs		2	.08
Sulfocyanide 400 lb bbis lb			Sublimed	.55	-	.60	Black, 200 h bbls	.06	:	.08
Barytes, floated 350 fb bblston	33.50	: 35.00	Reta-Naphthylamine, tech. 200 h	.00	•	****	Borax, USP, crys. 400 m bbls m	.059		.06
Bay Rum. Porto Rican, genuine			bbls	.65	2	.67	Powdered, USP, 300 b bblsb	.054		.06
Medicated salicy, acid or tartar et	neuc 2 00	. 9.90	Sublimed, 200 D bbls D		-	1.35	Kegs, USP, 100-150 B B	.06		.06%
Medicated quinine sulf. 45 gal.	۵.00	. 2 20	Bichloride Mercury, see Mercury Bichlo			2.00	Bordeaux Mixture, powd. bbls ID	.12		.15
bblsgal	2.00	: 2.20	BISMUTH metal, 150 m casesmb	A A A		2.42	Paste, bbls	.08		.10
Domestic synthetic, 50 gal.	-		Second Hands ID	2.50		2.60	Borneol, 11b bot		:	3.50
bblsgal	.90	: 1.00	Ammon, Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs. lb				Bromide, see potam. bromide, etc.			
84, Thomas Medicated salicy, acid or tartar				0.0,0		5.85	Promine, bot. in 60 lb ca. wks lb			.29
emetic, 50 gal. bblsgal	1.20	: 1.80	Betanaphtholate, 5 lb bxslb			3.44	Bromobenzene, 600 lb drums D	.40		.43
Benzaldehyde, tech. 945 lb drs.			Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs lb			3.09	Bromoform, USP 5th bot 50th cs. Ib		:	1.65
wks		: 1.60	Nitrate, 25 D jars			2.00	Brucine Sulfate, 100 ozsoz		:	.10
FFC, 40 lb cbys	1.60	1.60	Oxychloride, 250 bbls			3 50	Butter of Antimony, see Antimony C	hloride		
RENZENE. 90% 8000 gal. tanks	2.00		Phenoisulfonate, 5 m cans m			3.30	CADMIUM, metal 100 lb bxs To			1.00
Wisgal		: .23	Salicylate, 250 bbls		:	1.95	Bromide, 50 lb cases jars lb			1.17
110 gal. drs. wksgal		: .28	Subcarbonate, USP. 250 bblsIb			8 40			-	
Pure, Tanks, wissgal	.24	: .25	X-Ray diag. 1 lb bot lb			3.93	lodide, 10 lb bet			4.45
110 gal. drs. wksgal	.29	: .80	Subgallate, USP, 175 lb bbls., lb			1.50	Suifide, es	1.50		1.60



Immediate truck deliveries from warehouse stocks in Birmingham, Ala., Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, O., New York City, Philadelphia.

In 10-gallon carboys and in ½-gallon bottles, packed 10 bottles to standarc case.

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Clear-sighted buyers of chemicals Vand acids have long recognized the superior qualities of "Baker's Analyzed."

Hydrochloric Acid In carboys, net weight, 115 lbs. In standard cases, 10 6-lb. bottles.

Sulphuric Acid In carboys, net weight, 180 lbs. In standard cases, 10 9-lb. bottles. Nitric Acid In carboys, net weight, 135 lbs. In standard cases, 10 7-lb. bottles.

Ammonia
In carboys, net weight, 85 lbs.
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ZINC OXIDE Tomahawk Brand

This 35% leaded brand is uniformly consistent, permitting positive formulae standardization. LITHOPONE

Brilliant white; highly resistant to exposure; neutral; opaque.



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Matchless in excellence of color, odor and form Unusually free from uncombined salicylic acid

An acetylsalicylic acid of such purity and excellence produces the finest tablets. They are white and keep well. They produce proper medicinal action, without the objectionable side-effects.

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Standard Chemicals

Medicinal

Analytical

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Technical

CAFFEINE ALK, USP 5 b cam b			CAMPHOR, Amer. ref. 250 D.		93	Chalk, drop 175 m bbls	•••	
Becond Hands	***	: 5.65	2½ D slabs, 100 D csD			Precip. light 250 lb cskslb Precip. heavy 560 lb cskslb	.04%	
Sulfate, 1 b bot		: 6.02	1 lb cakes, 100 lb cs lb	***	.94%	Bulkton		
Clitrated. 25 lb cams lb		: 3,15	1 oz. tab., 1 m etms.		.98%	Precip. English, 7 h bags h		: .07%
Hydrobromide, 1D bot D	***	: 4.75	1/2 on, tab., 1 m etns.	•••	30%	Wood, powd, 100 m bhl	.04	: .05
GALCIUM Acetate, 150 lb bgs, c/l			100 lb cs lb		: .99	Willow, powd. 100 lb bbl lb		: .07
100 b		: 4.00	Jap. ref. 2½ B slabs, 100 B	.79	: .80	China Clay, Dom., crudeton		: 8.00
Armenate, 100 D bbls. c/l wks. D	.113		1 os. tab., 100 lb. cs. 1 lb.		00	Washed & Groundton Imp., Filler Clayton		: 12.00 : 16.00
Bromide, 100 D cs		: .50	tins	***	.98	Coatington		: 25.00
Carbide, 220 B dr. c/l wis Ib			1/2 oz. tab., 100 lb cs., 1 lb			Chloral Hydrate, USP 100 m drs. m		: .75
Drams lc/l wis	***	: .05	Chinese ref. 2½ D slabs 100 D	•••	1.00	25 m jars		: .80
Carbonate, tech. 100 lb bags c/l100 lb	1.00	: 1.10	Chinese res. 273 ib since 100 ib			Chloramine-T. 5 lb bot		: 2.50
USP, precip. 175 lb bblslb			Crude, 100 m es	.58	.60	Chloreosane, 5 lb bot		75
Chloride, solid, 650 lb drs. c/l			Campher, Monobrom, 100 h cs h	1.75	1.85	Chlorhydrin, Ethylene anhyd, 600 h	.75	: .85
f.o.b. NYton		: 24.50	Caramel, 50 gal. bblsgal	.60	.62	40% soln. 100 m cbys m	.25	
Impton	18.00	: 30.00	Carbasol, 250 lb bbis	***		CHLORINE, Liquid 3000 b cyl.		: .05
Gran., 350 lb drs. e/l f.e.b.		: 30.50	Carbon Bisulfide, 500 lb dr., le/1 NY lb e/1 drums, NY	***		Tank car lots, wks. Contract ID	***	: .04
Flake 330 lb drs. c/l drs. f.o.b.	•••	. 00.00		***		100 m cyl. c/l	.05%	
NYton		: 80.50	Carbon Black, 12½ B bags, wks. B Carbon Tetrachlurida, 1400 B drs.	.11	: .15	100 lb cyl. lc/l wisslb 100 lb cyl. lc/l, ex-warehouselb	.07	
Anhyd., 350 m drs. f.o.b. NY. m		: .20	NY D	.0814	: .0914	Chlorobenzene, mono. 1000 lb drs.		
Olycerophosphate, 250 lb bblslb	1.50	: 1.00	Drums, c/l NY	.08	.081/4	Wiss ID	.16	: .11
Hydrate, (see Lime)			700 lb drs. single NY lb	.081/4	: .091/2	Tank car lots wis	.00	
Hypophosphite, USP, 25 h cans h	.60		Carmine, No. 40 5 D berres B	4.75		CHLOROFORM, USP 50 D drs ID	***	
Iodide, 5 lb botlb		: 4.40	Casein, edib., 100 h kegh	.40	: .45	Second Hands, 650 lb drslb Technical, 650 lb drumslb	.33	: .34
Lactate, tech. 500 lb bblslb	.60	: .80	Technical, 200 m bbls m	.11%		Chromium Acetate, 20° soln. 400 lb		
U.S.P		: 40.00	Castoreum, 11b boxes	4.00		Fluoride, Powd, 400 lb bblslb		: .10
Phosphate, tech. 350 b bbls. b	.09			***		Boln. 400 m bbls		:
Phombate, precip. tribasis 200			Tech., see Fired Oils			Sulfate, 400 m bbls	.07	: .09
ID bble, wire ID	***		Caustic Potash, see potash, caustic			Chrysarobin, USP, 5 lb canslb		: 2.85
Phosphate, mono, 325 lb bbls. lb	.07		Noda, see soda, caustie			Cinchenidin alk., pwd. 100 oz. tinsoz Crystaloz	***	: .65
Sulfocarbolate, 100 lb kegs lb	.65	01	Cellulose Acetate, 100 h cases h Cerium Oxalate, USP 100 h kess. h		: 2.00	Sulfate, 100cz. tinscc		
Canonica, no announy	to the same		Contom Cantate, USF 100 m Rep. m	***	: .86	June C, 100m, tim	•••	

There can be no higher degree of purity than that which is presented to you under the label of

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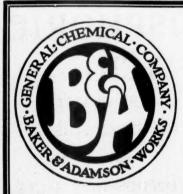
#### Bectro Bleaching Gas Co.

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Cinchonine alk., pwd. 100om, tinson	: .38	. COPPER, metal electrolytic e/1			Diethyl Suifate tech, 50gal.drs D .20	: .3	5
Crystal		NY100 m	13.25	: 13.37	CP drums 10 .40	: .5	ò
	-	Lake, c/l NY100 D	13.12	: 13.25	Digitalin, Pure, 1 oz. vialcs 10.00	: 10.3	5
Sulfate, 100 on time	20	Casting, c/l NY100 lb	***	: 12.87	Dimethylaniline, 840 m drs. wks. m .37		4
Citrine Ointment, see Mercury		Carbonate, 400 lb bbls lb	.17	: .17%	Dimethylsulfate, 100 B drs B	: .8	
Coal Tar, Thu. & bbls., whsgal .08	: .08	Chloride, 250 lb bbl		: .28		- 10	
Cobalt metal, 100 h kegs lb	: 3.00	Cyanide, 100 b drs		: .33	Dinitrobenzene, 400 m bbls m .18		
Cobalt Oxide, 500 lb bbls lb	: 2.10	lodide, 5 lb bot	.17	: 5.65	Dinitrochlorobensene, 400 h bbis. h .19		
10 lb tins, 200 lb cases lb		Sub-Acetate, verd. 440 D bbls. D	.23	33	Dinit.onaphthalene, 350 m bbls. m .32	: .3	å
COCAINE alk., USP. 1 oz. vialos	: 10.00	SULFATE, crys. 450 D bbls. lc/l			Dinitrophenol, 350 lb bbls lb	: .4	)
Hydrochloride, USP-1 on vials,	. 10.00	spot	4.85	: 5.00	Dinitrotoluene. 300 lb bbls lb .18	: .11	4
	: 7.07	Carlots, bbls,f.o.b. NY.100 lb		: 4.75	Dionin, see Morphine, Ethyl	, ,	
	: T.50	Carlots, bbls, delivered. 100 lb		: 5.00	Diphenylamine, 250 D bbb D .48	: .50	
In crystals, granular, powder,		Imp. 550 fb csks 100 fb	4.50	: 5.00	Diphenyiguanddine, 170 lb bbls. lb 1.05	-	-
or flaky crystals as desired.		Powdered, 350 m 5 bblsm		: 5.75			
Cocoa Butter, bulk, 200 m bales. m .26	: .36 1/2	Copperas, bulk c/l wkston		: 16.00	Dover's Powder, USP 510 tins 10 2.20		-
Fingers, cakes, etc. 12 m bus m .34	: .85	200 lb bgs, c/l wkston 400 lb bbls. c/l wkston		: 18.00 : 20.00	Duboisine Sulfate, 1 oz. vialoz	: 30.01	r
CODEINE alk., 1 oz. vis. 10 oz.		Powdered, bbls100 lb		: 1.50	EARTH, Diatomaceous, see Kieselguhr		
lots	: 9.27	Sugar, 400 fb bbls100 fb		: 1.25	Emetine alk., 15 gr. vlsca	. 130	4
Hydrobromide, 1 oz. vls. 10 oz.		Corn Syrup, 42 deg. 50 gal.			Hydchlide, USP 1 or. vialor. 18.00		
lots	: 7.42	bbls100 lb			15 gr. vialsea		
Hydrochloride, 1 ou, vis, 10 ou,		43 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 lb		: 3.51	EPSOM SALT, tech. 300 m bhls.		
lots	: 8.27	44 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 lb		: 3.58		: 2.11	8
Nitrate, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz. lots.oz	: 8.27			: 3.65		2.00	
Phoephate, 1 oz. vls. 10 ox.		Corrosive Sublimate, see Mercury Richle Cotton Soluble. 100 B bbls. wet. D	.40	: .43	100 m bgs., c/1 NY100 m	: 1.80	
	: 6.97	Coumarin. 25 D timeD	3.85	4.00	Imp., 220 h bgs. c/l		
Salicylate, 1 os. vls, 10 os.		Second Hands ID		: 4.00	NY	: 1.30	
lotsox	: 6.97	CREAM TARTAR, USP, 300 D			UHP, 300 lb bbis, 10 bbis. 100 lb Carlots, bbls 100 lb 2.10		
Sulfate, 1 oz. vls. 10 oz. lotz.oz	: 7.42	bbis		: .23	Imported, 400 lb bbls. 100 lb		
		Imp. powd. USP, 224 bblsfb		: .231/4	100 lb kegs100 lb 2.00	: 2.2	
Small Sizes, 1/2 cs. vials, 50e extra,		Creosote, USP, 42 lb cbyslb	.45	: .50	Ergotin, Bonjean, 1 D jare D 6.00		
14 oz. 25e extra, singles 7e extra per oz.—25 oz. lots, 10c oz. cheaper		Carbonate, 1 lb bot. 25 lb lb	1.80	: 2.00	Eaerine alk. 1 os. vialos		
than above. Less than 10 cms, 15c cm,		Creosote 011, 50 gal. drsgal	.20	: .22	Salicylate, USP 1 cm. vialcm	: 16.07	
higher than above.		Cresol, USP, 400 lb drums lb	.23	: .26	Sulfate, USP VIII, 1 ca. vial.ca	: 12.07	
COD LIVER OIL, Norwegian, 30 gal.		Cyanamide, bulk c/l wks, Amm.unit		: 2.25	ETHER. USP 55 m drums m		
bblsbbl 25.00	: 25.50	DIAMINOPHENOL, 100 D kegs D		: 3.80	Anaesthesia, 55 lb drumslb		
Newfoundland, 30 gal, bblsbbl	:	Diaminidine, 100 m kegs		: 4.60	USP, 1880 55 m drums m	: .40	
Colchicine alk., USP 1 cu. vialcu		Dichlorobensene, 1000 lb drs lb	.06	07	Washed, 55 lb drums lb		
Salicylate, 1 cs. vial		Diethylaniline, 850 b drs b		: .60	Motor, 1 b cans b .24	: .21	1
Collodion USP 30 b drums lb		Diethyl Phthalato, 25 lb cans lb	.50	: .55	Ether, Nitrous, 1 lb bot lb .92	: .91	5
	: 1.30	1000 lb drs	.40	: .45	Ethyl Benzyl Aniline, 300 D drs. D		



## Baker& Adamson Reagent Chemicals

Standard Quality

Manufactured in Easton, Pa., since 1884

## GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY

40 Rector Street, New York

Baltimore Buffalo Chicago Cleveland Denver

Philadelphia® Pittsburgh

Providence San Francisco

The Nichols Chemical Co., Ltd., Montreal

Cable Address: Lyourgue, N. Y.

Ethyl Acetate, 99%, 50 gal. dm.gal	1.25	: 1.28	Gelatin, USP allver Ibl. 100 B cs. B	.85	:	.00	Hydrastinine Hydchlide, USP 15 gr.			
85-90% Ester, 50 gal. dra.gal		: 1.18	Gold Label, 100 b came b		:	***	vialevial			2.40
Carlets, drumsgal	***	: 1.10	Technical, 100 b b	.60	:	.65	Hydranobemaene 100 h kegs h		:	1.35
Tanks Carsgal	***	: 1.05	CLAUBER'S SALT, tech. 200 b bags				HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, 25val. 400 H			
Refined, drumsgal		: 2.00	le/1 whs100 B	1.15	:	1.25	bbls,	***	:	.10
Bromide 115 m drs		: .40	350 b bbis. c/l wks100 b	1.30		1.35	100 vol. 145 lb ebys lb	***	:	.35
Chleride, 15 m cyl	***		Bbls. le/1 wks100 B	1.50	:	2.00	USP Sein, 375 m bbls m	.05		.05 14
Methyl Ketone, 50 gal drame. Ib	.25	: .25%	Imported, bbis, spot100 h		:	1.00	100 vol. 145 lb cbys lb			.40
Morphine, see Morphine, Ethyl			USP. 300 h bbls, imp. sp 100 h	***	:	1.25	USP bot, 4 os, casesgross		:	8.25
Ethylene Bromide, 600 b drs b	***	: .60	USP, 300 m bbls. dom. sp. 100 m		:	1.75	Bot. 8 oz. casesgross			12.00
diyest	.65	: 1.00	UEP, 300 h bbls. c/l wis. 100 h		:	1.40	Bot. 16 OE. casesgross			20.00
Chlerhydrin, anhyd. 50 gal drs. D	.75		Calcined, see Sodium Sulfate				Hydroquinone, 100 lb kegslb	1.40	:	1.50
40% Solution, 50 gal. bbls. b	.25	: .30	Glucose, (Grape Sugar) dry, 100				Hyoscine Hydrobrom. USP 1 cm.			
Dichloride. 50 gal. drs Ib	.30	: .35	70° bags, e/l NY100 B	3.49		3.74	vial			10.57
Ethylideneaniline		: .70	Syrup, Drs. & bbla, e/l NY100 m	3.26		8.51	Pive cus., 1 os. vials			10.00
Eucalyptol, 25 lb cans lb	.85	: .90	le/1 NY 100 m	3.36	:	3.61	Hyoscamine Alk. Cryst., 1 os. vial.os			25.0T
Feldspar, bulkten	20.00	: 25.00	GLUE, pure white, bhis It	.30		.35	Alkaloid, Amorphous, 1 oz. vial.oz			75.00
FERRIC CHLORIDE, tech. crys.			Medium white, bbis	.25		.30	Hydrobromide, USP 1 on vial on			40.07
475 m bbls m		: .07	French, bbls	.18		.25	Sulfate, 1 on vial			25.07
Imported			High Grade, bbls	.35		40	INDOL, C. P. 1 os. botor	6.00	:	6.50
USP, crys. 100 m kegs m			Bone, regular, bbis			.13	Iodiden, see Potasa. Iodide, etc.			
Imported					1	1.75	IODINE, crude, 200 h kegs h			3.79
Neut. Sol'n 40° 140 m chys Ib			Fish, bblsgal	1.50			itesubitmed, 10 lb jars lb		:	4.40
48°, 140 chrs				.164		-11	Tincture, USP, 50 gal. bbisgal			4.25
USP Sol'n 125 lb cbys lb		: .051/4	Cams, 50 m	.18		.18%	Carbon	4.80		4.40
***	***	00/3	Dynamite, 100 lb drs lb	.15%		.16	lodoform, powd, 10 lb botlb	7 .		6.00
Ferrous Chloride, crys. tech.			Saponification, tanks B	.123		.12%	Crystals, 10 lb bot	***		1.00
475 m bols m	.06	: .06%	Soap, Lye tanks	.10%		.11	Iridium, metal 10os lots			150.00
Ferrous Bulfide, 1000 th bhis. 100 th	2.50	: 3.00	Goa Powder, see chrysarobin				Iron, metal by hydrogen 1 lb bot, lb	.80		1.00
Flake White, see lead, white			Graphite, crude 220 h bags ton	15.00	:	35.00	IRON & AMM. CITRATE, USP 25 b	.60		1.00
Fluorspar, 95% 220 b bgs. ex			Flake, 500 h bbls	.05	:	.09	cans			.79
dockten		: 25.00	Ground, lump, bbls	.04	:	.05	Green scales, 25 D cans, D	***	-	.84
96% bes		: 33.50	Gusiacel liquid, USP, 25 h came. h	2.45	:	2.60	Caendriate, 10 m bot	4.50		6.75
98% bgsten		: 35.00	Benmoate, 1 lb bot lb		: :	18.00	Citrate, USP VIII 25 lb cars lb			.99
FORMALDEHYDE, USP 400 D bole.			Carbonate, 5 m boxes m		:	4.79	Chloride, see ferrie or ferrous			.99
		: .11	HAARLEM OIL, Dom. 6 gr. cs.gross			8.50	Hypophosphite, 5 lb came lb	1.50		1.60
e/1 wis	.12		Imported, 5 gr. casesgross	5.15	:	5.25	Syrup, USP VIII		:	
Carboys, 100 lb le/l wis lb	.113		Halasone, 5 D bet D			3.25	Indide. 1 b bot			
Bbls., 400 h le/l wis h			Hexamethylenetetramine, USP		•	*	Syrip, USP, 570 bot	***		4.28
Second Hands	***	7	100 b drum b	.75		.7134		.35	:	.36
Fundi Flour	***	10.	Imported	.68		.70	Nitrate, kegs	.09		.10
Formaniline		: .50	Rubber Makers, Impalp. Pd.				Com'l, bbls100 D	2.75		3.25
Fuller's Earth, 200 h bgs. o/I		a mileson I		.833		.85	Oxalate scales 25 B carsB	.85		.88
mineston		: 17.00	Homatrovine Hydrobrom, USP 1 os.				Oxide red, Spanish	.03		.07%
Imported, 230 h bags NYton	35.00	: 40.00	vial			14.00	& Ammon. Oxalate 25 b brs. b	-47		.50
From Oil, reduced, 100 gal, drm.gal		:	Pire em., 1 es., vialses			16.00	& Potamium Oxalate, 25 b brs. b	.45		-47
Crude, 100 gal drumgal		: 4.30					& Sodium Oxalate, 25 h bm h	-41		.43
	100	A CHILD	Hydrastine Alk., USP, 1 on vial.co			15.57	Phosphate, USP 25 m cansm	.TP	3	.81
G SALT, parte 350 h bils. berie	-		Hydchlide, URP, 1 cs. vialcs	***		14.57	Pyrophesphate, USP 25 B			
100% D	.60	: .65	Bulfate, 1 cm. vial	***		LLUI	CADS	.84	:	.86

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JALAP RESIN, lump 5 th time. b	3.25	: 3,35 : 3,50	Linalcol, 8 b bot b	8.50	: 6.50	Manganess — (continued)			12.0
Kapoe, 160 h double bales h	.28	.30	Lithium Carb, USP, 100 b to D	1.50	1 00	Glycerophosphate, 5 lb/ tins lb	***		3.10
KIESELGURR, 90 B bags NY for	60.00	10.00	Bromide, 100 D		1.85	Hypophos. USP VIII 5th cams. th		:	1.55
LANGLIN, see Adept Lange			Citrate, UEP 100 D kegs D	1.70	1.75	Iddide, 170 bot		:	6.65
LEAD, metal c/1 NY 100 lb	8.70	9,50	lodide, 5 m bot	***		Ore, bulk NYunit	-40	:	.45
Acetate, white crystals 500 m			Bbls. c/l wks. b			Bulfate, 600 lb tasks NY D	.10		.11
bbls. wks	***		Bags, c/1 wks			N 41 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	104	1	
100 to 250 lb kgs. wis. lb White, broken, bbls. wis. 100 lb	***		Imported, 400 lb bbls lb	.05%	.06	Marble Plour, bulktom	10.00		13.00
White, gran, bbls, wks. 100 lb		13.65	Litmus Cubes	.90 :	1.00	See also Calcium Carbonate			
White, powd., bbls, wks b		.15	MAGNESITE, crudeton		15.00			:	12.25
Kegs, wks D		.15%	Calcined, 500 lb bblston		55.00	Less cases, 51b tins		:	12.75
Brown, broken, bbls, wks Ib	***		Magnesium mtl., sticks 100 lb es. lb Carb tech 70 lb bars Nt lb	1.25	1.30	MERCURY, metal 75 m flask flask	60.00	: 1	61.00
USP, 100 h keesh	144	.17	75 D bbls. NT	.08%				:	.97
Amenate, 100 lb bbls. lc/l wks. lb Bbls. c/l wks.	.30	.25	USP, 60 D bbls	.10		Biehloride, cryst, 25 lb bas lb		2	1.02
Paste, 600 lb bbls	.12		USP, blocks 100 m cs. 1, 2, 4		1	Gran. powd., 200 b kegs ID		:	.87
Iodide, USP VIII 5 m bot m	3.20	3.40	Chloride, fused 575 b drs. c/l	.19 :	.23	Bisulfate, 25 h boxes lb		:	.86
Nitrate, 500 m bbls. wks lb		.12	wks	:	24 00	Blue Mam, 25 lb boxes lb		:	.62
Oxide, lithge, 500 lb bbls 100 lb	11.15	11.40	Flaked, 350 lb drs. wks e/Lton		36.00	Powdered, 25 lb boxes lb		:	.54
100 lb kegs, wkslb Oxide, red 500 lb bbls, wkslb	11.65	11.90	Imp., fused 900 b bbls NY.ton			Blue Gintment, USP 25 m cams			
100 D keep wks	11.00	.11%	Fluosilicate, crystals 400 b bbls.			50%		:	.77
Peroxide, 100 m drs		.26	wks	.12 :		USP, dilute 25 h cans 30%. h		:	.57
White, basic carb. 500 lb bbls.			30% soin. 500 D bbls. wks. D	.07 :	.07%	33 1/3% Mercury ID		:	.67
wks D	.10	.1014	Soin. bbls. c/l wiss Ib	:	.06	Calomel, 50 lb his			1.10
Bbls. e/l wks			Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tinslb	:	3.40	Citrine Ointment 25 lb jars lb			.54
White, sulfate 500 lb bbls. wks. lb	.09 34 :	.09%	Hypophosphite, 5 lb canslb	:	1.20	Iodide, green 25 lb jars lb			4.00
Bbls. c/l wks		.0914	Oxide, USP light 100 h bbls h	:	.42	Red, USP 25 h jars h Yellow, USP VIII 25 h jars. h			4.10
Licorice Ext. Mass, esses Ib	.35 :	.26	USP, heavy 250 m bbls m	:	.50	140.10			1.38
Compound powder, bbls ib	.11	.13	Peroxide, 5 m cams	:	2.40	Red Precip. USP 25 lb bxslb Powder, USP 25 lb bxslb	***		1.48
Powdered	.45	.60	Perborate, 1 lb tins lb	:	2.62	White Precip. USP 25 m bas In		:	1.49
LIME (Salts, see Calcium Salts)	.40 .	.00	Salicylate, 100 h kem D	3	.75	Powder, USP 25 lb baslb			1.54
Live, 325 m bbls, ton lets, wks. m	:	.0134	Sulfate, see Epsoin Salts			With chalk, USP 25 lb bxslb			.62
Single bbl. wks Ib	:		Manganese Chloride, 600 lb cak.			tenin a de la deservación dela deservación de la deservación de la deservación de la deservación de la deservación dela deservación de la deservación dela dela dela dela dela de	- 4.9		
Hydrated, 167 lb bbl, ton lots,			NY	.09%:	.10	Meta-Nitraniline	.78	:	.80
Single bbl. wks	1 *** 3	.01%	Borate, 30%, 200 h bbls h	:	.24	Meta-Nitro-para-Toluidine, 300 lb			
Oyster Shell, 150 lb bbl, single, lb	***	.0346	100 b kegsb	:		bbls ID		:	2.20
125 m bag	:	.03 14	Dioxide, 90-84% 900 D bbis.	11		Meta-Phenylenediamine, 300 lb			
Sulfur, dry 200 lb drs. NY lb	.08 :	.10	NYton		85.00	bbls	.95	:	.98
Drs. e/1 NY	:	.1014	85-90%, 900 h bbls. NY.ton		90.00	Meta-Toluylenediamine, 300 lb	00		
33° Soin. 50 gal. bbis, NY.gal	.15 :	.16	Hydrated, precip. 100 lb kgs. lb	.33 :	.35	bbls	.82	ě	.90

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METHANOL (Wood Alcohol)			, MAPHTHA, Solvent, 110 gal. drs.			Oxgall, USP, 5 lb bot	2.00	:	3,00
95%, tanksgal		: .85	wis	.29 :	.30	Purified, 5 lb bot			2.50
Druma, e/lgal			8000 gal tank cars wim. gal			Crude, 57b bot	.80	:	1.25
Drums le/lgal	.88	: .90	NAPHTHALENE, Flake, 175 bbls.		,	PALLADIUM, metal 10 cs. lotson	75.00		T6.00
07%, tanks		: .88	Win D	·	001/	Transfer and management and the second			
Drume, c/1gal	***	: .90	Bbls. c/l wks	***		Pancreatin, USP 5 h bot h	1.25	:	1.40
Drums, le/lgal				.06 :		Papain, 10 bot, USP, Powd Ib	2.00	:	2.25
Pure, Acotone free, thu gal		: .90	Bhis., second hands NY	.06%:		Crude, 150 lb cases	1.80	:	1.85
Drume, c/l		: .93	Balls, 250 m bbls. wis m	*** 1		Paraffin, ref'd 200 m es. slabs			
Drums, le/lgal	***	: .95	Bbls., c/l wiss	.07 :		120-125 Deg. M. P ID	.033	4 .	.033
Bbls. incl. 5e higher			Bhis., second hands NY Ib	*****		125-130 Deg. M. P	.04		.043
Methyl Acetone, 100 gal. drums.gal	1.07	: 1.10	Crushed, chipped, bgs., wks Ib	.05%:		130-135 Deg. M. P	.04		.045
Tanks carsgal	***	: 1.05	Crude, imp., bags	.0214:	.03	135-140 Deg. M. P			.063
Chloride, 90 h crl h	***		Nickel Metal, electrolytic 100 lb		33 45 7		.00		.007
Salicriate, USP, 50 h cases h	***		kegs	1	.30	Para-Aminoacetanilid, 100 h			
500 D drums	***	: .45	Ingut, 100 h kegs	.29 :	.82	kegs	1.05	:	1.15
Second Hands, cases D	.45	: .46	Salt, single 400 h bbls, NY. B	.11 :	.12	Para-Aminophenol, 100 lb kess Ib	1.25	:	1.30
Methylene Blue, tech. 100 h km. h	1.00	: 1.50	Double, 400 h bhis, MY h	.10 :	.11	Hydrochloride, 100 lb kegs lb	1.40		1.50
USP, medicinal 5th capsib	***	: 2.65	Oxide, 100 h keps MY h	.40 :	.42	Para-Dichlorbenzene, 150 lb bbls.		4.7	
Michler's Ketone, 225 h bbis h		: 3.75	Sulfate, 450 lb bbls	:	.07		.17		- 00
	14	: .15	Nitre Cales, bulk wimtem	5.50 :	6.00	wks			
Milk Sugar, see sugar of milk	-		500 lb bbla			25-50 lb keys	.18	-	
Mineral Oil, see oil mineral			Later and the second se	10.00	14.00	Paraldehyde, 100 gal. drs Ib		:	.48
Mineral Rubberton	33.00	: 54.00	Nitrobermene, crusie, 1000 lb drs.	/		Paraformaldehyde, USP 100 D ca. D		:	.50
Monochlorobenzenie, see chlorobenzene			wis	.09 :		Para-Nitroacetanilid, 300 m			
Moncethylandline, 900 D dru D		: 1.00	Bedistilled, 1000 h drs. wks. h	.09%:		bbls,	.55	:	.60
Monomethyl paramidophenol sulfate			Nitronaphthalene, 550 m bblsm	.20 :	21	PARA-NITROANILINE, 300 to bob.			
100 b drs b	3.30	: 3.75	Nitrotoluene, mixed 1000 B drs.				.63		-
MORPHINE Sulfate, USP 5 on, time			wks	.14 :	.15	who, ton	.00	•	.18
10 OL		: 6.95	Ochre	:	.03 34	Para-Nitrochlorobennene, 1200 lb drs.			
Acetate, 5 os. time 10 os. lots. sor		: 6.95	Oil Fusel, see Fusel Oil			wis	.20	:	.30
Hydrobromide, 5 oz. tims 10 oz.			OIL MINERAL, wh. 50 gal, bbb.gal	1.00 .	1.25	Para-Nitro-ortho-Toluidine, 300 h			
lote		: 6.95	Oil Mirbane, see nitrobensene	2.00	2.20	bbls	2.75		2.85
Mydrhlide, 5 cs. tirs 10 cs.			Opium, see erude druss			Para-Nitrophenol, 185 b bbls b	.70		.75
lotscu		: 6.95	Orange Mineral, 800 m casks NY, m	.15%:	.16	Para-Nitropolemot, 185 ib bois ib			.10
Discotyl Alk., 16 cm, vis. 10		. 0.00	500 lb bbls. NY	.15%:	.16%				.95
OE		: 10.75				bbls	.55		.60
Hydchlide, 1/4 on. vis. 10 on.on		9.75	Ortho-Aminophenol, 50 lb kegs lb	2.40 :	2.50		.00		
Ethyl Hydchlide, 14 cm, vis. 10	***	. 0.10	Orthe-Anisidine, 100 b drs b	:	***	Para-oxy-Bennaldehyde, 100 D	1.50		1.60
6E		: 10.95	Ortho-Dichlorobensene, 1000 h drs.			keps			
Small Sizes: 16 ca. vials, 50c	erim.	. 20.00	wis	.06 :	.08	Para-Phenetidin, 500 lb drs lb	1.00		1.00
%s 25c extra; single on via.			Ortho-Nitrochlorobamene, 1200 h			Para-Phenylenediamine, 350 h	1 40		
tra, over price for 5 on ting.			drs. wiss	.35 :	-40	bble	1.40		1.00
lots in 5 cs. time. 10e cs. lower			Ortho-Nitrophenol, 350 D 3 bbls. D	.35		Para-Toluene-Sulfonamide, 175 lb	.40		.41
above schedule. Less than 10 c			Ortho-Mitrotoluene, 1000 D drs.	:	1.20	bbls B	.40		.41
15c on, higher than above sched			wis	.10 :	**	Para-Toluene-Sulfonchloride, 410 h	.13		.30
Musk Ambrette, 11b cars		: 16.00	Ortho-Toluidine, 350 m bbls m		.11	bbls, wks D	.85		
THE AMERICA, IN CAMP	20.00	. 10.00	· viano londinamo, ouvir com in	.18 :	.15	Para-Toluidine, 350 h bits. who. h		•	



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Arsenic Basis, 500 h hogsb	.26h :	.25	Pitch, Coal-Tar, winton		33.00	Chlorate, crys. 112 b kgs. e/l		
Kegs, 100 Ds	.22		Plaster Paris, tech, 250 m bbls.bbl			wis	.0814	.08%
Kits, 56, 28, 14 bs	.31" :		True Dental, 300 bbls			Imp. 112 h keps NYh		
Packages, 5 and 2 Ds D Packages, 1 D, 1/4, 1/4 D D	.32 :	.33				Powd., 112 h kegs wks h	.08%	
Paris White, see whiting, French	.04 .	.00	Platinum, metal soft 10 oz. lotsoz	:	122.00	Imp., kegs NY	.07 :	.07%
			Podophyllin, 5 lb bot	6.00 :	6.25	Pyrotechnic, fine powd. NY ID	.08	.09
Pepsin, USP 51b bet	2.25 :		Second Hands	5.95 :	6.00	USP, fine crys, 110th keeps		
PETROLATUM, green 300 m bbls. m	.0214:	.03	POTASH, CAUSTIC, molid 88-92%			NY	.08	09
Dark Amber 300 m bbls m	.03%:	.04	700 lb drs. wkslb	:		Citrate, USP 10 m cans m	.70 :	.74
Light Amber, 300 lb bbls lb	.04%:	.05	Imp., 88-92% 700 lb drs. NY. lb	.06%:		Cyanide 110 D cases D	:	.65
Cream White, USP 300 lb bbls. lb	.07 :	.07%				Glycerophosphate, 75% Soln. 25 lb		
Lily White, USP, 300 m bbls. m	.09 :	.09%	USP, by alcohol 5 lb canslb	.46		Guaiacol Sulfonate, 5 lb cans.	1.60	1.70
Snow White, USP, 800 m bbls. m	.121/4:	.13		.00	.00			0.00
Phenol, see also acid carbolic			POTASSIUM Acetate, USP, 100 B			10 lblb	2.55	2.60
American makers, drums wks Ib	*** :		kegs	.30 :		Hypophosphite, 10 h cansh	.80 :	.85
Open market, drs	.87 :	.38	Bicarbonate, crys. 220 lb bbls. lb	.11		Second Hands, cases Ib	3.60	
Natural, 240 lb des drs. wks lb		7	wks	.091/6			• • • •	
The state of the s	:	***	Bichromate, crys. 900 lb casks. lb	.09%:		Lactophosphate, 4os botos	***	.90
Imported, 336 lb des drslb	:	***	Powd., 900 lb casks waslb	:		Metabisulfite, 300 lb bblslb	.18 :	
Phenolphthalein, USP, 100 lb drs. lb	1.40 :		Binoxalato, 300 m bbls m	.25 :			.13 :	.44
5 m cans, 100 m lots	1.50 :	1.60	Bisulfate, C.P., 5 D cans D	:	.30	Muriate, 80%, 200 m bags, NY		
Phenyl-Alpha-Naphthylamine 100 lb	:		100 lb kegp	:	.22	K <sub>2</sub> 0 unit	*** :	.68
Phenylethylalcohol. 1 D botD	6.75 :		Bromate, 100 m	:	.45	Nitrate, see Saltpetre		
Imported	T.75 :		BROMIDE, USP cryst. 450 D			Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegr lb	.36 :	
Phospene, 100 lb cylinders lb		1.00	bbla		.36	Perchlorate, 112 lb kegs lb	.09%:	.10
Phosphorus Oxychloride, 175lb cyl. lb		.40				PERMANGAN, USP, crys, 500 lb		
			Granular, 300 m bbls m	•••	.30	drs. wks	.1316	.14
Phosphorus, red 110 lb cs. wkslb	.75 :	.85	Cases, 100 ID	:	.31	Imp. 112 lb drs lb	.1834:	.17
Imported, 112 b cases b	***		Imported, USP, 220 lb cs lb	.18 :	.19	Primelate, red. 100 fb bbls fb	1.0	.43
Yellow, 110 lb es. wkslb	.40 :		CARBONATE, 80-85% calc.		11/21/11/1	500 lb casks		
Phosphorus Trichloride, 175 lb cyl.		•••	800 lb eks lb	.0514:	.051/4	Prussiate, yellow, 500 lb casks, lb	:19%:	.30
wiss	:	.45	80-85%, hydrated, 800 lb			Salicylate, 25 % cars lb	.63	.75
Phthalie Anhydride, 100 m bbls. m	:	.30	cks	.0614 :	.06%		.00	
Pilocarpine Hydehlide, USP 25 cs.			90-95% calc. casks lb	.0614:		Sulfate, 200 lb bags, NY.K <sub>2</sub> 0 unit USP, VIII, 100 lb kegslb	.15	
lots, 1 oz. vialsoz	:	3.57	96-98% calc. caskglb	.06		Sulfocyanide, CP 25 D jars D	1	
Nitrate	:	3.57	99% calc. casks	.07%:				
Single ounces	:	3.82	USP, 100 lb kegslb	.12%:		Tartrate, neutral, 100 h kegs. h		
Alkaloid, 15 gr. vlsea	:	.75	99% CP casks	.12 :	.121/2	Titanium Oxalate 200 lb bbls. lb	.28	.30

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Pumice Stone, lump, 250 h bbls. h	.04%:	.05	QUININE—(continued) Santonin USP, 1 b bot b Tartete S :			48.00
Powdered, 350 lb bbls lb	.02 14	.03	Vaierale		:	1.25
		3.25	Small Sizes: les vials or cans, Satin White, 500 lb bbls lb			.01
l'yridine, 50 gal. drumsgal	3.00 :	3.23	50cs. lots, 5c on extra; 5cs cans, Schaeffer's Salt, 250 lb bbls.was. lb	.60	:	.65
QUICKSILVER, see Mireary			50on lots Se es extra; 25on eans, Scopolamine, see hyoscine.			
Quinidine Alk., 100cs tinscs Sulfate, 100cs tinscs		.50	50os lots, 2c os extra; single los vials or cam, 5c extra. All minor outrine talts sold and quoted basis SiLIGA	.11	:	.18
Quinoidine, see Chincidia			100cs lots in 100cs cars. Sulfate Crude, bulk, mineston	10.00	:	12.00
QUININE SULFATE, USP.			and bisulfate sold basis 100ss   Refined, Spated, bagston	18.00		30.00
American, 100es tins	:	50	lots in 100cs cans. Smaller orders Air floated, bagston			50.00
los tins, 100ce lete	:	.57	or containers extra as above Extra, floated, bagston		:	65.00
Dutch, 100m time		.50	schedule. SILVER, metal, Americanoz		:	.99
Java, 100m tims	:	.50	R SALT, 250 m bbis. wis m .55 : .70 Foreign		-	2.80
Japanese, 100cm tins	:	.50				.69
QUININE ALK., USP., 1000s time.com	1	.ST	Red Precipitate, see mercury  Resorcin, see remoreisel.  Silver Iodide, 1602 botor  Nitrate, USP, 2000s botor			.46
Acetate	:	.88	Resorcing tech, 100 b kegs D 1.35 : 1.50 Nucleinate, 160s bot	.34	:	.35
Arsenate	1	.88	USP, 25 lb cans b 3.25 : 2.25 Proteinate, 16cs bot			.38
Bermonte		.88	Rochelle Salt, USP, 225 m bbls. m .20 : .21 Soap, Castile, 40 m bzs m	.30	:	.35
Bisulfate. USP	100	.50	Imp. USP, 300 h bbls h .19%: .20 Powd. USP, 250 h bbls h	.28	:	.99
		.62	Rosewater, triple, 5gal. demis, gal	.07	:	.019
Citrate	***		Lump selected this D 00 : 12 Southeller, see tale, cross			
Dihydehlide, UEP		.66	Powdered bbls 16 05 - nK   SODA ASH, 58% light			
Dilaybromide	:	.66	Domestic, bags, mineston 24.00 : 30.00 1-4 bags, deliv'd NY100 m	***		2.18
Dicarbonate, 10os tins	:	2.50	SACGHARIN, USP, 1D came, 25 D 5 & Up bags, deliv'd NY100 D 1-4 bbls. deliv'd NY100 D	***		3.44
Ethyl Carbonate, 16oz. tinsos	:	.91	D. 1.90 : 2.10 5 & Up bbls, deliv'd NY. 100 m			2.29
Ferrocyanide	1	.88	Soluble, USP, 1 m cans, 25 m . m 1.90 : 2.10 Contract, Basis 58% bags o/1			- 41
Formate	1	.55	Sal Ammoniac, see Ammon. Chloride wks		:	1.38
(flyrerophosphate		.48	Salicin, USP, 1 lb cartons, 25 lb . lb : 4.56 Prompt and spot, Basis 58% bags			1.48
Hydriodide		.88	Salt, Common, see sedium chloride contract. Basis 58% deuse bass	• • • •		1.44
Hydrobromide, USP		.63	Salt Cake, c/l f.o.b. wkston 20,00 ; 24.00 Contract, Basis 58% dense bags c/l wks100 b			1.45
24		- 100	SALTPETRE, Decble Refined Pmpt. and spot, Baris 58% bags			20 1/3
Hydrochloride, USP		.62	Granular, 400-500 D bbis. e/l wis		:	1.55
Hydrochloraulfate	*** :	.66	c/l wis			
Hydchlide & Urea, UEP In	:	.88	Less e/2 works, bbls b : 60% 1-4 drums deliv'd NY100 lb			
Hypophosphite	:	.88	Large Crystals, 350-400 m bbls., 5 & Up drums deliv'd NY. 100 m		:	3.76
Lactate		.78	e/l wks b : .08 Ground & Flake, 76%		:	4.31
Phenolsulfonate		.88	Small Crystals, 350-400 m bbls.  1-4 drums, deliv'd NY100 m 5 & Up drums deliv'd NY100 m			
Phosphate Salicylate, USP		.63	Powdered, bbis. e/l wks b			
Tannate, USP		.45	Imported. 500 m bals., NY b : .07 5 & Up bbls., deliv'd100 m	***	:	4.41



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Solvay 58% Soda Ash
Dense-Light-Extra light (Fluf)
Solvay 76% Caustic Soda
Solid-Flake-Ground
Solvay Super Alkali (15%-45%
Solvay Snow Flake Crystals
Solvay Laundry Soda
Solvay Cleansing Soda
Solvay Tanners Alkali
Solvay Tanners Soda
Solvay Liquid Caustic Soda
Solvay Calcium Chloride 73%-75%



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SEDA CAUSTIG-(Continue)			SGDIUM-(Continued)				SODIUM-(Continued)		
Contract basis fe% e/l whe.			Chlorate, 112 h kegs, wksh			08%	Ortho-Chloro-para-Toluene Bulfo		
100 B	:	2.10	Imported, 112 lb kemlb	.06%	: .	06%	nate, 175 m bbls. wism	.25 :	.37
Pmpt and snot, Basis 76%			Chloride, tech, 200 lb bagston	12.00	: 13.	00	Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegs. lb	:	.39
c/l wis100 b	:	2 20	C. P., 800 m bbls	.05		06	Perborate, 275 lb bblslb		.25
Contract 74% low grade c/1	•••	4.20	Citrate, USP, IX, 100 b kegs. b	.64		66	Imp., 225 lb drs	.18 :	.19
win. flat100 B	:		USP. VIII. 100 D keep D	.50		52	Pergride. 200 m cases m	.25 :	.27
Ground & flake, 76% pmpt and		0.03	Cranide, 96-98%, 100 D cases	.00			Phosphate, di-sodium, tech 550 lb		
		0.00	with		: .	22	bbls	.0314:	.03%
spot, was c/l drs100 lb	:	3.60		***		22	USP, gran. 275 bblsIb	.07	.074
Contract, 76% drums, c/1 wks			Ton lots, wks	***				.05%:	.06
fat100 b		3.50	73-76%, 100 lb cases, wks. lb			19%	Imp. gran D		.11
USP, stick, 10 h cans h	.19 :	.31	125-128%, 200 lb cslb	**		20	USP, recrys. 275 bbls Ib	.10 :	
Pure, stick, by alcohol D	.35 :	.27	120-125%, 200 h cs h	***		19%	Mono-sodium 100 lb kegs lb	.24 :	.26
SODIUM ACETATE, crys 450 m bbis			Fluoride, 300 lb bbls, wks lb	.08%		0914	Tri-sodium tech. c/l, bbls Ib	.04%:	.04%
was	.05 :	.0514	Imp. 850 lb bbls	.09	: .	09%	Picramate, 100 lb kegs lb	:	.60
Ten lots, bbits, wiss ID			Glycerophos, CSP, crys 25 D				Para-Toluene Sulfonate, 175 lb		
Imp. 500 b casks	.05 :	.051/4	Cans	1.65	: 1.	75	bbls ID	.08 :	.00
	:	***	Powder, 25 h tins	1.70	: 1.	80	PRUSSIATE, yellow, 250 lb bbls. lb	.12 :	.12%
Aluminum Sulfate, see alum seda.	31 13 -	-	Solution, USP 25 m tins m	1.00	: 1.	05	Imp. 450 fb cks	.11%:	.12
Bennoate, USP, 100 m bbls Ib	.65 :		Hydroxide, see Soda Caustie				Pyrophosphate, 100 lb kegs lb	.24 :	.26
Bicarbonate, 400 m bolaNY100 m	:	2.25	Hypochlorite, Soin, 100 h cbrs. h			05	Salicylate, 100 h kegs D	:	.40
Bbls. c/l wis100 D	:	2.00	1414% soln., 50 b chysb			04	Second Hands, USP, kegs Ib	.37 :	.40
112 h kegs wks100 h	:	2.25	Hydrogulfite, 200 lb bbls.fob.wks. lb	.22		24			
112 h kegs, NY100 h	:			.23		24	Silicate, 60° 700 bbls, f.a.s.		2.00
Bichromate, 600 lb casks wim 1b	.0736:	.07%	hypophosphite. USP, 25 h cans				NY100 B		
Casics, c/l wice	.0714:	.07%	D.	.10	: .	75	Works, 1000 h drums100 h	:	1.00
Casin, NY	.0716		HYPGSULFITE, tech. pea crys.,				Works, tanks100 D	:	1.10
	.0175.	.07%	375 m bbls. wks100 m	2.90	: 3.	30	40° domestic, 700 lb e/l f.a.b.		
Bisulfite, dry powder, 500 B			Bbls. c/l wks100 m	***	: 2.	75	with	:	.80
bbls., wks lb	.04 :	.0436	100 lb kegs wis100 lb	8.00	: 3.	60	Works, 1000 h drums100 h	:	.85
Balution, 32-40°, 500 h bbls.		NUN	Imp100 lb		: 3.	00	Works, tanks 100 lb	:	.75
wks	1.25 :	1.75	oranulated, bbls. wks100 fb	3.15	: 3.	55	Spot. drums, bbls100 lb	1.39 :	1.50
Bromate, 100 lb cs	:	1.05	Bbls. e/l wks100 lb		: 3.	00	Billicofluoride, 450 m bbls, NY. m	:	.00
Bromide, USP, 450 B bbls D	:		Kegs wks	3.25	: 3.				
Cases, 100 D	:		Regular crystals100 fb	2.65		90	Sulphate, see Glauber's Salt.		
Imp. USP, 112 b cs b	.22 :		Todide, USP, 25 lb jars lb	4.25		20	Sulfate, Anhydrous, 550 lb bbls,		-
A. 11		-23	Metardiate, 150 m bblsm	.55		70	e/1	.0814:	.04
			Naphthionate, 300 lb bbls lb			62	Sulfide, 60% solid, 650 lb drs.		
25 h	5.50 :	5.75	Mitanto ando ACC 0007 ha	.60		02	le/1 wkm ID	.04%:	.05
Carbonate, sal soda, 350 h hhis			Nitrate, crude, 95%, 200 b bgs.	0.40			Drs. c/1 wks	.03%:	.04
le/1 NY100 D			e/1 NY100 lb	2.49		51	Imp. 700 m drs. NY m	:	.08%
Works a/		1.35	Futures, NY 100 lb		: 2.	52	60% broken, 650 lb drs wks. lb	.041/4:	.05
Works e/l100 D	1.10 :	1.30	Double Refined, 400 fb bbis				Imp., 500 lb drs. NY lb	.03%:	.04
Monohydrate, 400 m bbl.			gran. e/1 wks		: .	04%	30% erys. 400 m bbls.wks. m	.02 :	.03%
le/1100 ID	:	2.45	Nitrite, 500 lb bbls, wks lb	.08		0836	Imp., 400 lb bbls lb	.0234:	.02%
Pure photographic, 100 h			Bbls. spot, makers	.00		0814	Salfite, cryp. 400 m bbis. wis m	.0314:	.03%
keg	.06 :	.08	Imp. 650 lb casks	.08		0814	Desiccated, 400 m bbls m	.09%:	.10
				.00		00 16 4	Presidentella and an interest and		



# SODA ASH CAUSTIC SODA BIGARBONATE OF SODA

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1000					
SDD I UM — (Cantinged)	, SULFUR, crude bulk, e/l NYton 18.00	: 19.00	Thiocarbanilid, 170 b bbls b	.38	: .30
Bulfocarbolate, UHP 100 B	Crude, f.e.b. mineston 14.00	: 15.00	Thymol, USP, 25 b tim b	3.35	: 3.50
keg	Brimstone, 250 h bags, c/1 100 h 1.75	: 1.95	Iodide, 51b boxes	6.75	: T.00
Bulfoeyanide, 400 m bala m .45 : .47	Less c/l bags NY100 h 1.85	: 2.10	TIN, Metal Straits, NY 100 fb		: 54.12
Tungstate, crys. 100 h keps b : .55	Roll, 500 h bbis. c/l NY.100 h	: 1.15	American standard, NY., 100 m		: 54.00
Desticated, hegs b : .65	Less c/l bags NY100 tb 2.20	: 2.45	99% American, NY 100 fb		: 53.50
	Flour, Heavy, 290 h bbls, 100 h 2.50	: 3.05	Bichloride, 50% soin, 100 h		
Solvent Naphtha, see Naphtha	Light, 100%, 260 h bbls, 100 h 2.60	: 3.15	bbls. wis		: .16
Spartein Sulfate, USP, 25on bulk.on .40 : .50	Rubbermakers 100%, 246 h		Crostain, 500 D bbls, wks D		: 354
Hingle on vial 37	bbls. NY100 m 2.60	: 3.15	100 lb kees, why lb		
Starch, rice, 140 h bags h .09 : .10	Commercial, 99%, 150 h bgs.		Oxide, 400 m bbls, wks m		
		: 1.65	100 lb kegs wks lb		Total See
STRONTIUM Bromide, USP, 100 D	For Dusting, 99%, 100 h		Tetrachloride, 1000 lb dra, wks. lb		
kep b : .81	bgs. NY 100 m 2.00	: 2.50	Tolidine, 350 m bbls	1.00	: 1.10
Carb. 600 m bbls. wis m : .01	Flowers, 100%, 240 lb bbls.		Toluene, 8000gal tank cars, wks.gal		: .26
100 lb kegs wis	NY	: 3.55		•••	
Indide. URP. 25 m jars m : 4.00	Precipitated, 125 lb bbls NY lb .17	: .20	110gal drs. wksgal Sulfate. 350 lb bblslb	***	1.10
Nitrate, 600 lb bbls, wkslb : .15	Lac. 125 b bbls NY	: .10	Toluidine, Mixed, 900 lb drs. wks. lb	.31	. 33
Imp., bbls, NY b .11%: .12	Sulfur Chlorids, red, 700 b drs.				. 48
Salicylate, USP, 100 h kegs h : .75	with the state of	: .07	Triacetin, 50 gal. drs., wksD	***	. 25
SYNYCHNINE Alkaloid, USP, crys.	150 D ebss. wks D		Tribromphenol, 100 h cases h Trional, see Sulfenethylmethane	***	. 1.00
	Tellow, 700 m ars. wks b .05		Triphenylguanidine		: .80
Alk. powd., USP			Triphenyl Phosphate, 450 h bbls. h	.50	00
Acetate				2.50	3.00
Glycerophesphate, USPoz	Sulfur Diexide, 100 m cyl b .68		Tripoli, 500 m bbls100 m	8.50	10.00
Hydrobromide	Indide USP, VIII, 5 lb bot. lb	: 4.55	Tungsten NY		18
Hydrochloride	Sulfuric Ether, see Ether		UREA, pharm, 112 b casesb		. 30
Hypophosphite	Sulfuryl Chloride, 600 lb drs lb	: .70	VANILLIN, USP, 5000s camscs		
Nitrate, USP	TALC, Italian, 220 h bags NY ton 35.00	: 40.00	Cans. 80 oza		
Phosphatie	Refined white, bagston 42.00		Cars. 16 ozsos	• • •	
Sulfate, USP, crys. powdoz : .63	French, 220 lb bgs. NYton 25.00		Venetian Red	***	05
Saocharinateos : 2.05	Refined, white, bagston 32.00	: 45.00		***	00
	Dom., crude, 100 h bags NY ton 10.06	: 15.00	Verdigris, see Copper Subacetate Vermilion, Amer. 100 lb kegs lb		: .85
Strychnine preparations quoted bases	Sefined, 100 m bags NYton 18.00			• • •	
100cs lots in 100cs tins, Small Sises;	Tartar Emetic, tech. 700 h bbls. h .26		Veratrine Sulfate, 10s vial	***	
% or vials, 50c extra; % or vials, 25c	ISP. 300 bbbs		Hydrochloride, 1cs vial		
extra; single ounce vials. 7c extra. Lots	Terpin Hydrate, USP, 100 h kegs h .60		Veronal, see Acid Diethylbarbiturie	•••	. 2.00
of 25 ons. Se higher than above	Terrineal, CP 1000 b drums b .50		WHITE LEAD, see lead, white,		
schedule. Lots of less than 25 om.			White Precipitate, see mercury.		
10c higher per oz.	Cans, 50 lb lb .54		Whiting, 200 h bags, c/l was,ten	14 00	. 14 44
Segar Milk USP, 200 lb bbls lb .21 : .32			Bags, le/l NYton		
Becond Hands, USP, bbls h .21 : .23	Terra Alba, No. 1, 300 m bbls100 m 1.85		Gilders, bags, NY		: 15.00
Inifonal, see Sulfonmethane	No. 2. bbls		French, bass, NYton		: 18.00
and the same of th	Theobromine Alk., 5 lb canslb		English, bags, NYton		: 23.00
	and Sod. Schieviste, 17b bot. 7b		Witch Hazel Extract, 50gal, bbls.gal		1.38
Sulformethane, USP, 10 lb brslb 2.65 : 2.75	I and sou. Scaleyiete, 110 oct10	. 3.72	Witten masor matrice, bogat, both gar	1.20	. 2.00

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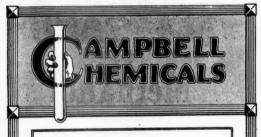
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**NEW YORK** 



XYLENE, 3° dist. range, nitration tks. wksgal	.45 :	.50	Oils		11	LARD OIL, Edible prime, bbls 1b Off prime, bbls	***	.14%
110gal. drs. NYgal	:					Extra, bbls		.11%
5° dist. range, 8000gal tanks			0			Extra No. 1, bbls	***	.111
wksgal	:	.35	Castor, No. 1, 400 m bbls m	.15%:	.16	No. 1 bbls	***	.11%
110gal. drs. wksgal	:	.40	80 lb cases	:	.16%	No. 2 bbls		: .10%
10° dist. range, drums, wksgal	.32 :	.33	No. 3, bbls	.15 :	.15%			
Commercial, 110 gal. drs., wks.gal	.32 :	.33	Blown, 400 lb bbls			LINSEED, raw c/l bbls, spotgal	.93	.94
Tanks, wksgal	.27 :	.28		:	.181/2	Five obls., rawgal	***	.97
Xylidine, 900 lb drs lb	.40 :	.42	China Wood, bbls., spot NY fb	.18%:	.19	Boiled, 5 bbl. lotsgal		.99
YARA YARA, 1 lb tins lb	1.75 :	2.00	8000 gal. tks. NY	:		Double boiled 5 bbl. lotsgal	***	1.00
Yohimbin Hydchlide, 1 oz. vialoz	3.50 :	4.07	Mar., Apr., forward, bbls.,			Raw, le/l bblsgal	***	.97
ZING, METAL, high grade, alabs			China To	.1814:	.181/	Tanksgal	***	.88
e/1 NY100 To	:	8.50	Coast, tanks, Feb., forward ib	.171/4:	.171/2	FebApr., c/l bblsgal	:	.94
Common Slabs, c/l NY 100 lb	7.20 :	7.25	Coconut Ceylon, 375 lb bbls, NY. lb	.10 :	.1014	May-Aug., c/l bblsgal	***	.94
Mossy, 25 lb bxs NY lb	:	.14	8000 gal. tanks, NY Th	:	.08%	Imported, bbls, NYgal		
Ammonium Chloride, powd., 400 lb						Tanks, NYgal		
bblsID	.07%:	.08	Cochin, 375 lb bbls., NYlb	.10%:	.11	Menhaden, crude bbls, wksgal		
Carb. tech. 150 lb kegs NY lb		.23	Tanks, NY	.091/4:	.09%	Crude, tanks, Baltgal	4837	***
USP, 100 lb kegslb	:	.33	Manila, tanks, P. Coast ib	.0814:	.083/8	Light strained, tanks, gal	.47%	
Chloride, fused, 600 lb drs. wks. lb	*****	.06	Edible, bbis, NY	.11 :	.11%	Light strained, bbis, NYgal	***	***
Drs. e/l wks	.04%:	.05	Cod Newfoundland, 50 gal. bbls.gal	.67 :	.72	Yellow bleached, bbls, NYgal	.65	.67
Imp. drs. NY	:	.05	Tanks, NYcal	:		Extra bleached, bbis, NYgal	.68	.69
Granulated, 500 m bbls, wks. m	.06 :	.08	Copra, bags	.05%:	.05%		.70	.72
Imported, drs. NY Ib	.06%:	.07				Blown, bbls, NYgal	.75	.77
Solution, 50%, tanks wks100 lb	2.25 :	2.50	Corn, ref. 375 b bbls, NY b	.13 :	.1314	Neatsfoot, 20° c.t. bbls, NY ib		.17
USP, 25 lb jarslb	.27 :	.29	Crude, tanks milis	.091/2:	.095/8	Pure, bbls, NY		.14%
Cyanide, 100 lb drs lb	******	.40	Bbls., NY	:	.13	Extra, bbls., NY		.11%
Dust, 100 lb tins wks lb	.091/4:	.10	Cottonseed, crude tks. mills Th	.08%:	.08%	Oleo Oil, No. 1, bbls, NY Ib		
500 lb bbls, kegs, lc/l wks lb	• • • •	.091/4	P. S. Y., 100 bbl, lots NY 1b	.10 :	.11	No. 2, bbls., NY	***	.14%
500 lb bbls, kegs, e/l wkslb		.081/	White, 100 bbl. lots NP Ib	:	.1334	No. 3. bbls, NY	***	.111
Iodide, 51b bots		5.28	Winter yellow, 100 bbls, NY ID	:	.13%		***	: .103
Nitrate, 25 lb jars	008/	.45			-	OLIVE, denatured bbls, NYgal		1.25
Oxide, Amer. 300 lb bbls, wks lb.	.08%	.08%	Degras, Amer. 50 gal. bbls., NY. Ib	.04%:	.0514	Edible, bbls., NYgal		2.25
Bbls. c/l wks	.08%:	.12%	English, bbls, NY	:	.05	Foots, bbls, NY		.103
French, 300 lb bbls wim lb	10%:	.12	Neutral, bbls, NY	.11 :	.14	Shipment	.1014	
Bbl e/l wks	.10 :	.104	Moellon, bbls, NYgal	:	.50			
Bags, c/l wks	.09%:	.17	Greases, choice white, bbls, NY Ib	.09 :	.091/4	Palm Lagor, 1500 lb casks lb	.08	
USP, 100 m bbls. e/1 m	:	.18	Yellow	.07 :	.0734	Niger casks	.07%	
Ton lots, wks		.12	Brown		.06%	Bonny old Calabar, casks ID		
Imported, white seal, bbls Ib	***	.10			.06%	Palm Kernel, 1500 lb casks NY lb	.09	: .093
Green seal, bbls	*** :	.19%	Bone naphtha	••• :	.06%	The second second comments of the second sec	.09	09%
USP, 100 m bblsm	:	.22		• • • •	.0073	Peanut, refined bbls, NY Ib		: .16
Stearate, USP, 50 lb bblslb	0914	.0814	Herring, Tanks, Coastgal	:	***	Crude, mills buyers' tks Ib		
Sulfate, 400 lb bbls, wis lb	.03%:	.02%	Horse, 375 lb bbls, NY	:	.10	Crude, bbla. NY		:
Bbls, e/l wis			Lard, prime steam bbls	.12 :	.1234	Perilla, bbls., NYgal		: .143
USP, 100 b kem b	.08 :	.09	Compound, bbls	.1214	.13	Poppyseed, bbls, NYgal		2.50
Sulfecarbolate, 100 h kegsh	.32 :	.02	Compound, noise eccesses in			- obbitoned name 144	20	



## Yellow Prussiate of Soda

**Prime Crystals** 

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## Nickel Anodes Nickel Salts

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#### Oils and Fertilizers

Rapesced, refined bbls, NYgal Blown, bbls, NY, 8 lb sgal Red 0il, distilled, bbls lb Sapouified, bbls lb Tanks lb Salmon, 8000 gal, tbs. Coastgal	.90 : .9 : 1.0 .08% : .0: .09% : .0:	Ground Fish, Balt.,
Sesame, domestic edible bbis D	.18 : .1	Florida pebble, 68-75%ton 2.25 : 8.50
Sod Oil, bblz, NYgal	: .4	Tennessee, 73%
SOYA BEAN, crude the, CoastD Crude, Thm., D.P., NYD Crude, bbls, NY	.10%: .1	Potassium Muriate, 80% unit
Sperm, 38° c.t. blch. bbls, NY.gal 45° cold test, blchd. bbls, NY.gal	: .8	Tankago, ground, NY unit 3.55 & 10  High grade f.o.b. Chicago unit 3.00 & 10  Hemlock, bark ton 20.0  Hypernic, chips b 061/2: .0
STEARIC ACID, s.p. 200 lb bags. lb Double pressed, bags lb Double pressed, bgs., saponified. lb Triple pressed, bgs., saponified. lb	.12 : .1 .12%: .1 .12%: .1 .13%: .1 .13%: .1	Chips 150 D bags D .021/1: 0.0 Mangrore bart, African ten 34.00 : 30.0 Rark, South American ten 25.00 : 30.0
Stearine, oleo, bbls	.0914: .0	(Carloads ex-yars n. T.)
Tallow, edibje, tierces Ib City, extra, loose Ib	: .10	Wood Turpentine, stm. distd. bbls.gal
Tallow 6il, acidless tiss. NY ib	: .01	Pine Oil, stm. dist'd, bblsgal : .68 Groundton : 25.6
Walnut, crude bbls, NYD	-: -	Pitch, primebbl: 6.00 Quercitron bark, roughton: 10.0 Rowins, (Sold in 600 lb bbls, gross for net
Whale, nat. winter bbls, NYgal	: .r	quotations based on a unit of 280 b) Sumac, Sicily, 160 b bagton 90.00 : 95.0
Extra Blehd, bbls, NYgal		B
Crude, No. 1, tanks Coast gal	:	Beard 40% tan 150 h hm ten 50.00 : 52.0
Crude, No. 2, tanks Coastgal Crude, No. 3, tanks Coastgal	:	E280 m : 5.85 Wattle bark, 150 m bgston: 35.0
		G
Fertilizer Mate	rials	H 280 m : 5.85 Extracts
Ammon. Sulf., bulk wis100 h	2.90 : 3.00	I
Double, bgs. f.a.s. NY100 fb	2.85 : 2.9	M
Single bags, whs100 lb	4.10 : 4.20	N 280 lb : 6.50 Archil, double 600 lb bbis, lb .14 : .1
	23.50 : 25.0	WG
Raw, Chicagoton	: 80.00	WW

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#### Tannins and Dyestuffs

Chestmut, clarified, 25% thm. whs. Ib Bbls., whs	.02 :	.02%	Osage Orange, 51° Hquid Ib Powd. 100 lb bags Ib	.07 :	.08	Crude Dru	gs	
Powd., 60% 100 lb bbls. wks. lb	.05%:	.06	Persian Berries	.27 :	.30	Accroides Gum, yel	.18 :	.20
Decolorized, bbls., wks Ib	.08	.09	QUEBRACHO, 35% ligredd the Ib	.03 :	.0314	ACONITE Leaves, bales	.25 :	.37
Cudbear, English	.16 :	.17	450 lb bbls	.03 1/6:	.04	Aconite Root, USP, bags	.48 :	1.50
Cutch, Rangoon, 100 D bales D	.13 :	.16	Solid 65% 100 D bales D	.04 16:	.04%	No. 2, bales	:	1.45
Borneo, solid, 100 h bales h	.04%:	.05%	Clarified bales ID	.0175	.05	No. 3, bales	:	1.40
Liquid, 450 lb bbls	.10 ;	.11	Quercitron, 51° 450 m bblsm	.0634:	.0734	Agaric, white, cases	.32	4.00
Tablets, 120 lb boxes	.13 :	.14	Powdered, 100 b boxes b	.09 :	.13	Sweet, bags	.45	.46
Flavine D	.90 :	.95	Spruce, 25% liquid tanks wks Ib Powd. 50% 100 lb bags wks. lb	.01 :	.0114	Meal, tins, boxes Ib	.28 :	.63
Fustic, solid 50 m boxes m	.20 :	.22		.08 :	.02%	Alkanet Root, bags	.06 :	.0614
Crystals, 100 h boxes D	:	.20	Sumac, liquid 450 m bblsm Stainless, 600 m bblsm	.10 :	.11	Aloes, Barbadoes, 120 m bbls m	.65 :	.70
Liquid, 51°, 600 m bbls m	.10 :	.13			***	Cape, 400 D cases	.09 :	.10
Gall extract	.16 :	.18	DYERS' SUNDRIES			Socotrine, whole 100 fb cs fb	.30 :	.12
Gambier, 25% lig. 450 lb bbls lb	.0834:	.0914	Albumen, technical, egg 200 lb cs. lb	:	1.25	Althea Root, cut cases	.23 :	.35
Common, 200 lb cases lb	.10%:	.11	Blood, domestie, 100 b drs b	:	.45	Whole bags	.09 :	.10
Singapore cubes, 150 lb bags lb	.18. :	.19	Spray Yolk 150 lb cs	.45 :	.65	Ambergris, black bexes		8.00
			British Gum, 140 h bags c/l 100 h	3.94 :	4.09	Ammoniae, tears, bags	.85	28.00
HEMATINE, Paste, 500 lb bbls lb	.11 :	.12	Bags, le/l100 lb	4.09 :	4.19	Angelica Root, dom. bags	.14	.15
Crystals, 400 lb bbls	.14 :	.20	Dextrin, corn 140 lb bags c/1.100 lb	:	3.59	Angostura Bark, bags	.08	.10
Hemlock, 25% 600 m bbls. wks. m	.03%:	.03 1/4	Bags, lc/l100 fb	*** :	3.69	Anise, Levant bags	.15 :	.16
Appernic, 51°, 600 lb bbls lb	.15 :	.16	Yellow, bags c/l100 m	:	3.64	Russian, bags	.14 :	.15
Indigo, Madras bbls	.85 :	.90	Potato 220 lb bags e/1lb	:	.071/	Spanish, bags	.1514:	.16
Manila, bbls	:	1.30	Bags, lc/l	.07%:	.08%	Annatto Seed, 200 h bags h	.20 :	.22
Larch, 25%, 600 D bbis., wks., D	.03%:	.03%	Tapioca, 200 lb bags, le/1 lb	.09 :	.10	ARABIC GUM,		
Powd. 100 b bags, wks b	.01%:	.08	Prussian blue	.60 :	.62	White, No. 1, 200 lb bagslb	.23 :	.25
Logwood, 51°, 600 lb bbls lb		.1014	Sago Flour, 150 h bags h	.04 14 :	.05	Seconds, 250 lb bags	.1214:	.13
	:		STARCH, powd, 140 m bgs.c/1.100 m		3.17	Powd., USP, 300 lb bblslb	.19 :	.20
Lower grades	.07 :	.09	Bags, lc/1		3.27	Areca Nuts, 150 lb bags lb	:	.09
Solid, \$0 m boxesm	.09 :	.13	Pearl, 140 m bags c/l100 m	3.07 :	8.17	Powd., 200 b bbls	*** :	.11
Madder, Dutch	.28 ;	.30	Potato, domestic, 200 D bags, D	.05 :	.0534	Arnica Flowers, bales Ib Root. Bags Ib	.11 :	.12
Mangrove, 55% 400 m bbls m	.041/4:	.05	Imported, bags duty paid Ib	.06 :	.061/4	Arrowroot, Amer., powd. bbls Ib	.06%:	.094
Myrobalane, 25% liquid bbls lb	.04 :	.05	Tapioca Flour, high grade bags Ib	:	.37	St. Vincent, powd. bbls Ib	.16 :	.163
50% solid, 50 lb bexes lb	.04%:	.05	Medium grade bags	.05%:	36	Asafoetida, USP, 250 b casesb	.20 :	.21
Oak, tanks wks	.04 :	.0436	Low grade, bags Ib Turkey Red Oil, bbls Ib	.04 :	.04 1/2	Powd. 50 lb brs	.46 :	.47
23-25% liq. 600 m bbls. wits. m	.05 :		Tolk Oil, bbis	.11	.35	Balmony Herb, bales ID		.14

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BALSAMS			Cannabis, true imp. bags D	4.50 :	5.00	Cloves, Zanzibar, 135 lb baleslb	.32 :	.34
Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cs lb	.29 :	.31	American (no amay) bales Ib	.80 :	.85	Amboynas, bales	:	.38
South American, 80 lb cs lb	.33 :	.35	USP	1.70 :	1.85	Penang, bales	:	.45
Fir Canada, cansgal	12.50 : 1	12.80	Cantharides, Chinese cases D	1.05 :	1.10	Cochineal, USP, boxes	.35 :	.37
Oregon, bbls., cansgal	1.40 :	1.45	Powdered, boxes	1.20 :	1.25	Coca Leaves, Huanuco bags Ib	:	
Peru, 120 lb cases		2.10	Cantharides, Russian, cases Ib	1.10 :	1.20	Truxillo, bags	:	.55
Tolu, 90 lb cases	2.00 :	2.25	Powdered, boxes	1.20 :	1.25	Cohosh Root, Black bags To	.12 :	.13
Bamboo Brier Root, bags Ib	.05%:	.06	Caraway Seed, African, bags ID	.25 :	.26	Blue, bags	.14 :	.15
Barberry Bark, tree bales	.14 :	.16	Dutch, 110 h bagsh	.26 :	.27			
Root, bags	.45 :	.48	Cardamom bleach cases	1.60 :	2.00	Colchicum Root, bags	.08 :	.09
Bayberry Bark, bales	.11 :	.12	Decorticated, cases	1.65 :	1.75	Seed, bags	.10 :	.11
Wax, bibls	.26 :	.27	Green, grinding, bags Ib	1.20 :	1.30	Colombo Root, whole bags ID	.021/2:	.03
Belladonna Leaves, bales ID	.28 :	.80	Carnauba Wax, Flor, bags D	.53 :	.53	Colocynth, apples. cases, bales ID	.17 :	.22
Root, bags	.1214:	.13	No. 1 N Country bags ID	.40 :	.42	Pulp, USP, bales	.33 :	.35
Bees Wax, white bbls	.36 :	.13	No. 2 N Country bags B	.24 :	.26	Coltafoot Leaves, bars	.06 :	.07
Yellow, refined, bbls	.2114:	.22	No. 3 Fatty Gray, bags Ib	.18%:	.1914	Comfrey Root, bags	.13 :	.14
Crude, bags	.23	.24	No. 3 Chalky, bags	.1936:	.20			
Bensoin Gum, Siam, boxes D		1.85	Cascara Amarga, 150 lb bales lb	.25 :	.27	Condurango Bark, bales	.20 :	.22
Sumatra, 80 lb boxes	.27 :	.28	Cascara Sagrada, bales, Old To	.28 :	.30	Conium Seeds, bags	:	.16
Berberis Aquifolium Root, bags To	.14 :	.15	New	.27 :	.29	Copaiba Balsam Para, see Balsams		
Beth Root, bags	.30 :	.33	Cascarilla Bark, quills bales Ib	.36 :	.40	Copal Gum	.13 :	.13 1
Blackhaw Bark, root, bales 10	.39 :	.40	Siftings, bbls	.20 :	.25	Corlander Seed, Bombay bags ID	.08 :	.09
Tree, bales	.23 ;	.25	Cassia Buds, 66 lb cases lb	.1136:	.12	Mogadore bags	.11 :	.11%
Blood Root, bags	.15 :	.16	China, Whole Rolls, cases Ib	.10 :	.1014	Morocco, bags	.11 :	.11 1/4
	.23 :	.25	Saigon, assort, bales ID	.24 :	.29	Bleached, bags	.15 :	.151/4
Blueflag Root, bags	.20 :	.31	Cassia Fistula, baskets D	.10 :	.11	Corn Silk, bales B	.0534:	.06
Boneset Herb, bales	.08 :	.11	Castor Beans, bags	.03 :	.03 14	Cotton Root Bark, bales Ib	.14 :	.16
Borage Flowers, bales	.18 :	.20	Castoreum, 1 h both	4.00 :	4.50			.08
Bryonia Root, bags	.09 :	.10	Catechu Gum, bags	.09 :	.10	Cramp Bark, so-called bales Ib	***	
	.00	.10	Catnip Herb, bales In	.15 :	.17	True, bags	.40 :	.42
BUCHU LEAVES, short, 250 D			Celery Seed, 220 lb bags	.33 :	.35	Cranesbill Root, bags	.10 :	.11
bales	.78 :	.81	Ceresin Wax, white bags Ib	.09 :	.10	CUBER BERRIES, XX bags ID	.70 :	.15
Less, bales	.87 :	.89	Yellow, 200 lb bags	.08 :	.09	Powdered, boxes 10	.75 :	.78
Long, bales D	:	***	CHAMOMILE FLOWERS, Roman			('ulvers Root, bags	.32 :	.35
Buckthorn Bark, bags D	.06 :	.07	bales	.85 :	.90	Cumin Seed, Levant bags D	.27 :	.28
Burdock Root, bags	.16 :	.18	Hung, cases bales	.08 :	.09	Morocco, bags	.27 :	.29
Burgundy Pitch, dom. 110 h stands			Charcoal Willow, powd, bbis Ib	.06 :	.0634	Cuttlefish Bone, Trieste, straps Ib	.131/4:	.14
Gross for net	:	.05	Wood, powd, bbls	.04 :	.05	Jewelers, large, straps D	:	.55
Calabar Beans, bags	.12 :	.16	Chestnut Bark, bags	.07 :	.03	Small, straps	:	.35
Calamus Root, bleached cases ID	.85 :	.38	Herb, bales	.06 :	.0634	French, straps Ib	.15 :	.16
Unbleached, bags	.0734:	.08	Chicle Gum, bags	.75 :	1.00	Powdered, boxes	:	.13
Calendula Petals, imp. bales Ib	:	.30	Chiretta, bales	.10 :	.12	Broken, boxes	.07 :	.07%
Calisaya Bark, bales, powd Ib	.27 :	.30	Cinchons Bark, red quills bales, ib	.45 :	.50	Damar Gum, 136 lb cases lb	.24 :	.25
Camphor. see Chemicals			Broken, bales, East Indian D	.26 :	.28	Damiana Leaves, bales Ib	.15 :	.16
Canary Seed, Morocco bags Ib	:	.08	Ceylon, Broken, bales ID	.15 :	.20	Pandelion Root, Imp., bags ID	.38 :	.40
South American, bags Ib	.05%:	.06	Cinramon, Ceylon, bales, Ib	.22 :	.2214	Deer Tongue Leaves, bales D	.09 :	.10
Candelila War, bags	.28 :	.25	Civet. Abymin horns	2.75 :	3.75	Digitalis Leaves, bales	.OT :	.08
Canella Alba Bark, bales, D	.51 :	.52				Dill Seed, bags B	.08%:	.09

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Dogwood Bark, Jamaica bags D	.10 :		Grindelia Robusta Herb, bales D	.07 :	.07%	LADY SLIPPER ROOT, bags To	.51 :	.65
Flowers, 'bales	• • • •	.15	Gualae Gum, 80 lb caseslb	.27 :	.29	Larkspur Seed, bags	1.30 :	1.35
loggram Root, USP, cut bags ib	.13 :	.14	Guarana, tins, cases	.65 :	.75	Laurel Leaves, bales	.04%:	.05
oragons Blood, mass cases Ib	.45 :	.50	GUM, see Arabic Gum, etc.			Lavender Flowers, ordinary ID	.30 :	.33
Reeds, boxes	1.15 :	1.25	HELLEBORE ROOT,			Selected	.35 :	.38
CHINACEA ROOT, bags D	.28 :	.30	Black, bbls Ib	.08 :	.10	Leeches, tubs	:	6.00
decampane Root, bags	.09 ;	.10	White, Powd, 250 lb bblslb	.15 :	.17	Lemon Peel, bags	.09 :	.10
ider Flowers, bags	.14 :		Helonias Root, (unicorn false)	.10 :	.10	Licorice Root, Russian whole D	.0734:	.08
demi Gum, 89 m cases	.10 :	.11	bags	.88 :	.90	Spanish, natural bales, B	.09	.09
im Bark, select 5 lb bundles cases lb	.27 :	.28	Hemp Seed, Manchurian bags Ib	.05 :	.0534	Powdered, bbls	.09 :	.09
Grinding, bags	.10 :		Chilian, bags D	:	.00 /8	Selected, 2 & 5 m bundles m	.16 :	.20
Powdered, bbls	.23	.24	Henbane Leaves, bales, USP Ib	.36 :	.38	Cuttings, 125 m bags m	.07 :	.07
RGOT, 150-200 lb bags lb	.35 :	.37	No assay	.28 :	.32	Greek, 150 lb bales	.03 :	.03
Eucalyptus Leaves, bales			Henna Leaves, bales	.11 :	.12	Life Everlasting Herbs, bales 10	.05 :	.06
Suphorbia Pilulifera Herb, bags. D	.15	.05	Powdered	.14 :	.15	Lime Juice, clarified bblsgal	.50 :	.60
	.10 .		Honey, Calif., 120 D cases Ib	.11%:	.12	Linden Flowers, with leaves, bales ID	.14 :	.16
Euphorbium Gum, cases	***	.33	Hops, N. Y. prime bales Ib	.23 :	.25	Without Leaves, bales	.21 :	.23
Powdered, boxes	••• :	.40	Pacific Coast prime bales Ib	.20 :	.23	Lobelia Herb, bales	.20 :	.28
ennel Seed, French, bags Ib	.15 :		Horehound Herb, bales	.09 :	.10	Lobelia Seed, bags	.62	.65
German, bags	.18 :		Horsetail Rush, bags	*** :	.10	Lovage Root, Imported, bags ID	.20	.33
Indian, bags	.12 :	/-	India Gum, see Karaya			Lupulin, boxes	1.40 :	1.50
Flax Seed, whole 180 m bblsea. Ground, 180 m bbls	13.00 :		INSECT FLOWERS, open whole	:	•••	Domestic	1.30 :	1.40
Foenugreek Seed, 200 lb bagslb			Closed whole, bales Ib	:		Lycopodium, 88 lb cs	.35 :	.37
	.05%:		Powdered, pure 200 lb bbls lb	.66 :	.68	MACE, Slauw, No. 1 cases Ib	.62 :	.63
lish Berries, 100-125 lb bagslb	.031/4:	.051/2	Flowers and stems, 50 p. c.			Banda, No. 1 cases	.65 :	.67
Fringe Tree Bark, bags	.19 :	.20	200 lb bbls lb	.38 :	.40	Batavia, No. 2 cases	.58 :	.59
GALANGAL ROOT, bags ID	.08 :	.09	Ipecac Root, Cartagena, bags Ib	1.95 :	2.00	West Indian, cases	.58	.60
Galbanum Gum, cans	.80		Powdered, 220 lb bbls. boxes. lb	2.10 :	2.20	Black, bales	.65	.75
			Rio Whole, bags	1.85 : 2.10 :	1.90 2.20	Manna, large flake cases	.78	.80
lambler Gum, bags	.09 :	.091/2	Isinglass, American, 130 D cs D	.75 :	.85	Small flake, cases	.38	.40
Samboge Gum, 160 lb cases lb Powdered, cases lb	.85		Russian (Beluga) bra. etns Ib	4.50 :	5.50	Sorts, cases	.27 :	.80
Relsemium Root, bags	.90	.1134	JABORANDI LEAVES, bales ID	.16 :	.18	Mandrake Root, bags	.20 :	.22
Gentian Root, bags	.0814		Jalap Root, whole, 150 m bags Ib	.38 :	.40	Mastie Gum, 120 lb cases lb	.60 :	.62
Singer, African, bags Ib	.17	.18	Powdered, USP, 250 m bblsm	.40 :	.42	Mezereon Bark, bags	.11 :	.12
Jamaica, grinding, bags bbls Ib	.34	.38	Japan Wax, white bags	.20 :	.21	Matico Leaves, bales lb	.20 :	.22
Japan, bags	.17	.1734	Job's Tears, white bags ID	.25 :	.30	Marjoram Leaves, German bales Ib	.16 :	.17
Cochin, ABC & lemon, bags Ib	.24	.26	Juniper Berries, 125 lb bags lb	.02%:	.031/4	French, bales	.121/2:	.13
linseng Root, cultivated, bags Ib		10.00	KAMALA, boxes	1.35 :	1.45	Millet Seed, dom. yellow bags ID	.03%:	.05
Northwestern Wild, bags 16		14.00	Karaya Gum, powdered, bbls Ib	.15 :	.20	Montan, Wax, crude bags Ib	.04 :	.04
Southern Wild, bags Ib		12.00	Kava Kava Root, bags	.16 :	.17	Bleached	***	***
Golden Seal Root, bags D		3.55	Kino Gum, black cases Ib	.50 :	.55	Moss, Iceland bales	.08 :	.09
Powdered, boxes			Kola Nuts, 150 m bags	.05 :	.06	Mullein Flowers, tins	1.15	1.20
Grains of Paradise, bags Ib	.12	.14	Kousso Flowers, bags	:	3.00	Mulleto Flowers, tims	1.10	1.40

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Musk, pods, Cabardine, timecs		Patchoult Leaves, bales D	.23 : .25	Resemany Flowers, cases bales Ib		.30
Tonquin		Pepper, black Sing, bags ID	.11 : .11%	Rose Petals, pale	.22 :	
Grain Cabos		White, bags	.14 : .14%	Red		
Tonquin	35.00 : 38.00	Peppers, red Mombasa, bags Ib	.13 : .16	Rue Herb, bales	.30 :	.35
Musk Root, Russian bags Ib		Cherries, bags	.14 : .15	SABADILLA SEED, bags 10	.15 :	.16
	:	Bombay, bags	.11%: .13	Powder, bbls	.16 :	.17
Mustard Seed, Bari brown bags Ib	.08%: .09	Japan, bags	.24 : .26	Saffron Flowers, Amer. bales Ib	.78 :	.80
Bombay, brown	.081/6: .09	Peppermint Leaves, imp. bales Ib		Valencia, 1 lb cans lb	30.50 :	
California, brown	.081/2: .09	Cuts, bales	.25 : .28	Sage, Dalmatian bales 1b	.06 :	.061
Yellow D	: .09	Domestic leaf	.33 : .34	Greek, bales	.04%:	.05
Chinese yellow	.04 : .04%	Peru Balsam, see Balsams	.0001	Spanish, bales	.03 :	.031
English, yellow	.081/4: .09	Pichi Leaves, bags	.23 : .25	Sandalwood, chips bags	:	.30
Dutch, yellow D	.08 : .081/4	Pimento, select bass	.05%: .05%	Ground, bags	:	.35
	.08%: .09	Pink Root, true bags	: 1.20	Sandarac Gum, 300 lb bbls lb	.30 :	.32
Myrrh Gum, select 200 lb cslb	.35 : .37	Pitch, Burgundy, see Burgundy Pitch		Sarsaparilla Root Honduras, bales in	.61 :	
Sorts, cases	.33 : .35	Pleurisy Root, bags	: .22	Mexican, bales	.30 :	.32
MUTGALLS, Chinese, bags ID	.17 ; .18	Plantain Leaves, bales Ib	: .15	Sassafras Bark, ordinary bales ID	.13 :	
Aleppy, bags	14 : .15	Poke Berries, bags	: .15	Select, bales	.32 :	.34
Nutmegs, 110s cases	.36 : .38	Poke Root, bags	: .0714	Savory Leaves, bales	.08%:	.09 }
75s, 80s cases	.39 : .41	Pomegranate Bark, of root bags. In	: .30	Saw Palmetto Berries, bags D	.10 :	.11
Nux Vemica Buttons, bags ID	.05 : .08	Of Fruit, bags D.	: .80	Scammony Resin, boxes	1.40 :	
Powdered, 200 m bbls m	.0814: .09	Of tree	: .30	Seammony Root, bags	.06%:	
OAK BARK, red bags	05 : .06	Poppy Flowers, red bags	.25 : .27	Senega Root, bags	.63 :	.65
White, bags	.06 : .07	Poppy Seed, Dutch, bags Ib	.0916: .10	SENNA, Alex. 150 m cases m	.24 :	.25
Olfhanum Gum, sift 280 lb cases. lb	.09%: .10	German, bags	: .10%	Half Leaf, 350 lb bales lb	.17 :	.18
Tears, 280 lb caseslb	.11 : .12	Turkish, bags	.06 : .08	Siftings, 400 lb bales lb	.10%:	.12
No. 1, all white 280 m		Blue Indian, bags	.08 : .081/2	Powdered, 200 m bbls	.12 :	.14
capes	.21 : .22	White Indian, bags	.07 : .07%	Tinnevelly, job, 350 fb bbls fb	.11 :	.16
Opium, gum, USP, cases Ib	9.00 : 10.00	Prickly Ash Bark Southern, bags Ib	.14 : .14%	Grinding, 350 m bales m	.07 :	
Granular, cans	10.00 : 11.00	Northern, bags	: .16	Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.09 :	.10
Powdered, USP, cans lb	10.00 : 11.00	Prickly Ash Berries, bags Th	.16 : .17	Pods, 350 lb bales	.12 :	.14
Orange Flowers, cases	.50 : 1.00	Prince's Pine, bales	.40 : 42	Serpentaria Root, bas	.80 :	.85
Orange Peel, bitter bags	.07%: .07%	Pulsatilla Herb, bags	.20 : .23 .14 : .16	Shellac, D.C., bags	.80	.81
Sweet, bags	.08 : .08%	Pumpkin Seed, bags	.14 : .16 07 · .08	V.S.O., bags	.79 :	.81
Perris Root Florentine bold bags Ib Powdered. 200 B bbls B	.07 : .08	QUASSIA CHIPS, bags		Diamond I, bags	.61 :	.62
	.11%: .12		.95 : 1.10	Superfine, Orange, bags lb Fine, bags lb	.60 :	.61
Powdered, 200 lb bblslb	.05 : .08	RAPE SEED, South Amer. bass. 10	.061/4: .07	T.N., bags	.57 :	.58
Fingers, cases	.58 : .60	Dutch, bas	.0534: .07	Garnet, A. C	.56 :	.57
Ozokerite Wax, brown hard bags, Ib	.22 : .24	Japanese, small, begs	.051/4: .06	Button, bags	.73 :	.74
Green, hard bags	.25 : .26	Raspherries, dried boxes	.56 : .60	Bleached, ground, bbls ID	.55 :	. 56
Refined, reliew bags		Red Saunders	.17 : .19	Bone dry, bbls	.68 :	.70
PAPRIKA, bags	.17 : .33	Rhatany Bost, bags	. 001/	Simaruba Bark, bales	.09 :	.10
Hungarian	.27 : .37	RHUBARB, H. D., cases	.31 : .33	Sideritis Herb, cut bags Ib	.00	.18
Pareira Brava Root, bags Ib	.15 : .16	Powdered, 200 fb bbls	.38 : .40	Skullcap Leaves, bales Ib	:	.38
Paraley Seed, bars		Rosemary Leaves, bales	.041/4: .05	Sloe Berries, bags	.03 :	.04
raratey meet, bags	.0072: .09	· ROBERTALLY LORVES, DELES	.037200	Side Berries, Dugs	.00 ;	.0

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SOAP BARK, whole, 150-200 b	.08 :	.09	No. 2 to No. 6, cases	1.00 : 1. .95 : 1.	00	Almond Bitter USP 5 lb bots lb Bitter ff PA 5 lb bots lb	
Cut. 125-175 D bags D	.0914:	.10	Turkish, cases		90	Artificial (See Benzaldehyde Ch	
Crushed, 200 m bbls	.11%:	.1234	Turmeric Boot, Madras bags Ib		11	Sweet, 56 lb cans	.35 : .40
Powdered, 200 b bbls b	.12 :	.14	Aleppy, bags		15	Peach Kernel, 55m um ID	.24 : .21
Spearmint Leaves, American bales. In	.24 :	.25	Powdered Ib China, bags Ib		16	Apricot, see Peach Kernel	
Spermaceti, blocks cakes cases Ib	.89 :	.41				Amber, crude 25 h tins	.70 : .78
Spikenard Root, bags	.26 :	.28	Turpentine, Venice, true 80 lb cs. lb Artificial, 80 lb cases		18 15	Rectified, 25 lb tinslb Angelica Root, 1 lb botlb	.90 : 1.00 38.00 : 39.00
Spruce Gum, boxes	1.00 :	1.50	Spirits, see Naval Stores		10	Seed, 1 lb bot	36.00 : 38.00
			UNICORN ROOT, false, see Helonias			ANISE, Tech., 66 m case m	.40 : .42
Squaw /ine, bales	:	.17	True, see Aletris			USP, 50 lb tins	.41 : .45
Stavesacre Seed, bags	.42 :	.45	Uva Ursi Leaves, bales	.05%: " .	06	Bay, 25 m tins	2.50 : 2.60
Stone Root, bags	.09 :	.10	VALERIAN ROOT, Belgian bags Ib		09	Bergamot, 25 lb coppers lb	3.00 : 3.15
Storax, liquid artif	.TO :	.75	Vanilla Beans Mex. whole cases. Ib	10.50 : 12.		Artificial, 25 b cans lb Birch Tar, rect. 5 lb bot lb	2.00 : 2.25
Gen. USP	.90 :	1.00	Curs, cases	7.00 : 7.		Crude, 50 m tins	1.10 : 1.18
st. Ignatius Beans, bags Ib	.22 :	.23	Bourbon, cases	7.50 : 8. 6.00 : 6.		Bois de Rose, 25 lb tins lb	3.50 : 3.65
St. John's Bread, bags	.04 :	.06	South American, cases ID Tahiti, yellow label cases ID		20	Cajuput, native, 50 lb tims lb	.80 ; .85
Stramonium Leaves, bales ID	.08 :	.09	Green Label, cases ID			Calamus, 5 lb bot	4.25 : 4.78
Stramonium Seed, bags	.13 :	.18	Violet Flowers, bags		70	Camphor, heavy, 1000 lb drums lb	.131/4: .14
			WAHOO BARK, of root bags ID	1.00 : 1.	65	Japanese, white, 72 lb caseslb	.13%: .10
Strophanthus Seed, HispidusIb Kombe, bagsIb	.35 :	.40	Of Tree, bags		48	White, 1000 lb drumslb Cananga, native 25 lb tinslb	.13 : .15 2.15 : 2.40
			White Pine Bark, rossed, bags Ib	.07 : .0	08	Rectified, 25 lb time lb	2.75 : 3.00
Sunflower Seed, domestic bagsD South American, bagsD	.07 :	.0714	White Poplar Bark, bags Ib		05	Caraway, USP ID	8.25 : 8.50
	.06 :	.0134	Wild Cherry Bark, thin green			Cardamom, USP, 1 1 bot 10	30.00 : 33 00
TAGALDER BARK, bags		.05	Rossed, bales Ib		17	Carvol, 51b bot	17.00 : 18.00
Tamarinds, bbls D	:	.0634	Thick Rossed, bales ID		10	GASSIA, 80-85 p.c. 400 m drms. m	1.65 : 1.75
Kegsper keg	:		Thin Natural, bales Ib Thick Natural, bales Ib		14 08	Redistilled, USP, 50 m cans m Cedar Leaf, 50 m tins m	2.35 : 2.35 1.00 : 1.10
Tansy Herb, bales	.18 :	.20	Willow, bark bags		06	Cedar Wood, light 1000 b drums. b	.30 : .32
Tar, Barbadoes, 50 gal. bblsgal	1.60 :	1.75	White, bags		15	Celery, 1 ID bot D	
			Witch Hazel Bark, bags ID		07	Cinnamon, Ceylon, 1 b bot b	11.00 : 12.50
Thus Gum, 280 lb bbls	:	.05%	Witch Hazel Leaves, bales ID		09	Leaf, 5 lb bot	: 3.00
Thyme, Spanish bales 15	.07 :	.07%	Worm Sced, American bags ID		09	CITRONELLA, Ceylon,	
French, bales	.081/6:	.09	Levant bags		00	Schimmel Test, 1000 lb drums. lb	.75 : .80
Tilia, See Linden			Wormwood Herb, imported bales D Yacca Gum, red		0434	Fure, 1000 lb drums lb	.77 : .82 .95 : 1.00
Tolu Balsam, see Balsams			Ground		0614	50 lb tinslb	.97 : 1.02
Tongo Bark, bags	.80 :	.81	YELLOW DOCK ROOT, bags Ib		14	Java. 400 lb drums lb	1.05 : 1.10
Tonka Beans, Angostura, cases Ib	2.25 :	2.85	Yellow Parilla Root, bags ID	.16 : .	17	50 m tins	1.10 : 1.11
Para, cases	.75 :	.80	Yerba Santa, bags		10	Cloves, USP, 50 lb cans lb	2.30 : 2.40
Surinam, cases	.80 :	.85	Zedoary Root, bags	.08 : .	10	6 ID bot	2.40 : 2.50

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Croton, USP 25 h tins		: 1.10	Pumilio, USP, 25 D tim D	: 3.75	
Cubebs, USP, 5 h bot	14.00	: 5.50	Bulg., 8, 16 & 32 cm. pkgscm Bulg., 8, 16 & 32 cm. pkgscm 8.00	: 9.00	NATURAL DERIVATIVES
Dill. 1 D bot		: 5.00	Artificial, 110 bot 2.00	: 3.00	Anethol, 2 m bot m 1.25 : 1.75
Erigeron, 20 lb tins		: 1.35	Rosemary, USP, 2714 lb tins lb .40	: .43	Borneol, 1 m bot
EUCALYPTUS, Austl. UMP	2100	. 2.00	1000 lb drums	: .87%	CITRAL, 25 D cars
56 m cs m	.75	: .85	Tech., 27 % D tim D .35	: .40	Citronellal, 1 D bot D 2.00 : 2.25
500 lb drums lb		: .75	Rue, 1 m bot	: 4.35	EUCALYPTOL, USP. 25 m cars m .85 : .90
Fernel USP, 25 lb tins lb	1.00	: 1.05	Sandalwood, E.Ind.USP,76 h cases h 6.75	: 6.90	Eugenol, USP, 25 D cans D 3.25 : 3.50
Geranium, Algerian, 25 D tins. D	7.00	: 7.25	W. Indian, (Amyris) 25 h tins. h 3.00	: 3.25	Geraniol, Domestic, 50 lb cams lb 3.25 : 3.50
Bourbon, 25 lb timelb	6.50	: 6.75	Sassafras, USP, 50 lb cans lb 1.70	: 1.80	Imported, 5 lb botlb 4.25 : 5.50
Turkish, 28 m tins	4.50	: 4.75	Artificial, 1000 lb drs, 60 lb caps lb .37	: .88	Extra
Ginger, 1 m bot	5.75	: 6.00	Savin, 51b tins	: 3.00	Ino-Eurenol. 1 lb bot lb 4.50 : 5.00
Gingergrass, 28 m tins m	2.75	: 3.00	Spearmint; USP, 60 lb cases lb 2.40	: 2.50	Imported
Hemlock, 50 m cans	1.10	: 1.20	Spruce, 50 lb tims	: 1.30	Linalcol, 5 h bot b 8.00 : 9.00
Juniper Berries, USP, 25 lb tins lb	1.25	: 1.35	Tansy Amer., 20 lb tins lb 4.25	: 4.35	MENTHOL, 60 th cases th : 12.25
Wood, 50 lb tins	.60	: .70	Tar, 50 gal. bblsgal .25	: .36	Less cases, 5 lb cans lb : 12.75
Lavender, USP, 28 lb tins lb	4.50	: 6.00	Refined, USP 25 lb tins lb	:	Rhodinol, 1 m bot m 15.00 : 20.00
Spike, Spanish, 50 lb canslb	.90	: 1.00	Thyme, red, USP 25 m time m 1.00	: 1.05	SAFROL, 60 D cans D .48 : .50
LEMON, Ital. USP, 25 h ting h	.80	: .95	White, USP 25 lb time lb 1.15	: 1.25	Thymol, USP, 25 lb tim lb 3.25 : 3.50
American, USP, 25 lb timelb	.75	: .80	Tech., 110 lb drums lb .85	: .90	SYNTHETIC AROMATICS
Lemongrass, native, 50 lb cans lb	.80	: .85	Vetivert, Bourbon, 11b bot 1b 9.00	: 9.50	
Limes, express, 25 lb timslb	1.70	: 1.80	Java, 1 b bot b 28.00	: 30.00	Acetaldehyde, 50%sol pure,5 h bet. h 1.75 : 2.00
Distilled, 25 lb tinslb	1.00	: 1.05	Wine, heavy 1 m bot	: 2.75	Acetophenone CP, 1 lb bot lb 4.25 : 4.50
Linaloe, Mex. 80 lb caseslb	3.50	: 3.75	WINTERGREEN		Aldehyde, C-8 (Octyl), 1 h bet. h 45.00 : 60.00
Mace, distilled, 50 h tins h	1.35	: 1.85	Sweet bch., 25 lb tins lb 2.50	: 3.00	Aldehyde, C-9 (Nonyl), 1 b bot. b 70.00 : 75.00
Mirbane, ref., see Ar. Chemicals Mustard, USP, 11b bet		: 14.00	Southern, 25 lb tine lb 1.85	: 2.00	Aldehyde, C-10 (Decyl), 1 h bot. h 50.00 : 58.00
Artif., USP, 110 bot10	4.00	: 4.25	Gaultheria, true 25 h tinsh 7.00	: 8.00	Aldehyde, C-12 (Duodecyl), 1 h
Neroli, Bigarade, 1/4 & 1 10 bot 10		: 60.00	Southern, 25 lb tins lb 4.00	: 4.25	bot
Petale, 1 m bot		:120.00	Synthetic, USP, 50 lb caseslb	7.00	Aldehyde, C-14, 1 bot b 22.50 : 25.00
Artificial, 1 m bot	10.00	: 25.00	Wormseed Balt., USP, 25 lb time. lb 6.50	: 4.00	Aldehyde, C-16, 1 D bot D 70.00 : 80.00
Nutmer, USP, 25 b tins b	1.25	: 1.85	Wormwood dom., 25 b tins b 3.75 Ylang Ylang, Bourbon 10 b tins	. 4.00	Aubepine, see Anisic Aldehyds  Amyl Acetate, pure, 5 gal, canagal 7.00 : 8.06
Orange, bitter, 25 m tims m		: 3.75	No. 1	: 9.00	
Sweet, W. Ind., 25 lb tins lb	2.45	: 2.55	No. 2	: 6.00	Amyl Cinnamate, 1 lb bot lb 1.75 : 2.09
Italian, 25 h cop h	3.10	: 3.35		: 35.00	Amyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb 1.50 : 1.75
American, 25 lb tins lb	2.85	: 2.90	Artificial, 1 m bot m 10.00	: 12.00	Amyl Phenyl Acetate, 1 D bot. D 4.50 : 5.00
Distilled, 25 h tin h	1.75	: 1.80		. 12.00	
Origanum, 50 D cars tech Ib	.30	: .35	OLEORESINS		ANYL SALICYLATE, dom. 100 D
Parsley, 110 bet	3.50	: 4.00			cbys D 1.45 : 1.50
Patchouli, 5 h both	6.50	: 6.75	Aspidium, USP, 1 h bot h 2.75	: 3.00	Imported
Pennyroyal, dom. 25 lb tine lb	1.90	: 2.25	Capsteum, USP, 5 lb bot lb 2.50	: 2.75	Amyl Valerate, 5 D bot D 4.75 : 5.00 Anisis Aldehyde, 1 D bot D 3.75 : 4.50
Imported, 25 lb tinslb	1.80	: 2.00	Ginger, 51b bot	: 3.50	
PEPPERMINT, nat. 60 lb cases lb	3.60	: 8.85	Cubeb, USP, 11b bot	: 4.75	FFC, 40 m cbys
Redist., USP, 60 lb caseslb	3.75	: 4.00	Malefern, See Aspidium	. 19 00	Bensole Ether, See Ethyl Benseate
Petit Grain, S. Am. 25 D time ID	1.75	: 1.85	Orris, 1 lb bot lb 15.00	: 18.00 : 4.00	Bennophenope, 1 D bot D 6.75 : 7.00
French, 1 lb bot	7.00	: 8.00			Bensyl Acetate, 100 lb cbys lb 1.55 : 1.75
Italian, 25 h time	2.25	: 2.35	Vandlla, 1 lb bot lb 12.00	. 12,00	Demyt Acceste, 100 m cojs m 1.00 . 1.10

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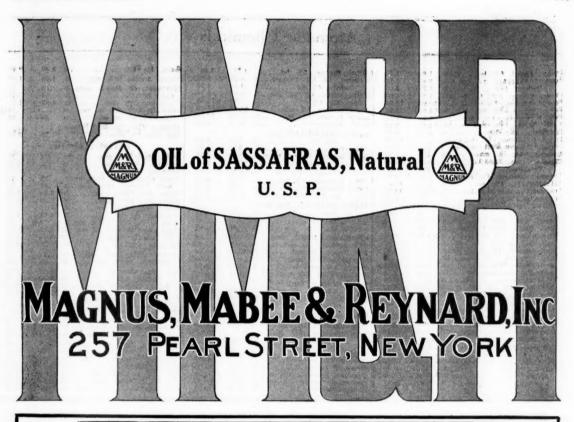
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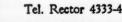




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BENZYL BENZOATE, 5 D bot D		1.75	Iso-Safrol, 1 m bet, imported m	5.25 : 5.50	Terpinyl Acetata, 25 D cans D	1.65	:	1.85
Medicinal FFC			Domestic, 5 lb bot	4.00 : 4.25	TERPINEGL, CP. 1000 D drums, D	.50		.51
Bennyl Butyrate, C.P., 1 h bot h	5.50		Linalyl Acetate, 1 h bot. Dom h	8.00 : 9.50	Cans, 50 m	.54	:	.55
Benzyl Cinnamate, 1 h bot h		10.50	Imp., 110 bot	8.50 : 10.00	Imported, 25 th cars Ib	1.30		1.30
Renzyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb	3.00		Linalyl Benzoate, 1 m bot m	13.00 : 14.00	VANILLIN, USP, 500 on cameon		:	.5434
Bernyl Propionate, 1 lb bot lb		5.25	Linalyl Formate, 5 lb bot lb	10.50 : 12.00	Cams, 16 cs., 80 cs	.65		.56
Bornyl Acetate, 1 m bot m		2.35		4.75 : 5.00		.00	•	.00
Bremstyrol, 25 lb kegs		4.25	METHYL ANTHRANILATE dom.,		Valerianic Ether, See Ethyl Valerate			
Butyl Anthraidlate, 1 lb bot.dom, lb		16.00	1D bot	3.25 : 3.75	Yara Yara, 1 b cans	1.75	:	3.00
· Butyric Ether, See Ethyl Butyrate		20.00	Imported	4.50 : 5.00	PERFUMERS SUNDR	158		
Cinnamie Acid, 5 h cans h	3.00	2.35	Mathyl Bennoate, 5 h bot, import h	2.00 : 2.25				
Cinnamic Alcohol, liquid 1 D bot. D		14.00	Domestic, 5 D bot D	1.75 : 2.00	Almond Meal, 25 D cans D	.25		
Crystallizable		16.00	The state of the s		Ambergris, black, bus			8.00
Cinnamic Aldehyde, 1 D bot D		3.50	Methyl Cinnamate, 1 lb bot lb	3.50 : 3.75	Ambergris, gray, busos			18.00
GITRONELLOL, 1 m bot m		12.00	Methyl Heptenone, 1 lb. bot lb	8.00 : 8.25	Balsam Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cases lb	.28	:	.25
Citronellyl Acetate, 1 h bot h		14.00	Methyl Paracresol, 1 lb bot lb	8.00 : 9.00	South American, 80 m cases D	.27	:	.28
COUMARIN, 25 D cans D		4.00	Mothyl Phenylacetate, 5 P. bot dom. Ib	3.75 : 4.00	Balsam Peru, 120 lb caseslb			3.10
DIETHYL PHTHALATE, 25 ID CRIS ID	.50		METHYL SALICYLATE, USP 500 B		Balsam Tolu, 90 lb cases			2.25
1000 lb drs	.40	.45	drume	: .45	Benzoln Gum, Siam, bus Ib	1.15		1.20
Diphenyloxide, 25 lb tins lb	.85	.90	50 m cases	: .47	Castoreum, 1 lb bot			4.50
Ethyl Acetate, pure, 5 lb bot lb	.45	.50	Second Hands 10	.45 : .46	Chalk, precip. light, 175 h bbls. h	.043		.05
Ethyl Benzoate, 5 lb bot lb	1.85	2.00	Mirbane, rect., 1000 b drums b	.13%: .14	Cherry Laurel Water, 5 gal cans.gal			1.25
Ethyl Butyrate, 5 lb bot lb	1.75	2.00	Musk Ambrette, 11b caps		Civet Abyssin, horns	2.75		3.75
Ethyl Caproste, 1 D bot D	3.25	3.50			Labdanum, 5 m bot	***	:	8.00
Ethyl Cippamate, 1 lb bot lb	3.50	3.75	Musk Ketone, 1 D cans D	4.25 : 4.50	Lanolin hydrous, 350 m bbls m	.21		.23
Ethyl Formate, 5 h bot h	2.00		Musk Xylene, 5 lb canslb Nerolin, 1 lb canslb	1.65 : 2.00	Anhydrous, 350 lb bbls lb	.23	:	.24
Ethyl-methyl Paracresol, 1 lb bot, lb	3.25	3.50	Oenauthic Ether, 1 lb botlb	1.50 : 2.00	Musk pods, Cabardine, tinsos	16.00	: 1	7.00
Ethyl Phenylacetate, 5 lb bot lb	3.75			1.00 . 2.00	Tonguin, time			25.00
Ethyl Propionate, 1 D bot D	2.25	2.50	Phenylacetaldehyde, Dom.,		Grains, Cabardine, tinsos			16.00
Ethyl Valerate, 5 m bot m	4.50		1 lb bot., 50 pe lb		Tonquin, tins			
hthyl Salicylate, 5 m bot m			Imported, 50 pc		Synthetic, See Aromatic Chemicals			
Formic Ether, See Ethyl Formate		0.00	80-85 p.c	16.00 : 18.00	Orris Rt. Flor., powd. bbls Ib	.09	:	
Geranyl Acetate, 1 m bot m	6.50	7.00	Phenylacetic Acid, 1 bot b	3.00 : 3.25	Verona, bbls	.08		.11
Geranyl Butyrate, 1 lb bot lb		13.50	Phenyl Diacetate, loz. botcm				_	
Geranyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb		12.50		0.20 . 0.00	Petrolatum, snow white, 350 lb bbla. lb	.124		.13
flydroxycitronellal, 1 m bot m		18.00	PHENYLETHYLALCOHOL dom.,		Light Amber, 350 lb bblslb	.04 1/4		.05
Heliotropin, dom., 10 h bot h	1.85	2.00	1 lb bot	8.00 : 10.00	Rice Starch, 140 m bm m	09	:	.10
Imported	2.50	2.75	Imported	8.00 : 9.00	Rose Water, 6 2-3 gal cbys gal	1.00	:	1.25
Indol, CP, 1oz. botor		6.50	Phenylethyl Butyrate, 170 bot 10	26.00 : 28.00	Sandalwood chips, powd., bags Ib	.30	:	.35
Ionone, 1 lb bot	5.00	9.00	Phenylethyl Formate, 1 m bot m		Saponin, 5 lb time	1.25	:	1.50
Alpha		12.00	Phenylethyl Propionate, 1 h bot h		Tale Italian, 220 h bgston	42.00	: 1	55.00
Beta		11.00	Phenylethyl Valerate, 1 m bot m		Tale French, 220 h bags ton		: 4	5.00
Methyl		15.00	Phenylpropylalcohol, 1 m bot m		Tale, domestic ref., 100 h bags ton	20.00	: 3	0.00

ANTIPYRINE (Phenazone U. S. P.)

**AMIDOPYRINE** 

(Pyramidon)

DIMETHYL SULPHATE RESORCINOL TECHNICAL

RESORCINOL U.S.P.

Crystal or Powdered

ETHYL CHLORIDE

in cylinders

For refrigeration and technical purposes.

HYDROQUINONE

Technical and photographic

RHODOL (Metol)

RHODIA CHEMICAL CO.

89 Fulton Street New York

Works: New Brunswick, N J.

#### **Essential Oils**

and

Aromatic Chemicals

for

PERFUMES, SOAPS,

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

#### Morana Incorporated

Importers and Manufacturers

GENERAL OFFICES:

118 East 27th St., New York City

CHICAGO: 19 S. LASALLE ST. Works: Elizabeth, N. J.

#### Imports of Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Drugs, etc.

#### Imports at New York Feb. 16 to Feb. 23

ACIDS—Cresylic, 1 bx., De Mattia Chem.
Co., Manchester; Formic, 321 carboys, Order,
Hamburg; Oxalic, 101 bbls., Order, Hamburg; Oxalic, 101 bbls., Order, Hamburg; 66 cks., Roessler & Hasslacher, Hamburg; 66 cks., Roessler & Hasslacher, Hamburg; Tartaric, 190 kgs., 60 bbls., W. Benkert & Co., Rotterdam; 100 cks., Order,
Rotterdam; 100 cks., Order,
Rotterdam; 250 bgs., H. Kastor, Rotterdam;
50 tons, W. Schall & Co., Newcastle
BAY RUM—10 bbls., S. Albam, San Juan
BONE MEAL—560 bgs., E. Suter & Co.,
Antwerp
CALCIUM—Arsenate, 2 drs., Philipp Bauer

ert & Co., Rotterdam; 189 cks., Order, Rotterdam

ALCOHOL—Butyl, 2 drs., Order, London; Denatured, 125 bbls., C. Esteva, Arecibo

AMMONIUM—Carbonate, 10 bbls., 10 cks., Brown Bros. & Co., Liverpool; Murlate, 250 cks., Kuttroff Pickhardt Co., Rotterdam; Nitrate, 207 cks., Order, Hamburg

ANTIMONY—130 cs., Wah Chang Trdg. Corp., Rotterdam; 68 cs., E. Hill Sons & Co., Newcastle; 230 cs., Order, Hamburg; Regulus, 500 cs., C. Gitlan, Changshia; 200 cs., Asia Bkg. Corp., Hankow; 250 cs., Asia Bkg. Corp., Hankow; 250 cs., Nat. Bank of Commerce, Hankow; 10 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co., Hamburg; Sulfide, 25 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co., London

ARGOLS—241 bgs., C. Frizer & Co., Rotterdam

dam ARSENIC-250 drs., C. Tennant Sons & Co., Bristol; 150 cks..., A. Klipstein & Co., Hamburg; 47 cks., Order, Brisbane

Hamburg; 47 cks., Order, Brisbane

BALSAM—10 cs., Hamberger Polhemus & Co.,
La Libertad; 16 cs., Dodge & Olcott Co.,
La Libertad; 15 cs., Ultramares Corp., La
Libertad; 12 cs., Dodge & Olcott Co.,
La Libertad; 16 cs., Ultramares Corp.,
Puerto Colombia; 9 cs., C. E. Griffen &
Co., Puerto Colombia; Copaiba, 47 cs., H.
A. Astlett & Co., Para; 6 drs., Order, Para
BARIUM—Chloride, 150 bbls., Order, Bremen;
Hydrate, 31 bbls., Brown Bros., Hamburg
BARK—Cinchona, 11 cs., A. Stallman & Co.,
Rotterdam

CALCIUM—Arsenate, 2 drs., Philipp Bauer Co., Hamburg; Chloride, 158 bbls., E. Suter & Co., Hamburg; Metalic, 20 cs., Gallagher & Ascher, Havre CAMPHOR—100 cs., C. Pfizer & Co., Vancouver, B. C.

CASEIN—3,336 bgs., Kalbfleisch Corp., Buenos Aimas

couver, B. C.
CASEIN—3,335 bgs., Kalbfleisch Corp., Buenos Aires
CHALK—150 bgs., H. J. Baker & Bro., Bristol; 200 bbls., Bankers Trust Co., Antwerp; 500 bgs., L. A. Salomon & Bros., Antwerp; 300 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Antwerp; 505 bgs., Order. Antwerp
CHEMICALS—306 cks., Hummel Robinson Corp., Rotterdam; 140 drs., J. W. Hampton, Jr. & Co., London
CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—13 cs., Kuttoff Pickhardt & Co., Rotterdam; 16 cs., G. Lueders & Co., Havre; 6 cs., E. Fougera, Havre; 6 cs., Gref; Alavre; 6 cs., Cref; & Co., Contend Sulfate, 2 cs., De Mattia Chem. Co., Havre: Sulfate, 2 cs., De Mattia Chem. Co., Have
COLORS—5 cs., J. A. McNulty, Liverpool; 20 cks., Manhattan Co., Rotterdam; 14 cks., Kuttroff Pickhardt & Co., Rotterdam; 13 cks., Kuttroff Pickhardt & Co., Rotterdam; 13 cks., Kuttroff Pickhardt & Co., Rotterdam; 3 cs., Clour Service Co., Rotterdam; 46 cks., H. A. Metz & Co., Rotterdam; 46 cks., Ciba Co., Havre; 2 cs., B. F. Drakenfeld & Co., Havre; 2 cs., R. F. Downing & Co., London; 20 cks., Meteor Prod. Co., Havre; 40 cs., R. F. Downing & Co., London; 20 cks., Meteor Prod. Co., Havre; 20 cs., Meteor Prod. C

burg; 50 cks., Heller & Merz, Bremen; 46 cks., Reichard Coulston, Hamburg; Bronze, 34 cs., Bair Bros., Bremen; 9 cs., Bank of Manhattan Co., Bremen; 14 cs., B. F. Drakenfeld, Bremen; 20 cs., Gerstendorfer Bros., Bremen; Coal Tar, 33 cks., H. A. Metz & Co., Rotterdam CLAY-317 bgs., Bankers Trust Co., Bristol; 417 bgs., J. W. Hampton, Jr. & Co., Bristol; 16 cks., Order, Antwerp; China, 30 cks., C. C. English Co., Bristol; COPPER—Sulfate, 200 bbls., C. Hardy, Inc., Hamburg.

Hamburg COPRA-4 bgs., M. A. De Leon & Co.,

Panama CUTTLEFISH BONES-97 straps, Order,

Genoa

DIVI DIVI-3,376 bgs., Selma Merc Corp.,
Curacao: 620 bgs., Eggers & Heinlein, Pampatar; 290 bgs., Scholtz & Co., Pampatar
DRUGS-4 cs., G. J. W. Wallau, Havre;
20 bls., C. H. Reisig, Havre; 20 bls., J.
Powell & Co., Havre
EARTH-Red, 320 bgs., G. Z. Collins &
Co., Bristol; 74 cks., Order, Bristol; Yellow,
29 cks., Order, Bristol
EPSOM SALTS-500 bgs., E. Suter & Co.,
Bremen

EPSOM SALTS-500 bgs., E. Suter & Co., Bremen.

EXTRACTS-Archil Liquor, 5 cks., Order, Liverpool; Quebrache, 9,442 bgs., Tannin Corp., Buenos Aires; 7,684 bgs., Interntl. Products Corp., Buenos Aires; 3,064 bgs., Nat. Bk. of Commerce, Buenos Aires; 2,030 bgs., Order, Buenos Aires; 7,535 bgs., Internat. Products Co., Buenos Aires; Products Co., Buenos Aires FLOWERS-Chamomile, 28 cs., J. D. Nordlinger Co., Hamburg GALLNUTS-20 cs., D. L. Moss & Co., London

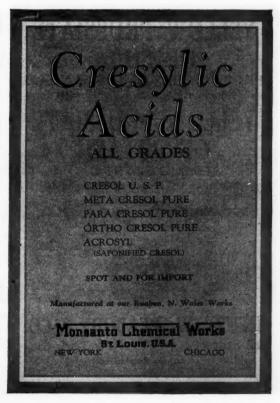
## **GERANIOL**

Di Ethyl Phthalate Phenyl Acetic Acid Cinnamic Acid Geraniol Nutonka True Fruit Flavors Terpeneless Essential Oils

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1501-13 W. 6th St. Cincinnati, O.

242 Pearl St. New York



GELATIN-10 cs., J. P. Smith & Co., London; 21 bbls., H. A. Sinclair, Rotterdam; 20 cs., Amer. Exp. Co., Rotterdam GLAUBER SALT-1 bg., H. O. Wagner, Hamburg; 125 bbls., E. M. Sergeant & Co., Hamburg; 141 bgs., Roessler & Hasslacher, Hamburg; 758 cks., E. Suter & Co.,

Co., Hamburg; 114 bgs., Roessler & Hasslacher, Hamburg; 738 cks., E. Suter & Co., Hamburg; 738 cks., E. Suter & Co., Hamburg; 738 cks., E. Suter & Co., Hamburg; 6UUE—30 bgs., Amer. Exp. Co., Liverpool; 122 bls., 1 cse., 28 bbls., 1 pge., M. Miller, Antwerp; 190 bgs., G. H. Hemmel, London; 190 bgs., Amer. Exp. Co., London; 100 pks., W. E. Miller, Havre; 20 bbls., Jefferson Imptg. Co., Hamburg; 268 bgs., Baring Bros., Hamburg; 200 pgs., Order, Hamburg; 70 pgs., Brising Bros., Hamburg; 200 pgs., Order, Hamburg; 80 bgs., Order, Liverpool GUMS—74 cs., P. Kazanjian, Bombay; 156 cs., Order, Bombay; 145 bgs., Order, Port Sudan; Arabic, 70 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Bombay; 1144 bgs., Graranty Trust Co., Bombay; 120 bgs., Order, Bombay; Copal, 306 bgs., Chem. Nat. Bk., Antwerp; 812 bgs., Order, Antwerp; 64 bgs., Order, Singapore; Elemi, 41 cs., F. E. Zuellig, Manila; Ghatty, 150 cs., Order, Bombay; 14 bgs., Guaranty Trust Co., Bombay; 14 bgs., Guaranty Trust Co., Hombay; 151 cs., Guaranty Trust Co., Auckland; 294 bgs., Guaranty Trust Co., Auckland; 294 bgs., Guaranty Trust Co., Auckland; 294 bgs., Guaranty Trust Co., Auckland; 4 cs., Womham Bates & Goode, Auckland; Olibanum, 18 cs., Amer. Orient Tdg. Co., Aden; Tragacanth, 32 cs., N. Y. Produce Co., Bombay; 238 bgs., Order, Bombay; Yacca, 669 bgs., Order, Rombay; Yacca, 67 der., London; Ratter Borner, Bombay; Yacca, 67 der. 283 bgs., Order, Bombay; Yacca, 689 bgs., Order, Adelaide HARTSHORN SALT-137 cks., Order, Ham-

burg

HERBS-8 bls., Peek & Velsor, Bremen;

Medical, 3 cs., Order, Bombay

HYDROSULFITE-25 cks., H. A. Metz &

IRON-Chloride, 40 bbls., Irving Bank, Hamburg; Oxide, 36 cks.. J. A. McNulty, Liverpool; Sulfite, 32 bbls., Farmers Loan & Trust Co., Hamburg at Leaves.—Clocynth, 27 bls., Order, Port Sudan; Euphorbia, 40 bls., Order, Bombay

LITHOPONE-200 cks., A. Klipstein & Co.,

LITHOPONE—200 cks., A. Klipstein & Co., Antwerp

MAGNESIA—Calcined, 47 cs., Order, Newcastle; Carbonate, 72 cs., 112 bgs., Order, Newcastle

MAGNESITE—188 bgs., 66 bbls., A. Kramer

& Co., Rotterdam; 3,600 bgs., Order, Madras
MYROBALANS—3,139 bgs., Nat. City Bank,
Bombay; 2,989 bgs., Order, Bombay; 1,000
pkts., Order, Calcutts

NAPHTHALENE—430 bgs., Order, Renistol;
473 bgs., 48 cks., Order, Hamburg

NUX VOMICA—960 bgs., Order, Sc. Johns, N.
F; 200 bbls., J. D. Irwin, Aberdeen; 200
bbls., Order, Aberdeen; 200 bbls., Order, Aberdeen; 200 bbls., Order, Bombay; 1,000
pkts., Order, Cochin
OH.S—Coconut, 500 tons, quantity, Order,
Manila; Cod, 25 cks., Order, St. Johns, N.
F; 200 bbls., J. D. Irwin, Aberdeen; 200
bbls., Order, Aberdeen; 100 bbls., Order, Sc., Fill, Pgs., Mead
Johnson & Co., St. Johns, N. F; 10 pgs., Mead
Johnson & Co., St. Johns, N. F; 10 pgs., Mead
Johnson & Co., St. Johns, N. F; 10 pgs., Mead
Johnson & Co., St., Schole, I. J. Baker &
Brow., Bergen; 10 bbls., H. J. Baker &
Brow., Bergen; 10 bbls., H. J. Baker &
Brow., Bergen; 100 bbls., Kachurin Drug Co., Bergen; 25 bbls., A. C. Vanderpool Co., Bergen; 25 bbls., A. C. Vanderpool Co., Bergen; 26 bbls., A. C. Vanderpool Co., Bergen; 27 bbls., Asia Drug Co., Bengen; 30 bbls., Chase Nat. Bank,
Seville; 1950 cs., 400 bbls., Bankers Trust
Co., Barcelona; 30 bbls., Chase Nat. Bank,
Seville; 1950 cs., 400 bbls., Briones & Co.,
Seville; 30 bbls., Rome Imptg. Co., Seville; 30 bbls., N. S. Manahos, Seville; 30 bbls., AGash, Seville; 30 bbls., Frame Seville; 30 bbls., Frame Seville; 30 bbls., Frame Seville; 30 bbls., Manahost Seville; 30 bbls., Manhattan Bank, Seville; 50 bbls., AGash, Seville; 30 bbls., Frame Seville

Williamson & Co., Hull; 200 bbls., J. C. Francesconi & Co., Hull; 270 bbls., Order, Hull; Seal, 6 bbls., Order, Christiania; 1 bbl., Bowring & Co., St. Johns; Sesame, 200 bbls., Order, Entistiania; 1 bbl., Bowring & Co., St. Johns; Sesame, 200 bbls., Order, Bombay; Sulfur, 20 cs., Phila. Nat. Bank, Alicante; Whale, 22,000 bbls., Procter & Gamble, St. Georgia; Wodd, 100 drs., J. B. Boody & Co., Hongkong; 156 bbls., Order, Tientsin; 297 cks., Irving Bank, Hankow; 734 cks., Order, Hankow Oll.S. ESSENTIAL—9 cs., Polaks Frutal Wiss., Rotterdam; 43 cs., J. H. Faunce, Inc., London; 4 cs., Ungerer & Co., London; Anise, 4 drs., Equit. Trust Co., Hongkong; 5 drs., Ungerer & Co., London; Anise, 4 drs., Equit. Trust Co., Hongkong; 6 drs., J. B. Horner, Hongkong; 5 drs., Ungerer & Co., Co., Arroyo; Cassia, 5 drs., Equit. Eastern Bkg. Corp., Hongkong; 5 drs., Ungerer & Co., Hongkong; Citronella, 2 drs., H. C. Ryland, London; 2 drs., A. Rosenthal & Sons, Corinto; 6 drs., Guaranty Trust Co., London; Eucalyptus, 200 cs., Order, Melbourne; 60 cs., 9 drs., J. P. McCoy & Co., Melbourne; Fusel, 18 cks., W. Van Doorn Co., Rotterdam; 7 cks., Order, Rotterdam; 4 cks., A. Klipstein & Co., Hamburg; 16 bbls., Order, Hamburg; Lemoagrass, 21 drs., Order, Cohin; Lime, 6 cs., Colonial Bank, Kingston PYRIDINE—1 drum, C. Page, Hamburg; 2 drs., North Amer. Service Co., Hamburg; Cars., North Amer. Service Co., Hamburg; Muriate, 6,000 bys., Potash Impty. Corp., Bremen; Prussiate, 14 cks., C. F. Smillie & Co., Rotterdam; 2 cs., Inter. Merc. Marine Co., Rotterdam; 2 cs., Inter. Merc. Marine Co., Rotterdam; 2 chs., Order, Colombo POTASSIUM SALTS—402 bbls., Coldschmidt Corp., Hamburg; Alum, 500 bbls., Order, Hamburg; Muriate, 6,000 bys., Potash Impty. Corp., Bremen; Prussiate, 14 cks., C. F. Smillie & Co., Rotterdam; 2 cs., Inter. Merc. Marine Co., Rotterdam; 2 cs., R. W. Greeff & Co.,

PHOSPHATE—Super, 500 bgs., E. Suter & Co., Antwerp QUININE—30 es., Intern. Merc. Marine Co., Rotterdam; 25 cs., R. W. Greeff & Co., Rotterdam ROOTS—12 sks., Innis Speiden & Co., Hamburg; Ipecac, 17 bgs., Ultramares Corp., Cartagena; 2 bgs., R. Del Castillo & Co., Cartagena

### YELLOW PRUSSIATE OF SODA

PRIME CRYSTALS-HIGH YIELD Minimum 99% Sodium Ferrocyanide

### YELLOW PRUSSIATE OF POTASH

PRIME CRYSTALS Minimum 99% Potassium Ferrocyanide

THE AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY Warners, N. J.

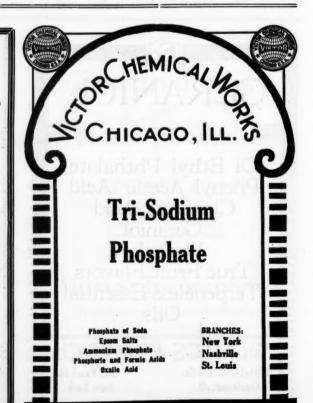


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New York City

VICTOR BLAGDEN & CO., LTD., LONDON



DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS

SAL AMMONIAC—38 cks., Order, Hamburg SEAGRASS—100 bls., Bank of America, Hongkong SENNA—293 bls., Brown Bros., Port Sudan; 246 bls., Nat. Bank Egypt, Port Sudan; 246 bls., Nat. Bank Egypt, Port Sudan; 246 bls., Nat. Bank Egypt, Port Sudan; 25 bls., Order, Port Sudan; 20 bls., Nat. Bank of Egypt, Port Sudan; 20 bls., Nat. Bank of Egypt, Port Sudan; 20 bls., Nat. Bank of Egypt, Port Sudan; 23 bls., Order, Port Sudan SEEDS—36 bgs., S. D. Woodruff & Sons, Rotterdam; 30 bgs., W. Emery, Rotterdam; 5 bgs., Peek & Velsor, Antwerp; Annatto, 11 bgs., D. Steengrafe, Pomce; Paste, 5 cks., Order, Manchester; Caraway, 300 bgs., Vulcan Foreign Commerce Corp., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., C. E. Arthstrong, Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Levy & Lewis Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Vulcan Foreign Commerce Corp., Rotterdam; 200 bls., Scholl Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Vulcan Foreign Cammerce Corp., Rotterdam; Cardamom, 40 cs., Brown Bros. & Co., Bombay; 13 cs., Corn Exch. Bk., Bombay; 27 cs., Bk. of Amer., Bombay; 98 cs., Order, Bombay; Castor, 20,541 bgs., Order, Bombay; Co., Bombay; Pilar, 12,403 bgs., Crder, Rombay; Dogs., Order, Rombay; Bk.-Columbia Trust Co., Bombay; 111, 260 bgs., Guaranty Trust Co., Bombay; 168 bgs., Order, Rombay; Foengreek, 499 bgs., Order, Antwerp; Fescue, 20 sks., Order, Aukland; Mistard, 200 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Bombay; 133 bgs., Irving Bk.-Columbia Trust Co., Bombay; 133 bgs., Irving Bk.-Columbia Trust Co., Bombay; 200 bgs., Order, Antwerp; Fescue, 20 sks., Order, Aukland; Mistard, 200 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Bombay; 133 bgs., Irving Bk.-Columbia Trust Co., Bombay; 200 bgs., Order, Columbia Trust Co., Bombay; 200 bgs., Order, Antwerp; Fescue, 20 sks., Order, Aukland; Mistard, 200 bgs., Brown Bros. & Co., Rotterdam; Stellon & Co., Rotterdam; Stellon & Co., Rotterdam; Stellon & Co., Rotterdam;

Bk., Calcutta; 900 bgs., Order, Calcutta; Refuse, 165 bgs., Bank of Manhattan Co., Calcutta
SODIUM SALTS—Bifluoride, 11 bbls., Brown Bros., Hamburg; Caustic, 160 cks., A. Klipstein & Co., Hamburg; Cyanide, 40 cs., Amer. British Supplies Co., Liverpool; 168 cs., Asia Blg. Corp., Havre: Hyposulfite, 83 cks., Order, Antwerp; Nitrate, 74 cks., Order, Hamburg; Phosphate, 57 bbls., A. Klipstein & Co., Antwerp; Prusslate, 99 cks., Order, Liverpool; 34 bbls., Order, Hamburg; Pyrohosphate, 20 bgs., F. E. Wallach, Havre; Sulfite, 100 drs., F. Downing & Co., Bristol; 20 drs., J. W. Hampton, Jr. & Co., Bristol; 312 drs., C. S. Grant & Co., Hamburg SPICES—Cinnamon, 100 bls., Order, Colombo; Cloves, 725 bls., Order, London; 390 bls., Order, London; 390 bls., Order, London; 600 bgs., Order, Cochin; Chillies, 371 bls., Gilliant & Co., Mombasa; 200 bls., L. Besson, Mombasa; Mace, 27 cs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam; 200 cs., Order, Singapore; Nutmegs, 25 bgs., Colonial Bk., Grenada; 73 bgs., Order, Singapore; Pepper, White, 34 bgs., Order, Singapore; Pimento, 100 cs., Banque Belge, Alicante; 102 cs., F. B. Vandegrift & Co., Alicante SPONGES—46 cs., D. C. Andrews & Co., Havana; 40 bls., Lasker & Bernstein, Havana; 17 bls., J. H. Rhodes & Co., Havana; 102 bls., Lasker & Bernstein, Havana; 6 cs., Wohl Smith Co., Haver TAPIOCA—380 bgs., Order, Singapore; Flour, 371 bgs., Paterson Simon & Co., Penang; 36 bgs., Order, Penang
UNBER—17 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co., Hull
WAX—59 bgs., Bk. of Amer., Alexandria; Bees, 5 bgs., G. Preston, San Juan; 9 bgs.,

UMBER-17 cks., L. H. Butcher & Co., Hull

WAX-99 bgs., Bk. of Amer., Alexandria;
Bees, 5 bgs., G. Freston, San Juan; 9 bgs.,
J. J. Julia & Co., Santo Domingo; 4 bgs.,
Internat. Accept. Bk., Santo Domingo; 5 seroons, Cordillera Comm. Co., Puerto Plata;
4 seroons, Porcella Vicini & Co., Monte Cristi; 2 bls., J. J. Julia & Co., Monte Cristi; 302 bgs., Order, Liverpool; Bees,
12 cks., T. Norton & Co., Santos; 21 bbls.,
D. Steengrafe, Santos; 100 bgs., Order,

Havana; 35 bgs., D. Steengrafe, Matanzas WITHERITE-400 bgs., R. W. Greeff & Co.,

Newcastle WOOL GREEASE—200 bbls., Hummel & Robin-son, Bremen; 100 bbls., Order, Bremen ZINC—Oxide, 65 bbls., Philipp Bros., Ant-

#### IMPORTS AT PHILADELPHIA Feb. 13 to 20.

ACID-Formic, 71 carboys, Nat. Bank of Commerce, Hamburg; 192 demijohns, 182 pks., R. W. Greeff & Co., Rotterdam; Oxalic, 15 casks, Order, Rotterdam

AMMONIUM CHLORIDE—392 casks, Order,

AMMONIUM CHLORIDE—602 casks, Order, Rotterdam
BARIUM CHLORIDE—71 casks, Goldsmidt Corp., Rotterdam
BARYTES—42 bbls., Order, Hamburg
CHALK—500 tons, black, Brown Bros. & Co., London; 4,430 tons, Southwark Mfg. Co., London
CHINA CLAY—2,659 tons, various consignees,

CHINA CLAY—2,659 tons, various consignees, Fowey FLUORSPAR—380 tons, Shimer & Co., Middlesboro; 517 tons, Shimer & Co., Midchester; 507 tons, Order & Co., Manchester; 507 tons, Order, Order, Hamburg GLYCERIN—140 drums, Baldwin Shipping Co., Rotterdam POTASSIUM—Caustic, 169 drums, Order, Rotterdam; Chlorate, 1,000 casks, Irving Bk.—Columbia Trust Co., Hamburg; Chloride 1,000 bags, Potash Importing Copp., Bremen; Sulfate, 500 bags, Potasses d'Alsace, Antwerp

Werp
ROOT-Licorice. 4,572 bls., MacAndrews &
Forbes Co., Tientsin
SAL AMMONIAC—89 bbls., Order, Hamburg
SEEDS—Cardamom, 5 cases, Order, London
WOODFLOUR—500 bbls., Order. Rotterdam

#### IMPORTS AT SAN FRANCISCO Feb. 11 to 16.

ACID-46 casks, Order, Christiania COPRA-195 tons, Kidder, Peabody & Co., Cebu; 540 tons, Kidder, Peabody Acceptance Corp., Legaspi; 654 tons, El Dorado Oil Works, Legaspi; 28 tons, Kidder, Peabody Acceptance Corp.



#### Shade—Strength—Solubility

Are Standard qualities invariably found in

#### KATIGEN DEEP BLACK GGN

A leader among quality dyes

## The Grasselli Chemical Co.

Dyestuff Department

117 HUDSON STREET

**NEW YORK** 

Boston

Providence

Philadelphia · Chicago

Charlotte

New Orleans

San Francisco

London GELATIN-20 cases, Bank of California, Rot-

terdam
BONEMEAL—2,500 bags, H. P. Parker &
Co., Hongkong; 1,365 bags, H. P. Parker
& Co., Calcutta,
GUANO—500 bags, Order, Christiania

GUMS—Copal, 96 bags, Order, London
OILS—Olive, 885 cases, Order, London; 20 cases, A. Guirlani & Bros,; Wood, 56 drums,
Order, Hongkong
KAPOK—240 bales, C. H. Willits & Co.,
Manila
CASSIA—50 cases, Asia Bank Corp., Hongkong; 257 packages, International Banking
Corp., Batavia
CLAY—550 sacks, Balfour, Guthrie & Co.,
Conditional Cases, Order, Rotterdam; 20 cases, Ord

#### IMPORTS AT BALTIMORE

Feb. 13 to 20.

MANGANESE ORE-2,000 tons, United States Steel Products Company, Calcutta Maru, Steel Pr Calcutta

MOLASSES-1,300,000 gals., United States Industrial Alcohol Company, Carrabulle, Cienfuegos

POTASH—Manure Salt, 180 tons, Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; 507 tons, Societe Commercial d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; 367 tons, Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; 1,813 tons, Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; Muriate, 141 tons, 50%, Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; Sylvanite, 220 tons, 14%, Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; Sylvanite, 200 tons, 14%, Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk; Societe Commerciale d'Alsace, Wesserling, Dunkirk;

Quebracho exports from Paraguay during 1923 amounted to about 37,800 tons, approximately the same as the year before, according to British official reports of the tannin industry of Paraguay.

National Association of Purchasing Agents will meet this year at Boston, during the week of May 19. An exposition of products may be held in connection with this year's convention.



Columbia Chemical Division, Pittsburg Plate Glass Co., Barberton, Ohio

## Caustic Soda

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FEMALE BOOKKEEPER, stenographer for chemical jobber, must be experienced on double entry and inventories. Address only, state salary and experience. Box 615, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

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LABORATORY PHARMACIST—Large manufacturer requires services of two bright, well educated, reliable young men with pharmacy training and liking for scientific and analytical work. Positions offer good opportunity or future advancement in a large organization. Box 623, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

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#### Index To Advertisers

Abbott Laboratories	6
American British Chemical Supplies, Inc	6
American Cyanamide Co	U
American Cyanamide Co	۳. 5
The B. & W. Co.         66           Baird & McGuire         66           T. Baker Chemical Co.         66	4
	8
10	
Battelle & Renwick66	
Selgian Trading Co60	0
V. Benkert & Co. 68 David Berg Industrial Alcohol Co. 59	
huffalo Foundry & Machine Co	
V. J. Bush & Co	
able Chemical Works57	7
alco Chemical Co	
ohn Campbell & Co	â
	5
aroide & Carbon Chemical Corp. 66 arois Chemical Co. 66 entral Dyestuff & Chemical Co. 66 hemical Works "Marden" 66 hilean Nitrate Committee 88 hilean Nitrate Committee 66	4
Central Dyestuff & Chemical Co	4
hilean Nitrate Committee	4
hilean Nitrate Committee 68 ntoine Chiris Co. 66	7
hurch & Dwight	5
he Cleveland Cooperage Co	6
Parco Sales Corp	4
Pareo Sales Corp	6
E. Dockendorff & Co	9
he Dow Chemical Co.	9
Dovan Chem. Corp	
Intermediates Department	
Dye Products & Chemical Co	0
Intermediates Department	9
	il k
ritzsche Bros	i
V. F. George Chemicals, Inc	2
reneral Chemical Co	5
Villiam S. Gray & Co	ō
	1
he Heller & Merz Co	7
Larshaw Fuller & Goodwin Co.     64       he Heller & Merz Co.     64       loffmann-LaRoche Chemical Works     65       lydrocarbon Prods Co.     65       ndustrial Chemical Co.     66       nnis Speiden & Co.     66	4
ndustrial Unemical Co.	4
nnis Speiden & Co	0
	0
11:- T1 0. Co	NO.
ayne & Sidebottom, Inc	17
ordan Coal Tar Products Co	_
Klipstein & Co	
has Lennig & Co	
fagnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc	
f aliana Alleri Works	17
In Baker	
lay & Co	3
fichigan Alkali Co	18
he Miner-Edgar Co	5
	0
forana, Incorporated	0
lewnort Chemical Works	1
lew Brunswick Chem. Co	ô
lew fork Quintile & Chemical	
ld Hickory Powder Plant68	en
Danhady & Co.	1
Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co	3
owers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co.	17
I. E. Proifitt	ŏ
(hodia Chemical Co59	18
The Posseler & Hasslacher Chem cal Co	17
Cohm & Haas Co	12
eaboard Chemical Co66	55
M Sergeant Co.	74
terling Borax Co	6
Lugene Suter & Co	3
ieo, Une	7
J. S. Industrial Alcohol Co	0
J. S. Industrial Chemical Co	12
Victor Chemical Works	98
The Warner Chemical Co	57
Veiss & Downs	12
The White Tar Aniline Corp	1/
faltz & Bauer  owers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co.  f. E. Profift  (hodia Chemical Co.  P. Rippenbein  The Rosesler & Hasslacher Chemical Co.  Seaboard Chemical Co.  E. M. Sergeant Co.  Seterling Rorax Co.  Sougene Suter & Co.  So.  J. S. Industrial Alcohol Co.  J. S. Industrial Alcohol Co.  J. S. Industrial Chemical Co.  So.  Weiss & Downs  Officer Weissen  Sougene Suter & Co.  So.  So.  So.  So.  So.  So.  So.	48
Wishnick-Tumpeer Chem. Co	37
Wolff-Alport Chem. Corp. Co	96
Walter A. Zeillicker	

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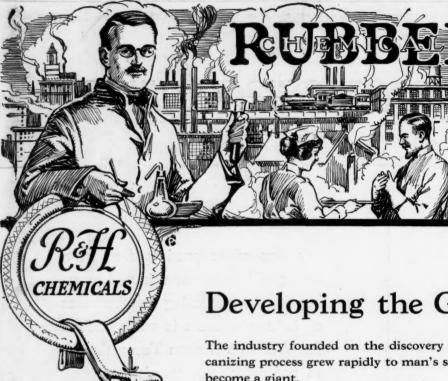
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